**Bombay Gazette,**
ELECTRIC PRINTING WORKS,
No. 2, Green Street, Fort, Bombay.

Newspaper, Book, Job and Fancy Printing of every description executed in the best style. Estimates forwarded on application.

# THE Bombay Gazette.

No. 55,095—New Series. BOMBAY:—TUESDAY, JULY 26. 1910. PRICE: ONE ANNA.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

NESTLÉ'S CONDENSED MILK
RICHEST IN CREAM
UNTOUCHED BY HAND.

## SHIPPING.

### PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

| Date of Sailing, 2-30 P.M. | Steamer. | Tons. | Connecting at Aden with | Tons. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 30th July | CALEDONIA | 7558 | MOLDAVIA | 9500 |
| 6th August | SALSETTE | 6000 | | |
| 13th " | EGYPT | 7912 | MONGOLIA | 9505 |
| 20th " | SALSETTE | 6000 | | |
| 27th " | HIMALAYA | 6898 | | |
| 1st Sept. | SALSETTE | 6000 | MARMORA | 10599 |
| 10th " | OCEANA | 6610 | | |
| 17th " | SALSETTE | 6000 | MOREA | 10890 |
| 24th " | PERSIA | 7951 | | |
| 1st Oct. | SALSETTE | 6000 | MOOLTAN | 9621 |
| 8th " | ARABIA | 7903 | | |
| 15th " | SALSETTE | 6000 | CHINA | 7912 |
| 22nd " | EGYPT | 7912 | | |
| 29th " | MANTUA | 10885 | | |
| 5th Nov. | HIMALAYA | 6898 | | |
| 12th " | SALSETTE | 6000 | MALWA | 10883 |
| 19th " | MARMORA | 10909 | | |
| 26th " | SALSETTE | 6000 | MACEDONIA | 10572 |

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi tranship to a connecting Steamer at Port Said.

**HEAVY BAGGAGE** must be sent to the **CARNAC BUNDER** on **FRIDAY AFTERNOON**, the day previous to sailing and **CABIN BAGGAGE** before 9 a.m., on **SATURDAY**. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with port of destination.

**Tenders** leave the **CARNAC BUNDER** on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place at 1 P. M. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on board the Mail Steamer unless so examined and conveyed thence in the Company's Tenders. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

**TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA AND NEWZEALAND.**

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly, usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

**HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON, 1911.**

| Date of Sailing. | Steamer. | Tons. | Connecting at Aden with | Tons. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 18th Feb. | SALSETTE | 6000 | MANTUA | 10885 |
| 25th " | ARABIA | 7903 | | |
| 4th March | MALWA | 10883 | | |
| 11th " | EGYPT | 7912 | | |
| 18th " | SALSETTE | 6000 | MACEDONIA | 10572 |
| 22nd " | * ARCADIA | 7000 | | |
| 25th " | PERSIA | 7951 | | |
| 1st April | MARMORA | 10599 | | |
| 8th " | CALEDONIA | 7558 | | |
| 13th " | SALSETTE | 6000 | MOLDAVIA | 9500 |
| 22nd " | MANTUA | 10885 | | |
| 29th " | SALSETTE | 6000 | MONGOLIA | 9505 |
| 6th May | ARABIA | 7903 | | |
| 13th " | SALSETTE | 6000 | MOREA | 10890 |
| 20th " | EGYPT | 7912 | | |

*INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMER,†

At Special Rates.

The S. S. "ARCADIA," 7,000 tons, will leave BOMBAY at 2 p.m. on WEDNESDAY, 22nd MARCH, 1911 direct for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON, conveying Passengers in ONE CLASS only at SPECIAL FARES.

| | Single. | Return. |
|---|---|---|
| To Marseilles | Rs. 495 or Rs. 594 | Rs. 743 or Rs. 891 |
| To London by Sea | Rs. 528 or Rs. 627 | Rs. 792 or Rs. 940 |

These rates include the Surtax.

For Accommodation and further information apply to

A. H. FROOM,
Acting Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. CO.

### THE ELLERMAN LINES OF STEAMERS.
(CITY AND HALL LINES).

**Approximate Sailings from Bombay and Karachi, for Marseilles, Liverpool, etc.**

| Steamers. | Tons. | Leave Bombay, 1910. | Leave Karachi, 1910. |
|---|---|---|---|
| C. City of Calcutta | 11000 | ... | July 30 |
| C. City of Manchester | 8300 | ... | August 13 |
| B. City of Lucknow | 6000 | ... | " 21 |
| A. Trafford Hall | 8000 | ... | " 25 |
| C. City of Karachi | 8400 | ... | Sept. 8 |
| B. Locksley Hall | 7500 | ... | " 13 |
| B. City of Naples | 9000 | ... | " 23 |
| C. City of York | 11000 | ... | Oct. 4 |

A. 1st Class Passenger Steamers fitted throughout with Electric Light and Fans, and carrying both Surgeon and Stewardess.

B. Cargo Boats carrying neither Surgeon nor Stewardess having accommodation for 2—12 passengers.

C. Steamers which have both First and Second Class accommodation.

No extra charge for Express Service or two Berthed Cabins.

Electric Fans free.

Concession granted to families of Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, etc.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of Steamer provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

**OUTWARD AUTUMN SAILINGS, 1910.**

In conjunction with the Homeward 1910 sailings for those desirous of returning in 6, 8, and 9 months, etc.

| Steamers. | Tons. | Leave Liverpool. | Due Bombay. |
|---|---|---|---|
| *B. City of Lucknow | 5900 | July 30 | Aug. 26 |
| *C. City of York | 11000 | Aug. 22 | Sept. 13 |
| ‡C. City of Glasgow | 9500 | Sept. 17 | Octr. 10 |
| *C. City of Calcutta | 11000 | " 22 | " 15 |
| ‡C. City of London | 11000 | Octr. 17 | Nov. 6 |
| *A. Trafford Hall | 8000 | " 26 | " 19 |

* Calling at Naples. ‡ Calling at Marseilles.

**JOINT SERVICE.**
In connection with
NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD, BREMEN
TO
MARSEILLES, NAPLES, GENOA, ANTWERP, HAMBURG & BREMEN.

Through rates of passage money may be obtained for passages and full particulars apply to—

Bombay:—Messrs. Ed. Bates & Sons Agency.
Messrs. KILLICK NIXON & Co., Agents.
Karachi—Messrs. Forbes, Forbes Campbell & Co., Ltd.

**CLARKE'S B. 41. PILLS.**

A warranted cure for all acquired or constitutional Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex. These famous Pills also cure Gravel, Pains in the Back and all Kidney Disorders. Free from mercury. Forty years' success. Sold by all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world.

## SHIPPING.

### BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, Ld.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

**FOR KARACHI, (Direct.)**

T. S. "LHASA," 2,171 tons, on Friday, 29th July, at 6 a. m. or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.

**FOR KARACHI AND BUSSEH (Weekly).**

S. S. "KASARA," 1,195 tons, on Thursday, 28th July calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire, Mahomera, also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Baghdad.

**FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF (Weekly).**

S. S. "NUDDEA," 3,000 tons, on Monday, 1st Aug calling at Karachi, Pasni, Muscat, Jask, Gundar Abbas Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Mahomerah and Basrah.

**FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.**
(Fortnightly.)

A STEAMER sailing on or about the 30th July,

**FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).**

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand.

Apply to
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents, BOMBAY.
25th July, 1910.

### GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,

BANKERS, ARMY, & PASSENGER AGENTS,
BOMBAY.

**PASSAGE & SHIPPING.**

| | |
|---|---|
| PASSAGES | Booked without charge. |
| BERTHS | Carefully Selected. |
| STEAMER PLANS | Sent for Inspection. |
| HANDBOOK | Giving details of Fares, Sailings, &c., gratis. |
| BAGGAGE | Shipped and Insured. |
| PASSENGERS | Met on arrival. |
| CALCUTTA: | GRINDLAY & Co. |
| LONDON: | GRINDLAY & Co. |

### AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT

**ACCELERATED LINE TO TRIESTE.**

| Steamers. | Tons. | Captain. | To sail on. |
|---|---|---|---|
| TRIESTE | 5095 | B. Nitsche | 1st August |
| KOERNER | 5423 | A. Forest | 1st Sept. |
| AFRICA | 4719 | E. Seberich | 1st October |
| KOERNER | 5423 | A. Forest | 1st November |
| BOHEMIA | 4381 | G. Gilhuber | 15th " |
| AFRICA | 4719 | H. Seberich | 1st December |
| BREGENZ | 3894 | A. de Petris | 16th " |

**ORDINARY LINE via KARACHI.**

| Steamers. | Tons. | Captain. | To sail about. |
|---|---|---|---|
| F. FERDINAND | 6046 | B. Cabol | 28th July |
| CHINA | 6017 | G. Bergullas | 29th December |

**SPECIAL REDUCED FARES.**
**ACCELERATED LINE.**

Saloon Class to Trieste or Venice..... Rs. 450 & 500 *
Saloon Class to Trieste or Venice and back ..... " 675 to 750*
Saloon Class to London ..... " 545 " 685*
Saloon Class to London and back ..... " 865 " 1020*
Intermediate Class to Trieste or Venice ..... 350
Intermediate Class to Trieste or Venice and back ..... " 525
Intermediate Class to London ..... " 445
Intermediate Class to London and back ..... " 715

* Fares according to position of cabin and class of Railway.

**ORDINARY LINE.**

Single Class to Trieste or Venice ..... Rs. 450
Single Class to Trieste or Venice and back ..... " 675
Single Class to London ..... " 545 to 585 *
Single Class to London and back ..... " 865 to 945 *

* Fares according to class of Railway.

RETURN TICKETS available for TWO YEARS

ELECTRIC FANS AND LIGHTS are fitted in all the cabins free of charge.

**THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.**

Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothards, Tauern and other Routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS are issued to return either by Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles, or Navigazione Generale Italiana from Genoa or Naples to Bombay, or by North German Lloyd from Genoa to Colombo, or vice versa.

**STEAMER TO JAPAN via COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA AND KOBE.**

| Steamer | Captain | Tons | To sail about |
|---|---|---|---|
| Austria | G. Raicich | 7588 | 24th Aug. 1910 |

For further information regarding passages apply to

W. DENSO,
Agent, Austrian Lloyd's S. N. Co., Bombay

### BOMBAY AMERICAN LINE.

**DIRECT SAILINGS MONTHLY.**

**TAKING CARGO for NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, or BALTIMORE.**

For further particulars regarding freight, etc., apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
TURNER, MORRISON & Co.,
Agents.

### NOTICE.

THE FILE of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" may be seen at the Office of the MANAGER of "The Empire Ld.," at No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the File of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of "The Bombay Gazette Ld."

## SHIPPING

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES,

### FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

**TO MARSEILLES.**

| Vessels. | Tons. | Captains. | To Sail on THURSDAY |
|---|---|---|---|
| DUMBEA | 5,685 | Rebufat | 4th Augt 1910, |
| SYDNEY | 4,119 | Costa | 1st Sept. " |
| SALAZIE | 4,147 | Riquier | 29th Sept. " |
| NERA | 5,539 | Martin | 27th Oct. " |
| CALEDONIEN | 4,130 | Lafont | 24th Nov. " |
| ARMAND BEHIC | 6,388 | X | 22nd Dec. " |
| AUSTRALIEN | 6,365 | X | 19th Jan. 1911. |

**INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.**

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigations General Italiana's at Reduced Fares.

**TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT**
AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

| Vessels. | Tons. | Captains: | To Sail on or about |
|---|---|---|---|
| NERA | 5,538 | Martin | 12th Aug 1910. |
| CALEDONIEN | 4,130 | Lafont | 9th Sept " |

For further particulars apply to—

G. CHANDIZE,
Albert Building, Hornby Road. Agent.

DEUTSCHE OST AFRIKA LINIE.
(GERMAN EAST AFRIKA LINE)

Regular Fortnightly service from BOMBAY to DURBAN via ZANZIBAR.

THE following steamers will SAIL:—

| Steamer. | Tons. | Capt. | To Sail about 1910. |
|---|---|---|---|
| a Kangler | 3,000 | Ulrich | 2nd Aug. |
| b Markgraf | 3,680 | Timm | 20th " |
| a Somali | 2,700 | Greiwe | 30th " |

Taking passengers and cargo for LAMOO, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, GERMAN and PORTUGUESE COAST PORTS and DURBAN.

a Will carry also cargo and passengers for Cape Ports.
b Will call at Seychelles.

For Rates and Particulars apply to—

A. STRANDES & Co.,
Agents.
24, Medow Street, Bombay, 13th July, 1910.

## BANKS.

### COX & CO.,
BANKERS AND AGENTS.
BOMBAY, RAWAL PINDI, KARACHI, MURREE, AND SRINAGAR (KASHMIR).

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to be obtained upon application.
LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Current Rate of Exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.
TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made and ADDRESSES Registered in London free of charge.
INSURANCES of every description effected.
SHIPPING, PASSAGE AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT of CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOK supplied on application.
A copy of the half yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE:
16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, W. S.

### THE BANK OF INDIA, LD.

Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VI. of 1882.

HEAD OFFICE:
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED ...Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL CALLED UP ... " 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND..... " 1,75,000

**DIRECTORS:**

The Hon'ble SIR SASSOON DAVID Kt., Chairman (Messrs. Sassoon J. David and Co., Bombay.)
SIR COWASJEE JEHANGIR, Bart., (Messrs. J. Cowasjee Jehangir and Co.)
THE HON'BLE MR. H. B. GREAVES, (of Messrs. Greaves, Cotton & Co.)
RATANJI DADABHOY TATA, Esq. (of Messrs Tata Sons & Co.)
GORDHANDAS KHATTAU, Esq. (Messrs. Khattau Makanjee and Co., Bombay).
The Hon'ble Mr. LALUBHAI SAMALDAS (Bhownuggur.)
KHETSEY KHAISEY, Esq., (Messrs. Heerjee Khetsey and Co., Bombay.)
RAMNARAIN HURNUNDRAI, Esq., (of the firm of Hurnundrai Ramnarain, Bombay.)
The Hon'ble Mr. IBRAHIM RAHIMTOOLA, C. I. E.
R. BARLOW, Esq. (of Messrs. Symons Barlow & Lang.)

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

INTEREST is allowed on Daily Balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Amounts for 12 months are received at 4½ per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, & CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its Constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.

J. A. STEWART,
Acting Manager.

DEWJEE CANJEE & Co., Beds, Library Presses, Sofas Chairs of latest Designs, made and supplied.—Chuckla, No. 6.

**10 H. P. NOISELESS**

# NAPIER

Chasis Price £ 233 with tyres or Rupees 3,495.

"I think this fairly constitutes a record."

LAUNCESTON,
23RD MAY, 1910.

MESSRS. S. F. EDGE, Ltd.,
14, New Buclington Street, W.

GENTLEMEN,—I arrived in Launceston with my 10 H.P. Napier all safe, my average being 22 miles an hour. I had never previously driven a car of any kind, nor had I ever taken any lessons previous to starting. I THINK THIS FAIRLY CONSTITUTES A RECORD, and goes to show how easy your cars are to manage, and when they leave your works, HOW PERFECT IN ADJUSTMENT THEY MUST BE. London to Launceston is over 200 miles, with only 2 Stops at Salisbury and Hointon to take in petrol.

Yours faithfully,
(Signed) S. P. WENMOTH.

**THREE YEARS' GUARANTEE.**

Models from 10 H. P. to 90 H. P. Prices from £ 233 to £ 1712 with tyres.

We charge London Prices, plus importing charges to India.

SOLE AGENTS:
**MARCKS & CO., LTD.,**
BOMBAY & POONA.

# B. O. C.

KEROSINE OILS. | PETROL.
LUBRICATING OILS. | CREASES.
GAS OILS. | CANDLES.
FUEL OIL. | WAX.

Apply for samples and quotations to:—
**SHAW, WALLACE & CO., BOMBAY.**
*Agents,* BURMAH OIL CO., LIMITED.

## BANKS.

### THE BOMBAY MERCHANTS BANK, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE:
MOTILAL MANSIONS, Apollo St., BOMBAY
BRANCHES:
Mumbadevi, Ahmedabad, Karachee, Calcutta and Rangoon.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL
Rs. 1,00,00,000

**CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.**

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily balances from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 3 per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 5 per half year will be allowed.

SAVINGS BANK. Interest allowed 4 per cent. Rules on application.

**FIXED DEPOSITS.**

Amount for 12 months a.s received at 5 per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

**LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.**

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents, the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.

JAINARAYAN HINDUMAL DANI,
Managing Director.

### HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

| | |
|---|---|
| Paid up Capital | $ 15,000,000 |
| Reserve Liability of Proprietors | $ 15,000,000 |
| Silver Reserve Fund | $ 15,500,000 |
| Gold Reserve Fund | $ 1,500,000 |

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| AMOY | JOHORE (Malay Peninsula.) | PENANG |
| BANGKOK | KOBE | RANGOON |
| BATAVIA | KUALA LUMPUR (Federated Malay States.) | SAIGON |
| BOMBAY | LONDON | SAN FRANCISCO |
| CALCUTTA | LYONS | SHANGHAI |
| CANTON | MALACCA. | SINGAPORE |
| COLOMBO | MANILA | SOURABAYA |
| FOOCHOW | NAGASAKI | TIENTSIN |
| HAMBURG | NEW YORK | YOKOHAMA |
| HANKOW | PEKING | YLOILO |
| HONGKONG | | |
| IPOH (Federated Malay States.) | | |

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 100,000 provided the sum accrued amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on term which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every discription of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. H. WILSON,
Agent.
CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY.

## BANKS.

THE CREDIT BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE:
"7, Green Street, Fort, Bombay."
BRANCHES:
Ahmedabad, Bhawnagar, Hyderabad-Sind and Karachi.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL,
Rs. 30,00,000.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily balances from Rs. 100 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum, and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 2 per half year will be allowed.

SAVINGS BANK.

Interest allowed at 4 per cent. per annum, rules on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed Deposits for 12 months and shorter periods to be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interests thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges particulars of which may be had on application.

JAFFER JOOSAB,
Manager.

### NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

| | |
|---|---|
| SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL | £ 1,600,000 |
| PAID UP CAPITAL | £ 800,000 |
| RESERVE FUND | £ 800,000 |

HEAD OFFICE:
17, BISHOPSGATE STREET, WITHIN LONDON.

BRANCHES:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Calcutta, | Tuticorin, | Newera-Eliya, |
| Bombay, | Chittagong, | Aden (Camp.) |
| Madras, | Cochin, | Aden, (Steamer Point) |
| Karachi, | Rangoon, | Zanzibar, |
| Lahore | Mandalay, | Mombasa, |
| Amritsar, | Colombo, | Nairobi, |
| Delhi, | Kandy | Entebbe, |
| Cawnpore | | |

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receive same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

Post Box No. 141, BOMBAY. J. BLACK, Ag. Manager.

JOB PRINTING.—Apply at the "Bombay Gazette" Electric Printing Works 2 Green Street Fort,

**Standard Oil Company of New York,**
MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
**BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.**

**Largest Importers of and Dealers in:—**

**Kerosine and Lubricating Oils.**
**Pratt's Motor Spirit.**
**Pratt's Genuine Spirit or Turpentine.**
**Grease.**
**Paraffine Wax, &c., &c.**

**Kerosine Oil Brands:—**

**Snowflake 150° in cases.**
**Chester 125° " "**
**Monkey 125° " "**
**Elephant in tins and bulk.**

**EMPIRE OF INDIA Life Assurance Company, Limited.**

Head Office: BOMBAY.

**Last year's business—Rs. 60,00,000.**

INTENDING ASSURERS ARE INVITED TO COMPARE TH RATES AND CONDITIONS OF THE Empire of India Life Office WITH THOSE OF ANY OTHER COMPANY.

Before entering into a Contract for Life Assurance examine the ANNUAL REPORT AND BALANCE SHEET To satisfy yourself of the position of the Company.

THE PREMIUMS are so moderate that, at the usual ages for assurance, Rs. 1,200 or Rs. 1,250 may be saved from the first for a yearly payment which would generally elsewhere assure Rs. 1,000 only—the difference of Rs. 200 or Rs. 250 being equivalent to an immediate and certain Bonus of 20 or 25 per cent.

*Prospectus, Proposal forms and full particulars may be obtained from*

E. F. ALLUM, *General Manager.*

MACHINES SUPPLIED TO THE INDIAN GOVERNMENT.
CROWN AGENTS FOR THE COLONIES
ETC., ETC.

PLAGUE PREVENTION
DISINFECT WITH SULPHUR DI-OXIDE GAS MACHINES
CLAYTON SYSTEM

TELEGRAMS: "UNCONSUMED, LONDON."
THE CLAYTON DISINFECTING Co.,
22 CRAVEN ST., LONDON, W.C.

**NOW READY PRICE Rs. 3.**

THE Bombay Gazette

**EXCHANGE TABLES.**

(REVISED AND ENLARGED.)

**STERLING INTO RUPEES.**
**RUPEES INTO STERLING.**

**ADVANCING BY 32NDS**
FROM
**1s. 3¾d. to 1s. 4²³/₃₂d.**
ALSO
**Tables of Par Conversion—Commission—Interest—Decimal Values—Due Dates.**

*SECOND EDITION.*

"THE BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE,
2, GREEN STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

1909.

## PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

### NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the Office by 6 p. m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

S. S. "CITY OF MANCHESTER."

ARRIVED on the 25th July, 1910.

CONSIGNEES are requested TO TAKE DELIVERY of their CARGO from the DOCKS. Packages exceeding 30 cwts. in weight will be landed on the quay at the risk and expense of the consignees unless boats are sent alongside to take delivery without delay.

Chafed or broken packages must be surveyed before removal from the Landing Shed, otherwise no claim will be recognised. The undersigned declines to survey Goods removed to the Unclaimed Warehouse.

Captain Metcalfe will attend every morning to survey damaged and broken packages. All claims must be certified by him and sent in within a month of Steamer's arrival, or they will not be paid.

EDWARD BATES & SONS, AGENCY,
(KILLICK, NIXON & CO.),
Agents.

Home Street, Bombay, 25th July, 1910.

NOTICE.

MESSRS. MIRZA, MIRZA & MANGULDAS, as Solicitors, for one Mr. NAROTAMDAS BACHERDAS, have given in the local daily newspapers of the 23rd instant, a NOTICE on behalf of their abovenamed client that he, the said NAROTAMDAS BACHERDAS, had signed several Blank Hundis for accommodation of some Mr. Kalliandas Vithaldas Kapadia, &c. With reference to the said Notice we are instructed on behalf of our client the said Mr. Kalliandas Vithaldas Kapadia, to inform the public that the allegations made in the said Notice against our client are NOT TRUE and made maliciously and with a view to lower our client in the estimation of the public and otherwise to defame him. Correspondence is being carried on with the Attorneys of the said Narotamdas Bacherdas on the subject and the matter is likely to be the subject of litigation. No one should, therefore, pay any attention to the said Notice. The said notice contains an allegation as if our client was quite a stranger to the said Narotamdas Bacherdas, but as a matter of fact besides being relatives he, the said Mr. Narotamdas, is well aware of the contact in which he and our client are at present and especially in a High Court suit at present pending.—Dated this 25th day of July, 1910.

ARDESIR, HORMASJI DINSHAW & CO.,
Attorneys for Mr. Kalliandas
Vithaldas Kapadia.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the firm known as POKERMAL MUSADILAL, SEED & COTTON BROKERS, has been DISSOLVED, from the 13th July, 1910, by the secession of Musadilal Asaram, from the partnership. The public are therefore informed that the said Musadilal Asaram will in no way be responsible for any transactions of the other partners, viz. POKERMAL GHASIRAM and MURLIDHER GHASIRAM, from the above date.

MUSADILAL ASARAM.

Bombay, 25th July.

NOTICE.

TREACHER & CO., LD.

I HEREBY DECLARE that the Poll taken to-day, on the proposition to pay a DIVIDEND of Rs. 30 per Share to all Shareholders on the Register on the 9th June last, resulted in the proposition being carried.

ROBERT BARLOW,
Chairman.

July 25th, 1910.

MUNICIPALITY OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, up to 1 P. M. (Bombay Time), on TUESDAY, the 6th day of September, 1910, for the SUPPLY of STONEWARE PIPES, and fittings.

2. Form of contract, specification, etc., may be obtained free of charge from the Undersigned, who will on application give any further information that may be required.

3. Tenders must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 250 to be paid to the Chief Accountant in cash, or public securities, and to be forfeited in case of withdrawal of Tender, or of refusal to sign the Contract.

4. A further payment to make the total deposit equivalent to 10 per cent. on the Contract amount will have to be made by the Contractor whose Tender may be accepted.

5. The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order of the Municipal Commissioner,
J. LACEY,
Storekeeper, Municipality.

Storekeeper's Office,
Chinchpokli, 25th July, 1910.

POONA RACES 1st MEETING, 1910.

3RD, 7TH, 10TH AND 17TH SEPTEMBER, 1910.

OWNERS are reminded that 1st ENTRY CLOSES on TUESDAY, 26th July, 1910.

CECIL GRAY,
Secretary, W. I. T. C.

Poona, 12th July, 1910.

MUNICIPAL CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF BOMBAY.

APPOINTMENT OF EXECUTIVE ENGINEER.

THE Municipal Corporation of the City of Bombay are prepared to receive applications for the APPOINTMENT of EXECUTIVE ENGINEER for the Municipality, under Section 74 of the City of Bombay Municipal Act.

2. The Municipal Act provides that the Executive Engineer shall devote his whole time and attention to the duties of his office.

3. The appointment, which is subject to confirmation by the Local Government, will be for a renewable term of five years. The incumbent is liable to removal during his term of office for misconduct, or for neglect of or incapacity for, his duties on the votes of not less than two-thirds of the Councillors present at a meeting of the Corporation.

4. He should have knowledge of Municipal Engineering in all its branches including Drainage and Water Works, especially Roads and Buildings, Lighting and Electricity, and possess ability to supervise the various departments employed in the Engineering works of a large City.

5. The minimum monthly salary of the appointment is Rs. 1,200 and the maximum Rs. 2,000. The service is pensionable under the Pension Rules of the Bombay Municipality, information regarding which and regarding leave rules can be obtained on a reference to the undersigned in Bombay or to Mr. G. Midgley Taylor, M. Inst. C. E., F. C. S., of Messrs. John Taylor, Sons and Santo Crimp, Westminster, London.

6. Applicants should state the minimum initial salary (in Rupees) within the limits abovementioned which they are willing to accept.

7. Applications which should be accompanied by copies only of testimonials and certificates of age and physical fitness should be addressed to the Undersigned, and forwarded as follows:—

(a) By applicants in Europe: to the care of Mr. G. Midgley Taylor, M. Inst. C. E., F. C. S., Westminster, London, so as to reach him not later than the 31st July, 1910.

(b) By other applicants: to the Municipal Office in Bombay, so as to reach the Undersigned not later than the 31st July, 1910.

R. P. MASANI,
Municipal Secretary.

Bombay, 4th June, 1910.

GUMMOO JAFFER SULLEMAN & Co.,

GIRGAUM, BOMBAY.

NEW and Second-hand English-built CARRIAGES for SALE.

CARRIAGES and HORSES let on hire.

CROCKERY, CUTLERY, GLASS WARE, for sale and on hire.

FURNITURE of the latest design for sale and on hire.

HOUSES FURNISHED with neat furniture.

## AMUSEMENTS.

EMPIRE THEATRE.

FOR A SHORT SEASON ONLY.

WARWICK MAJOR'S COMEDY CO.

18 London Artists 18

including the popular favourite,

MISS GEORGIE CORLASS.

OPENING NIGHT, SATURDAY NEXT,

THE PRIVATE SECRETARY.

EXCELSIOR

CINEMATOGRAPH.

TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!!

AND

EVERY NIGHT

GRAND ATTRACTIVE

PROGRAMME.

1.—On and off the stage.
2.—THE ESCAPE OF COUNT DE LA VALETTE.
3.—An unlucky picnic.
4.—The bootmaker's revenge.
5.—THE PASSING SHADOW.
6.—Foolshead marries against his will.

TIME & PRICES AS USUAL.

## FOR SALE, WANTED, &C.

WANTED.

AN ASSISTANT, with good address and education, to take entire charge of SHOW ROOM, liberal salary, apply with copies of testimonials and photograph if possible, to GOW, LIMITED, Wine and General Merchants, Bangalore.

## WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &C.

HAIG & HAIG

XXX WHISKY

(Distillers since 1679)

Renowned for its pure quality
and pleasant mellow flavour.
Insist upon having the original brand
To be had of
Messrs. D. C. OOMRIGAR & Co., D.D. BARIA, and other Wine Merchants
or,
ALDRIDGE SALMON & Co., Limited,
BOMBAY.

A SAFE REMEDY

FOR ALL

SKIN AND BLOOD DISEASES.

If you suffer from any disease due to the impure state of the Blood, FROM WHATEVER CAUSE ARISING, or should test the value of Clarke's Blood Mixture, the world-famed Blood Purifier and Restorer. This medicine has a very great reputation, and is to-day more popular than ever, the reason of this being undoubtedly because this wonderful remedy does what it professes to do—IT CURES SKIN AND BLOOD DISEASES PERMANENTLY.

Clarke's Blood Mixture

IS THE FINEST BLOOD PURIFIER EVER DISCOVERED.

It is warranted to cleanse the blood from all impurities, from whatever cause arising, such as

| | |
|---|---|
| SCROFULA, | BAD LEGS, |
| SCURVY | BLOTCHES, |
| ECZEMA | SPOTS, |
| BLOOD POISON, | BLACKHEADS |
| ULCERS, | PIMPLES, |
| SKIN & BLOOD | AND |
| DISEASES, | SORES OF ALL KINDS |

It is a safe and Permanent Remedy.

It is the only real specific for Gout and Rheumatic Pains, for it removes the cause from the Blood and Bones.

NOTE This mixture is pleasant to the taste and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, from infancy to old age, and the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

Thousands of wonderful cures have been effected by it.

TRIED MANY THINGS WITHOUT BENEFIT UNTIL TOOK CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE.

Mr. F. E. Lewis, 48, Bridge Street Row, Chester writes:—"Just a line in favour of 'Clarke's Blood Mixture.' I had eczema for seven months, and tried many things without benefit until I took your remedy. After the eighth bottle I was quite well again. Please accept this letter as a token of gratitude to your wonderful 'Clarke's Blood Mixture.'"—June 13, 1903

IMPRESSIVE IN THE BLOOD.—"We have seen hosts of letters from all sorts and conditions of people, in which the writers acknowledge the benefit they have received from Clarke's Blood Mixture, which as a curative agent cannot be too highly estimated, since it cleanses and clears the blood from all impurities, and restores it to its normal condition." This is a good testimonial from the *Family Doctor*, the popular medical weekly, which goes on further to say: "It is certainly the finest blood purifier that science and skill have brought to light, and we can, with the utmost confidence, recommend it our subscribers and the public generally."

*Sold by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the World.*

ASK FOR:

CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE

KEATING'S

WORM TABLETS

A purely Vegetable Sweetmeat

Sold in Bottles by all Druggists

Keating's Worm Tablets furnish a most agreeable method of administering the only certain remedy for Intestinal or Thread Worms. Perfectly safe, mild, and especially adapted for children. To be obtained of all Druggists. THOMAS KEATING, Chemist, London, Eng.

NOTICE.

THE RETAIL PRICE of "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," in Poona, Kirkee, &c., is 2 annas per copy.

The rates for Subscribers are unaltered, viz., Rs. 37-8 per annum credit, or Rs. 30 in advance, post free.

## SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only Advertisement for Clerks, Servants, &c., Goods for Sale or Wanted are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only). Not exceeding three lines, Re. 1. Each succeeding line, annas 8. Minimum charge Re. 1.

REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid

"CLARESQUE" PLATE POWDER—will make your Silver and Plated Table Ware, look their brightest. Annas 12 per tin. Rs. 8 per doz. Instructions for using on every box. We use it ourselves and have had every opportunity of watching its lasting effect for the good of Silver and Plate. MARCKS & Co., Ld., Jewellers, Bombay and Poona.

ACCESSORIES, SPARES, Etc.—The UNIVERSAL ENGINEERING Co., 14 Hummam Street, Fort, have just received from England a fresh lot of best Motor Accessories, Musical Horns, Spark Tensifiers, etc., and are selling anything and everything for MOTOR CARS, at very LOW PRICES.

MR. N. P. KHARAS writes:—Singer's Sewing Machines are proved satisfactory in all respects. They are so strong that they can hardly go out to order, and as far as the mechanical excellence is concerned they are best in the World.

TURKEY.—"Through Asiatic Turkey," Bombay to the Bosphorous. Two Volumes. By Grattan Geary. Rs. 10. Apply Box No. 4, 9, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

EXCHANGE TABLES.—NEW EDITION, revised and enlarged. Sterling into Rupees and Rupees into Sterling. Advancing by 32nds from 1s. 3¾d. to 1s. 4 3/32d. Also includes Tables of Par Conversion—Commission—Interest—Decimal—Values—Due Dates. Price Re. 3. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

AN INVITATION—Meals which cost Rs. 2 and Rs. 3 elsewhere, can be got at the RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, for nearly half the rate. Give it a trial and judge for yourselves. Only genuine Wines and Liquors stocked and sold at moderate rates. Brand-new Billiard Tables. Very easy terms for permanent residents. Dinners served till late hours.

LAYS OF THE LAW.—A Selection of Box Leading Cases. By W. E. H., Re. 1. Apply No. 404 care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

FOR SALE.—2 Printing Presses, 2 Cutting Machines and Lithographing Machines, all at very low prices, to make room for other machineries. Apply to this Office.

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.—By Grattan Geary. Rs. 5. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

SPECIAL OFFER.—COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Commercial," Rs. 2-4 per one thousand, and name and address be printed on the flap, Rs. 3-12 per thousand. Samples on application at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

ROUNDABOUT BOMBAY. By James Douglas. Rs. 5. Apply Box No. 408, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

OVERLAND "SUMMARY AND WEEKLY BUDGET."—Published Weekly (on Saturdays) in time for the English Mail. A complete rechauffe of Indian News particularly interesting to Anglo-Indians, retired or on leave. Subscription, inclusive of postage, One Sovereign or Rs. 15 per annum. Back numbers, if available 8 annas each up to 12 months old; over 12 months, an additional rupee for every year

REPORTS, Petition, Memorial, Business Announcement, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c. printed with neatness and promptitude at reasonable rates. Special Terms for large contracts. Apply to the Manager, The "Bombay Gazette" Electric Press.

"THE EMPIRE."—The file of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" is available to enquirers at the office of "THE EMPIRE," LIMITED, No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the file of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of the "Bombay Gazette, Limited, 2 Green Street, Fort, behind the Bank of Bombay.

ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Office is located at No. 2 GREEN STREET, behind the Bank of Bombay, where a complete Electric Installation supplies the Motive Power for the working of the Machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The Management is therefore able to offer Constituents expedition and economy in rates. Quotation given for all sorts of Printing Work, Binding, Stationery, etc

OLD ISSUES of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE," when available, are supplied at the following special Prices:—If of a date over one and within 3 months, 3 annas a copy; over three months old and within 12 months, one rupee per copy; over 12 months old, an additional rupee for each year; and whenever a search is necessary, an additional fee of Rs. 2 must be paid in advance.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE NEZ.

DURING the hot steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling of your nose a pair of "REVLUC" PINCE NEZ fitted to your own lense will be found a great boon.
They are self-adjusting.
There is nothing to break.
They are always Horizontal.
They are the acme of comfort and very strong.
No slipping off the Nose.
Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting:—
Nickel, Rs. 3-8. Gold, Rs. 35.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co.,
BUYING AGENTS. PRODUCE AGENTS.

BUYING DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO., having for many years been large Exporters to the East of HARDWARE, METALS, MACHINERY, STORES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE, offer their services to Firms abroad.
CATALOGUES OR QUOTATIONS FURNISHED. CLOSEST PRICES ASSURED.

PRODUCE DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO., undertake the Sale of EASTERN PRODUCE on commission.
GENERAL AGENCY BUSINESS carefully conducted.
Correspondence Invited.
CODES USED—A1, A.B.C., International, Private, &c.
WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co.,
66 FENCHURCH STREET LONDON, E.C.

Home Baking by the "Paisley Flour" method

is so simple that it can be successfully acquired with very little practice. And everything baked with "Paisley Flour" is so light and well raised that it can be eaten new without fear of indigestion. The method is to mix dry one part "Paisley Flour" with six to eight parts ordinary flour. Then proceed as usual, and you are sure of well-raised bakings.

"Paisley Flour" is sold in tins containing many useful recipes, and made by Brown & Polson.

SPECIAL OFFER.

COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Commercial," Rs. 2-4 per thousand and [illegible] printed on flap, Rs. 3-12 per th[illegible] on application at [illegible] Office.

## SALES BY AUCTION.

J. S. MODY AND COMPANY,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS,
10, BANK STREET, FORT.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY, opposite the Eastern Hosiery Works and next to Hope Mills on DeLisle Road, Parel.

HIGH COURT.
O. O. C. J.
Suit No. 651 of 1909.

Ghellabnai Jugjiwandas..... Plaintiff,
Vs.
Nanalal Kuberdas and others..... Defendants.

Under instructions from the Receivers appointed by a Decree made in the above suit, dated 14th February, 1910, Messrs. J. S. MODY & Co., will, on SATURDAY, the 30th day of July, 1910, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.), sell by Public Aution, on the premises, the undermentioned landed property, viz:—

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Foras freehold fazendari land with the messuage, tenement, dwelling-house standing thereon, and admeasuring 732 2/3 square yards or thereabouts, registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's Old No. 725, Collector's New No. 12714, New Survey No. 1/2689, and assessed by the Municipality of Bombay, under Ward G. No. 2254 (1), and Street No. 306, situate at and on the west side of DeLisle Road in the City and Registration Sub-District of Bombay, and bounded on or towards the east by the said DeLisle Road, on or towards the south by the Vacant land of Shavaksha Suttonji Dabash, on or towards the west by the fazendari land belonging to Nanalal Kuberdas, and on or towards the north by the proposed road and which piece of land forms part of the piece of land admeasuring 44461 square yards, demised by the Indenture of lease, dated 5th September, 1908.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to Messrs. Jehangir, Gulabbhai and Bilimoria, Attorneys for the Receivers, at their office No. 8, in Hummum Street, Fort, or to the undersigned.

J. S. MODY & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 26th July, 1910.

## BANKS.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

CAPITAL PAID-UP ..... Yen 24,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS ..... ,, 16,250,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT:—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Antung-Hsien | Liaoyang | Eyojim Port Arthur |
| Changchung | Lyons | Peking |
| Dairen (Dalny) | Pengtien Mukden | San Francisco |
| Hankow | Nagasaki | Shanghai |
| Honolulu | Newchwang | Tiehling |
| Hongkong | New York | Tientsin |
| Kobe | Osaka | Tokyo |
| London | | |

LONDON BANKER:—
The Bank of England; The London Joint Stock Bank Ld.; The Union of London and Smiths Bank, Ld., The Parr's Bank, Ld.

BOMBAY BRANCH:—
LIBERAL INTEREST allowed on CURRENT ACCOUNT.
FIXED DEPOSITS on terms to be learnt on application.
CREDITS granted on approved securities, and every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.
DRAFTS granted on JAPAN and the Chief Commercial places in the World.

K. KODAMA.
Manager.

BOMBAY OFFICE—
Albert Buildings
Hornby Road Fort, Bombay

THE BANK OF BURMA, LD.

Subscribed Capital..... Rs. 20,00,000
Paid up Capital ..... ,, 17,62,500
Reserve Fund ..... ,, 4,00,000

LONDON BANKERS—PARR'S BANK, Ld., and WILLIAM DEACON & Co., Ld.
Agents and Correspondents throughout India,

HEAD OFFICE—RANGOON.

BRANCHES:—CALCUTTA, MADRAS and BOMBAY.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS may be opened with Rs. 150 and upwards and interest at 2½ per cent. per annum will be allowed upon daily balances upto Rs. 10,000, provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 3 Half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received as follows:—For 1 year at 6 per cent. For 6 and 9 months at 5 per cent. per annum. Special rates for Shorter periods.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSIT FUND.—Sums as small as Rs. 10 are received in this account and interest allowed thereon at 5 per cent. per annum subject to the Rules of the Fund which may be obtained on application. Cheques on any Town in India, and Currency Notes of any circle received free of Charge in Fixed and Savings Bank Deposit Accounts.

Purchase and Sale of Stock effected and every description of banking business transacted.

F. D. STRANACK,
Manager.

Standard Buildings, Bombay, 30th June, 1910.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL ..... £1,200,000
RESERVE FUND ..... £1,600,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS ..... £1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE
3, BISHOPSGATE STREET, WITHIN, LONDON, E. C.
AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Hamburg | Ipoh (Perak), F. M. S. | Manilla |
| Bombay | Medan Deli (Sumatra) | Cebu |
| Calcutta | Singapore | Hongkong |
| Madras | Kwala Lumpor (F. M. S.) | Foochow |
| Rangoon | Seremban (F. M. States.) | shanghai |
| Colombo | Bangkok | Tientsin |
| Karachi | Batavia | Hankow |
| Amritsar | Sourabaya | Yokohama |
| Penang | Saigon | Kobe |
| Thaiping (Perak F. M. S. | | New York |

THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches, and also on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world; buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE; issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT; and undertake general Banking Business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.—Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances, if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, and SHARES, bought and sold on account of clients, and also received for safe custody and collection of interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter period at rates to be ascertained on application.

OFFICE HOURS 10-30 A.M. to 4 P.M.
Saturdays—11-30 A.M. to 2 P.M.
POST BOX No. 34,

J. S. BRUCE,
Acting Agent.

Esplanade Road, Bombay.

SELF CURE NO FICTION!
NO SUFFERER NEED NOW DESPAIR.
THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.
THERAPION No. 1
in a remarkably short time, often a few days only, Cures discharges (either sex) superseding injections
THERAPION No. 2
Cures blood poison, bad legs, ulcers, sores, painful swelled joints, &c. when mercurial treatment fails.
THERAPION No. 3
Cures chronic weakness, lost vigor and vital force. Either Number Therapion & all self treatment directions enclosed, of chemists or post free 8/- from The Le Clerc Medicine Co., Haverstock Rd., Hampstead, London, Eng. Try New Dragee (Tasteless) Form of Therapion, easy to take, safe, lasting cure. Trade Marked word "THERAPION" is on British Govt. Stamp affixed to every genuine packet.
THERAPION
CURES TO STAY CURED.
SOLD BY TREACHER & Co.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

SATISFACTION FOR 10 YEARS.—I have great pleasure to certify that Singer's Sewing Machine gave me every satisfaction for 10 years, during which time they have been in use in my family.—GORDHUNDAS GOCULDAS TEJPAL, Malabar Hill, Bombay.

REMOVE ALL BLOOD IMPURITIES.
BUILD-UP YOUR HEALTH with
WILKINSON'S
ESSENCE OR FLUID EXTRACT OF RED JAMAICA
SARSAPARILLA
"We cannot speak too highly of it."—*Lancet.*
Pronounced by the HIGHEST MEDICAL AUTHORITIES the most
WONDERFUL PURIFIER OF THE HUMAN BLOOD
The Safest and most Reliable Remedy for TORPID LIVER, DEBILITY, ERUPTIONS, RHEUMATISM, OBSTINATE SKIN DISEASES, &c.
RESTORES THE WEAK,
REVIVES THE DEPRESSED
WILKINSON'S SARSAPARILLA HAS
A WORLD-WIDE REPUTATION for over THREE-QUARTERS of a CENTURY.
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS AND SUBSTITUTES.

AGENTS:—TREACHER & Co., Limited; PHILLIPS & Co. Limited; KEMP & Co., &c., &c.

MALARIA, INFLUENZA, AND MILD FORMS OF PLAGUE,
Use BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE or PILLS. Rs. 1.
BATLIWALLA'S CHOLERAL
Is the only remedy for CHOLERA. Re. 1.
BATLIWALLA'S HARETONE
Has been recently improved a great deal and restores Grey Hair to its Natural Colour. Rs. 3.
BATLIWALLA'S TONIC PILLS
Cure Nervous Exhaustion and Constitutional Weakness. Rs. 1-8.
BATLIWALLA'S TOOTH POWDER
scientifically made of Native and English Drugs, such as Mayaphal and Carbolic Acid B. P. As. 4.
BATLIWALLA'S RINGWORM OINTMENT
Cures in a day. As. 4 per pot.
SOLD EVERYWHERE and ALSO BY
DR. H. L. BATLIWALLA.
WARLI LABORATORY, DADAR, BOMBAY.

J. B. ORR'S "ZINGESSOL" PERFECTED WASHABLE WATER PAINT, Manufactured by JOHN B. ORR, F.C.S., is unrivalled as an artistic and permanent decoration.

Specially appointed by the Viceroy of India for decorating Government House, Simla, 1890, also the High Commissioner H. E. Viscount Milner Africa. 1903, S.

WM. CHS. SMITH,
FROM LONDON.

PAINTER & HOUSE DECORATOR,
Importer of the Best English oils and colour, &c.
Sole Agent in India, for J. B. Orr, F.C.S.
ZINGESSOL ORR'S ZINC WHITE
AND PURE OXIDE OF ZINC
Colour Washing of Walls with ORR'S ZINGESSOL, THE PERFECTED WASHABLE WATER PAINT.
Coloured Card and Book on Application.
OFFICE: 17-19, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay,
Opposite the Oriental Buildings.
ESTIMATES GIVEN.

"ZINGESSOL," is admirably adapted for the interior or exterior decoration of either Private Residences, Hospitals, Churches, or other Public Buildings.

VETARZO BRAIN AND NERVE FOOD.

This remarkable compound, the result of the latest developments and achievements of modern chemistry, pharmacology, and therapeutics, is without equal in all cases of defective nerve power, whether induced by worry, over-work, unhealthy climate, dissipation, excess, youthful imprudence, or other influences incidental to the wear and tear and haste or overstrain of modern life. Sleeplessness, tremblings, palpitation, nervous dyspepsia, low spirits, mental and bodily prostration, muscular and local weakness, general and nervous debility, faulty nutrition, premature decay or deficiency of the vital forces, impaired vitality, harassing dreams, night disturbances, sudden startings, dimness of sight, defective hearing, loss of memory, inability to perform the various duties of life, or to enjoy its pleasures, restlessness that can settle to nothing, irritability of temper, female complaints, hysteria, painful periods, backache, bearing down sensations, nervous headache, wasting disease, night sweats, and all other phases of brain and nerve exhaustion, are successfully combated by this highly scientific preparation. Bracing up the system generally, it gives tone to the exhausted nerves, arrests all weakening wasting discharges, involuntary losses, &c.; restores the failing energies, and imparts new life and vigour to what had so recently seemed worn out, "used up," and valueless.

VETARZO BLOOD MEDICINE.

Never before was there anything like it, nor can its marvellous properties ever be equalled in all cases of poorness, impurity, or other imperfection of the blood from whatever cause arising. No sooner is it imbibed into the system than it permeates and penetrates to the minutest capillaries, overcoming and expelling the virus of disease, wheresoever and in whatsoever form met with; removing all blotches, pimples, scurf, scurvy, scrofulous and glandular swellings, discolorations, roughness and unsightly patches, &c. Its effects are almost magical in the treatment of gout, rheumatism, sciatica, lumbago, pains and swellings of the joints, discharges, secondary symptoms, eczema, lupus, psoriasis, bad legs, bad breasts, abscesses, ulcers, sores, goitre or Derbyshire neck, for improves the general health, and quickly removes long-standing bronchitis, asthma, and hacking, straining, spasmodic cough, too often the precursor of consumption.

CAUTION.—Ask for "VETARZO Brain and Nerve Food," or "VETARZO Blood Medicine," whichever is required, and see that you get them, as unprincipled vendors often try to palm off inferior preparations (usually their own manufacture), for the sake of extra profit. Price in England, 2/9. Every genuine bottle of these medicines bears the British Government Stamp with the words "VETARZO REMEDIES" impressed thereon, in white letters on a red ground, by direction of His Majesty's Hon. Commissioners. Registered Trade Mark "VETARZO." Legal proceedings will be taken against persons pirating.

COMMON SENSE IN A NUTSHELL.—A new medical work on the causes and most scientific and effectual means of self-cure ever discovered for nervous exhaustion, depression of spirits, want of zest and energy, &c., with practical observations on marriage and full directions for removing certain disqualifications that destroy the happiness of wedded life. It also treats on urinary derangements, secondary symptoms, stricture, &c., and no sufferer should fail to procure a copy. Post free in plain envelope on receipt of Postal Order Sixpence, from THE VETARZO REMEDIES CO., Gospel Oak, London, or of Agents for above medicines. Price 10 annas Post Free.

ASK FOR
Shem-el-Nessim.
An Inspiration in Perfume
(of all Chemists & Perfumers)
J. GROSSMITH & SON LONDON.

BY APPOINTMENT TO H.M. THE KING.
TRY IT IN YOUR BATH
SCRUBB'S AMMONIA
MARVELLOUS PREPARATION
Refreshing as a Turkish Bath. Invaluable for all Toilet Purposes.
Splendid Cleansing Preparation for the Hair.
Removes Stains and Grease Spots from Clothing, Etc.
Restores the Colour to Carpets.
Allays the Irritation caused by Mosquito Bites.
Invigorating in Hot Climates.
Cleans Plate and Jewellery. Softens Hard Water.
For Sale by all Grocers and Chemists.
SCRUBB & CO., LTD., GUILDFORD STREET, LONDON, S.E.

## INSURANCES.

THE DEMAND
FOR
"STANDARD" POLICIES.

EVERY YEAR, since 1865 the NEW BUSINESS has exceeded £1,000,000. Sums Assured PER ANNUM, a result maintained uninterruptedly for so long a period by NO OTHER BRITISH OFFICE.

CLAIMS PAID ..... £27,750,000
ACCUMULATED FUNDS ..... £12,500,000
ANNUAL REVENUE ..... £ 1,500,000

NEW SCHEMES.

DOUBLE ENDOWMENTS.—At Home Rates giving a Bonus of 100 per cent. on survival.

CHILDREN'S ENDOWMENTS.—Payable at any age from 14 to 21 with return of all premiums in event of death.

For full information apply to
F. A. PREVOST,
Secretary,
Bombay Branch.
BINNY & Co., Ld.,
Chief Agents, Madras.

THE CHINA MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO., LD.

HEAD OFFICE:—SHANGHAI.
A BRITISH Company—Offices in all Eastern Ports.
Collecting Agencies in London and on the Continent.

THAT this well-managed Company has gained the confidence of the insuring public of the East and Far East is evidenced by the marvellous growth during its twelve years of existence, as the statement and comparison here given proof:—

| | 1906 Rs. | 1910 Rs. |
|---|---|---|
| Insurance in force... | 3,68,02,578 | 5,67,83,928 |
| Assets ..... | 52,80,240 | 1,26,22,875 |
| Total Income ..... | 28,83,602 | 53,49,837 |
| INSURANCE FUND ... | 51,43,380 | 1,23,25,218 |

SPECIAL DEPOSITS for Security of POLICY-HOLDERS:— Rs.
With Trustees at Shanghai..... 2,00,000
Trustees, Messrs. H. C. Gulland, J. C. Hanson, & Alex. McLeod.
With Board of Trade, England. 3,00,000

The Company issues all the latest and approved plans of Insurance at the minimum rates consistent with safety.

HOLLAND & MOSS, Ld.,
General Managers for Bombay Presidency and C. P.
P. O. Box 102, or Dean Lane, Fort, BOMBAY.

THE ORIENTAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.
ESTABLISHED 1874.
FUNDS OVER RS. 3,50,00,000
INVESTED IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.
LOW PREMIUMS.
GENEROUS CONDITIONS.
PROMPT PAYMENT OF CLAIMS.
ECONOMICAL MANAGEMENT.
For Prospectus, containing all particulars, apply to
H. G. W. MEIKLE, F.F.A.,
ACTING MANAGER, BOMBAY.

GREAT WESTERN HOTEL.
FACING THE SEA.
FORT, BOMBAY.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE

TOWN SUBSCRIBERS.

| | Subscription. Rate. | Discount Rate. |
|---|---|---|
| Yearly ... | Rs. 25 0 | Rs. 20 0 |
| Half-yearly ... | ,, 13 12 | ,, 11 9 |
| Quarterly ... | ,, 7 8 | ,, 6 6 |
| Monthly ... | ,, 2 8 | ,, 2 0 |

MOFUSSIL SUBSCRIBERS.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Yearly ... | Rs. 37 8 | Rs. 30 0 |
| Half-yearly ... | ,, 20 0 | ,, 16 0 |
| Quarterly ... | ,, 10 10 | ,, 8 8 |
| Monthly ... | ,, 3 12 | ,, 3 0 |

SINGLE COPY... ... ONE ANNA.
For rates of old Issues of the "Bombay Gazette," See Special Short Advertisements Column.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

For Advertisements of two or three lines, relating to such matters as Small Sales; Business Cards, Situations, Wanted Servants, Houses, or Lodgings Required; Change of Residence and Articles Lost or Found, the scale is as follows:—

| | Rs. |
|---|---|
| Not exceeding three lines ... ... | Rs. 1-0 |
| Each succeeding line ... ... ... | ,, 0-8 |

No Advertisement will be inserted for less than One Rupee, and Payment must in all cases be made in Cash

LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

| | Rs. |
|---|---|
| First Insertion ... ... | Rs. 3-0 Per Inch. |
| Second Insertion ... | ,, 3-8 do. |
| Third Insertion ... ... | ,, 3-0 do. |
| Fourth Insertion ... | ,, 2-8 do. |
| Fifth and upwards ... | ,, 2-0 do. |
| Minimum charge ... | ,, 6-0 do. |

In the Native Languages double the above rates.
For Advertisements, which are to be inserted for length of time special contracts are made.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY AND WEEKLY BUDGET.

| | Town. | Post. |
|---|---|---|
| Yearly ... ... ... | Rs. 12 | Rs. 15 |
| Half-yearly ... ... ... | ,, | ,, 8 |
| Quarterly ... ... ... | ,, | ,, 5 |

Digitized with assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 29 June, 2017

# DAILY MARKET REPORT.

BOMBAY, JULY 25.

## MONEY.

The cash balance of the Bank of Bombay is 24 1-4 lakhs down.

## EXCHANGE.

Market opened at 1s. 3 15-16d. for T. T. and 1s. 3 31-32d for Demand and 1s. 4 1-8d. for 3 months' sight C redits.

We quote :—

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Bank's selling— | | | |
| T. T. Ready ... | ... | ... | 1s. 3 31-32d. |
| D. D. Mail ... | ... | ... | 1s. 3 31-32d. |
| T. T. Forward ... | ... | ... | 1s. 4d. Sept. 15 |
| Bank's Buying— | | | |
| Private D. D. Ready | ... | ... | 1s. 4 1-32d. |
| Credits 2 m/s ,, | ... | ... | 1s. 4 1-8d. |
| ,, ,, Forward | ... | ... | 1s. 4 3-16d. Sept |
| ,, 6 m/s Ready | ... | ... | 1s. 4 9-32d |
| France 3 m/s ,, | ... | ... | 169 1-2 |
| Marks 3 m/s ,, | ... | ... | 135 |
| 60 d/s. Hongkong | ... | ... | 131 1-2 |
| ,, Shanghai | ... | ... | 176 3-4 |
| ,, Japan | ... | ... | 150 1-2 |

## GOVERNMENT PAPER.

Government Paper market has kept unchanged at Rs. 96-5 for this settlement and Rs. 96-2 for the next settlement the whole day.

## BULLION.

Bar silver in London closed 1-16 down for ready at 25 1-8 and forwards remained unchanged at 24 13-16 and New York was 1-8 down at 54 3-8.

Locally, silver opened at Rs. 72. The London market having declined, our market was easier and sellers being continued forwards declined to Rs. 71-14-0. Demand for ready was dull and about 40 to 50 packages changed hands.

The Gold market was quiet in the absence of up-country and local demand. Sovereigns were in little less demand and prices remained unchanged.

## GOLD.

| | Rs. | a. | p. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 97 touch Fakirsett ... ... | 22 | 8 | 0 |
| 97 touch Chintu ... ... | 23 | 7 | 0 |
| Narendas Motilal's Chop Swadeshi 96 to 99 touch | 24 | 1 | 0 |
| National Bank ... ... | 24 | 3 | 0 |
| Chartered Bank ... ... | 24 | 1 | 3 |
| Sovereigns Shield ... ... | 15 | 4 | 0 |
| Do. Dragon ... ... | 15 | 0 | 0 |
| Australian ... ... ... | 24 | 2 | 0 |
| English Gold ... ... | 24 | 1 | 0 |
| Native Bullion ... ... | 24 | 1 | 0 |
| Indian Specie Bank ... ... | 24 | 1 | 0 |

## SILVER.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 117 1-2 Penny ... ... | 71 | 14 | 0 |
| 117 Penny Ready ... ... | 71 | 13 | 0 |
| Local per tola ... ... | 0 | 11 | 3 |

FUTURES.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| First Settlement ... ... | 71 | 14 | 0 |
| Second do ... ... | 72 | 2 | 0 |

## SEEDS AND WHEAT.

Linseed.—Steady. London prices were 3-8 up, and locally remained unchanged in absence of demand.

Rapeseed—Quiet. London prices were 3d. up. Business is dull and prices unchanged.

Wheat.—Firm. London prices were 3d. up. Demand being good prices advanced by an anna.

Castorseed, Cottonseed, Gingellyseed, Mowrassed, Poppyseed, and Groundnuts.—Quiet but steady. Moderate business is passing and prices remained unchanged.

| Description, | Rate. |
|---|---|
| Linseed, Bold ... | ...Rs. 12 0 |
| Linseed, Small ... | ... ,, 11 12 |
| RAPESEED— | |
| Brown Cawnpore ... | ... ,, 6 8 |
| Yellow do. ... | ... ,, 7 0 |
| Do. Gujarat ... | ... ,, 7 2 |
| Poppyseed ... | ... ,, 10 0 |
| Castorseed ... | ... ,, 40-8 to 41-8 |
| Mowrassed... ... | ... ,, 7 3 |
| Maize ... ... | ... ,, 18 to 19 |
| Groundnuts ... | ... ,, 43 to 44 |
| Mustardseed ... | ... ,, 65 to 85 |
| Gingellyseed ... | ... ,, 43 to 54 |
| Khandesh Howri ... | } ,, 49 to 51 |
| Gulburga do. ... | |
| Kalbur do. ... | |
| Itarsi do. ... | |
| White Gin, Bold 95/6 | } ,, 44 to 48 |
| Do. do do 85/15 | |
| Do. do. do. 75/25... | |
| Do. Mixed 50/50 ... | |
| Do. Gin, Small 50/50... | } ,, 43 to 45 |
| Do. do. 85/15... | |
| Gin, Black Beaver ... | } ,, 44 to 45 |
| Do. do. Gadag ... | |
| Gin Red Khandwa ... | } ,, 45 to 50 |
| Do. Meggi ... | |
| Do. Yellow Hinganghat | } ,, 50 to 54 |
| Do. do. Secunderabad | |
| Do. do. Gujarat | |
| Do. Black Kutni | } ,, 43 to 44 |
| Do. Ahmedabad... | |
| WHEAT— | |
| Pissi ... ... | ... ,, 33 to 35 |
| Hard Red... ... | ... ,, 32 to 34 |
| Cottonseed ... ... | ... ,, 24 to 26 |

The following are the receipts of Wheat and Seeds into Bombay during the 24 hours ended at 6 p. m. on Saturday, 23rd July :—

| | |
|---|---|
| Wheat ... ... ... | 9,827 cwts |
| Linseed ... ... ... | 11,072 ,, |
| Rapeseed ... ... ... | 270 ,, |
| Gingellyseed ... ... | 129 ,, |
| Poppyseed ... ... ... | 3,396 ,, |
| Groundnuts... ... ... | 425 ,, |
| Castorseed ... ... ... | 2,881 ,, |
| Rice... ... ... | 3,106 ,, |
| Myrabollams ... ... | 1,537 ,, |
| Cottonseed ... ... ... | 4,995 ,, |
| Mowrassed ... ... ... | 5,625 ,, |
| Gram ... ... ... | 537 ,, |
| Jowar ... ... ... | 5 ,, |
| Maize ... ... ... | ... ,, |

## LOCAL YARNS.

Shanghai sales have been reported nil, unsold stocks 50,000 bales, stock with the change 27,000 bales, rate of exchange 179 and market steady.

## SPINNINGS.

Petits for August are quoted Rs. 2,857 1-2 and September Rs. 2,852 1-2. There is very little doing in the bazaar.

## BANKS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Bank of Bombay ... ... | 1,487 1-2 |
| Bank of India ... ... | 66 1/2 |
| Indian Specie Bank ... ... | 53 1-2 |

MILLS.

| | |
|---|---|
| David ... ... ... | 895 |
| Manockji Petit... ... | 2,857 1-2 |
| Vishnu Cotton Mill ordinary... | 562 1/2 |

PRESSES.

| | |
|---|---|
| New Mofussil ... ... ... | 817 1/2 |

## MISCELLANEOUS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Colaba Land and Mill ... | 1,130 |
| Shivrajpur Mining Syndicate | 16 |
| Treacher & Co ... ... | 545 |
| Sirdar Carbonic Gas Co. ... | 105 N.D. |

RAILWAY.

| | |
|---|---|
| Tapti-Valley ... ... ... | 475 C.D. |

## COTTON.

Liverpool was 4 to 6 points down, New York 20 points down and futures 9 to 11 up. Demand in the local market for ready lots being nominal prices remained steady and the market was dull. The opener advised 6 to 7 points up. There being good inquiry for New Crop prices advanced by 4 1-2. Good Broach opened at Rs. 294, but demand originated later on; it closed at Rs. 294 1-2.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 200 | H Goculdas ... | Akola... | 265 |
| 100 | H Goculdas ... | Broach ... | 295 |
| 100 | Bombay Co ... ... | Khandwa ... ... | 257 |
| 100 | G Cotton & Co... | Khandesh ... | 205 |
| 100 | Jamshed Mills ... | Bengal... | 270 |
| 200 | A. Blaschcek ... | Umravti ... | 285 |
| 100 | D Sassoon ... | Akola ... | 270 |

Bengal Hand Gin. Fine ... 266
,, F Good ... 264
Bengal Machine Gin. Fine ... 282
,, F Good ... 270
Sind Punjab Fine ... 292
,, F Good ... 270
Khandesh Fine ... 280
,, F Good ... 270
Dhamangaon Poolgaon Fine ... 292
,, F Good ... 282
Akola Khangaum Fine ... 290
,, F Good ... 280
Amraoti Fine ... 290
,, F Good ... 280
Yeotmal Fine ... 296
,, F Good ... 286
Nagpore Fine ... 298
,, F Good ... 288
Wardha Hinganghat Fine ... 304
,, F Good ... 294
Methia Fine ... 380
,, F Good ... 370
Broach Gin Fine ... 312
,, F Good ... 302
Sawginned Good ... 308
Coompta Ginned ... 305
Westerns H. G. ... 289
Do M G ... 285

FUTURES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Broach Good ... | 294 1/2 |
| Bengal F G ... | 298 |

The following are the receipts of Cotton into Bombay during the 24 hours ended at 6 p.m. on Saturday, 23rd July :—

| | |
|---|---|
| Khandeish ... ... ... | ... Bales |
| Central India ... ... ... | 118 ,, |
| Barsi and Nagur ... ... ... | 169 ,, |
| Berar ... ... ... ... | ... ,, |
| Central Provinces ... ... | 54 ,, |
| Comras ... ... ... | 331 ,, |
| Dholera ... ... ... | 88 ,, |
| Broach ... ... ... | ... ,, |
| Coompta and Dharwar ... ... | 37 ,, |
| Westerns ... ... ... | 99 ,, |
| Bengals (N. W. P.) ... ... | 200 ,, |
| Rajputtana... ... ... | 284 ,, |
| Sind ... ... ... | ... ,, |
| Persian ... ... ... | ... ,, |
| Other sorts ... ... ... | ... ,, |
| Egyptian ... ... ... | ... ,, |
| Total... | 1,139 ,, |

LIVERPOOL, July 25.

Opening Tone and Prices.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Opening Tone ... | ... | ... | Steady. |
| Estimated Sales ... | ... | ... | 4,000 |
| Total Imports ... | ... | ... | ..... |
| Future Delivery Prices :— | | | |
| July—Aug. ... | ... | ... | 7·70 + 6 |
| Aug.—Sept ... | ... | ... | 7·45 + 6 |
| Sept.—Oct. ... | ... | ... | 7·11 + 6 |
| Oct.—Nov.. ... | ... | ... | 6 95 + 7 |
| Nov.—Dec. ... | ... | ... | 6·81 + 7 |
| Dec.—Jan. ... | ... | ... | 6·83 + 6 |
| Jan.—Feb. ... | ... | ... | 6·83 + 7 |
| Feb.—Mar. ... | ... | ... | 6 82 + 7 |
| Mar.—Apl. ... | ... | ... | 6 82 + 7 |

## FREIGHTS.

| Ports. | This Month Seed. | Cotton. | Next Month Seed. | Cotton. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Antwerp ... | 12 6 | 13 6 | 11 0 | 11 6 |
| Dunkirk ... | 11 6 | 11 6 | 11 0 | 11 6 |
| Havre ... ... | 12 0 | 13 0 | 12 0 | 13 0 |
| Hull ... ... | 12 0 | 12 0 | 11 0 | 11 0 |
| Liverpool ... | 9 0 | 9 6 | 8 6 | 9 0 |
| Marseilles ... | 9 0 | 9 6 | 8 6 | 9 0 |
| Genoa ... ... | ..... | ..... | 11 0 | 11 6 |
| London... ... | ..... | ..... | 11 0 | ..... |
| Hamburg ... | 12 6 | 12 0 | 12 0 | 13 0 |
| Trieste ... | 10 0 | 11 0 | 11 0 | 12 0 |
| Venice ... | 10 0 | 11 0 | 11 0 | 12 0 |
| Open Ports ... | Sept | 11 6 | | |
| Do. ... | Oct. | 12 6 | | |
| Do ... | Nov. | 13 0 | | |
| Do ... | Dec. | 14 0 | | |
| Do ... | Jan.-June | 14 0 | | |

The Market is steady.

## METALS.

| We quote :— | | lbs. |
|---|---|---|
| Copper Braziers 4 x 4 ... ... | | 21 |
| | | 28 |
| | | 35 |
| | | 42 |
| | | 56 Rs. 52-12 |
| | | 63 |
| | | 70 |
| | | 77 |
| | | 84 |
| Yellow Metal Sheets ... ... | | 21 |
| | | 28 ,, 44 0 a |
| | | 35 |
| | | 42 ,, 43 12 b |
| | | 49 |
| | | 56 |
| Tin Ingots. ... ... ... | | ... 40 6 |
| Spelter S M ... | | ... to 40 12 |
| M M ... | | ... |
| J ... | | ... 17-18 to |
| G ... | | ... 17-12 |
| Georgshutte ... | | ... 22 0 |
| Copper Ingots K S ... | | ... ,, 47 0 |
| Copper Sheetings... lbs. 8, 10. 12, 14 | | 6-8 51 1-2 |
| Yellow Metal Sheetings, lbs. 14, 16 10-12 | | 43 12 |
| | 10-12 14-16 | 45 12 |
| Copper ... ... ... | | ... 68 56 |
| ,, ... ... | 10, 12 ... | ,, 54 0 |
| ,, ... ... | 14, 16 ... | ,, 45 12 |

a English, b Rex.

## IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Saturday, July 23.

GOLD.

Coin.

| No. of Packages. | Bullions. Rs. | Sovs. and half Sovs. Rs. | Other coin. Rs. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 Bundle ... | ... | 900 | ... |

SILVER.

COIN.

| No. of Packages. | Bullion Rs. | Govt. of India Rupees. Rs. | Other Coin. Rs. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 Bundle ... | ... | 600 | ... |

| Importers. | Vessels. | From. |
|---|---|---|
| H E Tayab ... | Haidari | Jeddah |

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY

BY RAIL on 22nd July, 1910.

| By | Bars. | Ounces. |
|---|---|---|
| G. I. P. Railway ..... | 6 | 7,251 |
| B. B. & C. I. Railway. | 33 | 39,219 |

## BANK OF BOMBAY.

The following is the statement of the affairs of the Bank of Bombay for the week ended 23rd July 1910, as compared with the statement for the week ending 16th July 1910 :—

| Liabilities. | July 16. Rs. | July 23. Rs. |
|---|---|---|
| Capital ... | 1,00,00,000 | 1,00,00,000 |
| Reserve Fund ... | 1,05,00,000 | 1,05,00,000 |
| Public Deposits at Head Office ... | 1,31,62,242 | 1,21,65,757 |
| Public Deposits at Branches ... | | |
| Other Deposits ... | 10,76,45,011 | 10,83,71,272 |
| Post Bills ... | 15,488 | 13,941 |
| Sundries ... | 21,67,328 | 20,06,342 |
| Rs.... | 14,34,90,069 | 14,30,57,312 |
| Assets. | | |
| Government Securities... | 1,70,76,435 | 1,92,76,075 |
| Other authorised Securities. | 3,43,449 | 59,632 |
| Credits on Govt. and other authorised Securities ... | 1,70,00,743 | 1,58,95,951 |
| Loans do. do. ... | 3,90,51,964 | 4,10,73,012 |
| Bills discounted and purchased ... | 1,67,36,549 | 1,70,23,800 |
| Dead Stocks ... | 2,68,256 | 2,68,348 |
| Stamps ... | 5,374 | 5,312 |
| Bullion ... | 6,84,707 | 6,39,399 |
| Balance with other Banks. | 5,11,801 | 5,44,666 |
| Sundries ... | 3,29,706 | 2,09,230 |
| Cash ... | 5,14,81,085 | 4,80,61,887 |
| | 14,34,90,069 | 14,30,57,312 |

## BOMBAY YARN IN CHINA.

Messrs. Polishwalla and Kotwalla's circular, dated Hongkong, July 8:—There has been little change in our yarn market during the past fortnight, the same dulness which we alluded in our last circular of the 24th ult. per "Arcadia" having continued. However, a slight recovery in demand is apparent at the close, and about 500 bales of 3 or 4 favourite chops are reported to have been sold at a reduction of dol. 2 to dol. 3 per bale. We have to record the fact that complaints have been made regarding overdue contracts by several of the importers to dealers but owing to the tightness of money the latter are unable to clear even those goods. As the Bombay market continues in a firm state we look to a better demand in the near future, meanwhile, we close quiet.

Total sales 500 bales.

Unsold stocks 17,000 bales.

Sold but un-delivered in the godown and to arrive 42,000 bales.

Arrivals.—The Mail Str. "Delhi" and extra Str. "Waksamaru" from Bombay, and Strs. "Namsang" and "Kumsang" from Calcutta have brought in 8,650 bales for Hongkong, and 7,009 bales for Shanghai; shipments from Hongkong to Shanghai, and Coast ports, amount to about 1700 bales.

Shanghai.—Continues dull, the same conditions prevailing as have obtained during the last two months.

Japanese Yarn.—No. 20s declined dols 3. Sales, 350 bales at dols 151 to dols 155 and 50 bale No. 16 at dols 152.

Local Mill.—Nothing doing.

Raw Cotton.—Owing to the higher rates prevailing, there has been nothing doing in Bengal. Stock, 250 bales Bengal only. Quotations, Bengal dols 33 to dols 37 and Chinese dols 35 to dols 40.

Rupee T/T 133 3-4. Sterling D/D 1-9 7-16. Shanghai T/T 74 1-4. Rupee D/D 134. Sterling 4m/at 1-9 9-16. Japan 87 1-2. Bar Silver 25 3-16.

# DAILY EXPORTS—JULY 25.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Scindia s—163 bales goat hair and 37 bales wool, M J Joomabhoy and Co; 49 bales wool, M Buttansee; 210 bales wool, W and A Graham and Co; 19 bales wool, B Tilookchand; 173 bales wool, D Koondenmal; 192 bales wool, The Bombay and Co Ld; 17 bales wool, F F Campbell and Co; 125 bales wool, D Nagji and Co; 30 bales wool, H Mitha and Co; 50 bales wool, V Tezpal; 33 bales wool, E Peerchand; 10 bales wool, H K M Jaitha; 61 bales wool, E Dossa and Co; 302 cwts gun metal, G Abdoolhusein; 2,518 cwts myrabolams, E Oomersey; 21 bales wool and 19 bales goat hair, H M Sulaman; 7 bales wool, T Chimandas; 400 cwts oilcakes, Glades and Co; 14 bales wool, K Balkishandas; 106 bales cotton, Owen and Okell.

FOR LONDON.

Caledonia s—30 cwts deer horns, J M Rehmtools; 33 bales hemp, P Shimji; 6 bales carpets, Fleming Shaw and Co; 62 cases bristles, Nizamudin and Co 3 bales carpets, Latham and Co; 13 bales skins, R M Kooka; 49 bales skins, H O and H Moosa; 145 bales skins E D Sassoon and Co; 3 cases brass ware and 2 cases woollen rugs L B Bhootwalla; 10 cases silk cloth, King King and Co; 12 bales hemp, T Canji; 60 cwts mother-of-pearls shells, K N Mianes and Co; 68 3/4 cwts mother-of-pearl shells 22 1-2 cwts almonds and 45 cwt gum, M Jafferbhoy.

FOR NEW YORK.

Caledonia s—3 bales carpets Fleming Shaw and Co 3 bales carpets, Latham and Co.

Neidenfels s—2,013 cwts myrabolams, E Oomersey.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Scindia s—302 cwt dillseed, Volkert Bros; 105 cwt cashewnuts, E Jeevandas and Co.

FOR BARCELONA.

Scindia s—100 bales cotton, The Bombay and Co; 50 bales cotton, James Finlay and Co.

FOR MANCHESTER.

Springburn s—3,600 tons manganese ore, R A Willis.

FOR HULL.

Hindoo s—500 yellow cobre, Shaw Wallace and Co.

FOR GHENT.

Hindoo s—55 bales cotton, Divadker and Co.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Afghanistan s—1,000 tons manganese ore, Killick Nixon and Co.

FOR MIDDLESBROUGH.

Silverdale s—2,400 tons manganese ore, S Smidt and Co.

FOR BARROW-IN-FURNESS.

Springburn s—3,800 tons manganese ore R A Willis.

FOR HAVRE.

Afghanistan s—402 cwt mustardseed, J. Fachiri, 2,002 cwts linseed E D Sassoon and Co 4,000 cwt linseed L Drafuss and Co 2,949 cwt linseed S Cooverjee and Co; 110 bales cotton, W Wolf and Son's 200 cwt turmeric bulbs and 100 cwt gum, M Jafferbhoy 12,000 cwts rapeseed Ralli Bros.

FOR ANTWERP.

Culna s—3,200 cwts linseed, Ralli Bros; 50 cwts cashewnuts, R Jeewandas, 2,900 cwts rapeseed, Sizing Materials and Co; 403 cwts poppyseed, S Cooverji and Co; 46 bales hemp, K Visram and Co; 492 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

FOR HAMBURG.

Neidenfels s—1,080 cwts myrabolams, A Khimji.

FOR TRIESTE.

Trieste s—262 cwts olibanum, A H Mawji and Co; 1,999 cwts groundnuts, Ralli Bros; 313 bales cotton, A Moritz and Co; 336 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 7 cwts olibanum, M Jafferbhoy.

FOR VENICE.

Trieste s—100 bales cotton, A Blaschek and Co; 100 bales cotton, J A Begbie and Co; 2,000 cwts eastorseed, Ralli Bros.

E F Ferdinand s—100 bales cotton, Bamji and Co.

FOR FIUME.

E F Ferdinand s—2,000 cwts teelseed and 2,000 cwts linseed, and 336 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

FOR BORGAS.

Trieste s—15 bales twist, D Sassoon and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Tosa Maru s—289 bales twist, M B Kaisha; 829 cwts bone meal, R Kaderbhoy: 1,000 bales twist, C Ebrahim and Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Arcadia s—3,500 bales twist, Greaves Cotton and Co; 200 bales twist, C Bomanji and Co.

FOR KOBE.

Tosa Maru s—500 bales cotton, Vatchaghandi and Sons; 333 bales cotton, M B Kaisha; 100 bales cotton. The Japan Cotton Trading and Co; 200 bales cotton, C Ebrahim and Co; 900 bales cotton. Framji Sons and Co; 414 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

FOR MOJI.

Tosa Maru s—300 bales cotton, M B Kaisha.

## FOREIGN CABLE COMMUNICATION.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION

| Great Britain. | Continent of Europe. | America. | Australia. | China. | Africa. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Via Teheran Perfect. | Via Teheran Perfect. | Via Brest Perfect | Via Penang Perfect. | Via Penang Perfect. | Via Aden Perfect. |
| Via Turkey Perfect. | Via Turkey Perfect. | Via Valentia Perfect. | Via Amoor Perfect. | Via Amoor Perfect. | Via Cadiz Tenerriffe Perfect |
| Via Suez Perfect. | Via Suez Perfect. | Via Direct Cable Perfect. | ..... | Via Bhamo Interrupted. | Via Lisbon St. Vincent Perfect |

Latest dates of Foreign Messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 25th July 1910.

(Difference in Longitude allowed for.)

| Via | Latest Dates. D. | H | M. | Time Occupied in Transmission. Hrs. | Mts |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Turkey ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Teheran ... | 25 | 13 | 50 | 1 | 4 |
| Suez ..... | 25 | 14 | 40 | 0 | 15 |

NOTICES.

Cable Assab Perim interrupted. Telegrams for Erythrea and Abyssinia are forwarded via Suakim, Kassala, without additional charge (22-11-09).

Cable Obook Djibouti interrupted. (27-6-10).

China reports Luchow line working indifferently. Telegrams to north of China are subject to heavy delay. (28-6-10).

Bhamo route between Yunnan and Weining interrupted. (18-7-10.)

Bushire reports Ahwaz line down Mohammerah side (22-7-10).

Bushire reports Borajoon line down to Ahwaz beyond Borajoon. (23-7-10).

THE French Press welcomes the Russo-Japanese Agreement, because it deals a blow at the Pan-German idea of a coalition against the yellow races.

MR. HEINZAR, Statistician to the Produce Exchange of New York, estimates, on the basis of the Government crop reports, that the yield of winter wheat in the United States will be 435,600,000 bushels and the spring yield 189,523,000 bushels.

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR.—If your hair is turning grey or white or falling off, use "The Mexican Hair Renewer," for it "will positively restore in every case Grey or White hair" to its original colour without having the disagreeable smell of most "Restorers." It makes the hair charmingly beautiful as well as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots where the glands are not destroyed. Ask your Chemists for "THE MEXICAN HAIR RENEWER," sold by Chemists and Perfumers everywhere. Wholesale Depot: 88, Farringdon Road, London, England.

# DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for ANNOUNCEMENT of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender is Re. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

DEATH.

TODD—July 18, at Bangalore, Victoria, wife of Captain T. Todd, I S M D (Retired), aged 43 years.

# BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 6h. 14m.; Sun sets, 7h. 15m. High water, 1-38m., 2-10s.; Low water, 7-22m. 8-16s.

Harwood League Football: Telegraphists vs. Y. M. C. A., Cooperage, 5-45 p. m.

Maxim: "Men often seem rich to become rich"—Wall Street.

THE ENGLISH MAILS.

ARRIVAL.

The P. and O. Company's s. s. "Egypt." with the English Mails of the 16th instant. which left Aden at 3 p.m. on Sunday, is expected to arrive in Bombay harbour at 5 a.m. on Friday next.

DEPARTURE.

The P. and O. Co's steamer "Caledonia" will leave Bombay harbour at 2-30 p.m. on Saturday next.

UNITED MEN'S MEETING.—The Reverend W. Kennelly will address a meeting for men at the Y. M. C. A., Wodehouse Road, Fort, on Thursday, July 28th, at 9·15 p.m. Subject:—"Secrets made known."

LECTURE AT THE Y. M. C. A.—Reverend A. S. Crichton, M.A., will deliver a lecture, entitled "The Mahomedans as Rulers of India," in the Y. M. C. A. Hall, Wodehouse Road, Fort, to-morrow, July 26th, at 6-30 p.m., when the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Lindsay Robertson will preside. Admission free.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—Jusquin, a Native Christian, went to the Apollo Bunder with a dog. The animal went into the water and as it could not come out Jusquin went into the water. Sea was very rough at the time and just as he was comming out a huge wave washed him away and he was drowned. The police took the body out. At the Coroner's inquest a verdict of accidental death was recorded.

BHAVNAGAR.—A correspondent writes:—I regret to announce the premature and untimely death of Mr. Sarabhai Vajeshankar Oza, the son of Mr. Vajeshankar Gowrishanker Oza, ex-Dewan of Bhavnagar, at midnight on Thursday. The deceased served the Bhavnagar State as a Small-Cause Court Judge and then followed mercantile pursuits and lately became a partner in the firm of Messrs. The India Agency Company, Limited, of Bombay. He was kind and unassuming and had a large circle of friends in Bhavnagar and Bombay. His loss will be greatly felt by those who knew him.

CUTTING OFF A WOMAN'S NOSE.—At the Mazgon Police Court, before Rao Bahadur Chunilal Setalvad, Fourth Presidency Magistrate, Pasan Danaji, a Rajput, was charged yesterday with causing grievous hurt to one Ladibai, a Hindu woman. The complaint was that the party were living together, but recently the woman had left his protection and lived with another person for four days. This enraged the accused, who went to her room and as she was sleeping cut off her nose and threw it out of a window into the gutter. The accused then ran to a police sepoy and surrendered himself. The woman is lying in the hospital. The accused was remanded.

STRING BAND AT THE YACHT CLUB.—By kind permission of Lieut.-Colonel S. J. Sarjant, V. D. and Officers, the String Band of the 1st Battalion, G. I. P. Railway Volunteers, will play the following programme of music, under the direction of Mr. A. Mallandaine, Bandmaster, commencing at 6-15 p.m. this evening :—

| | |
|---|---|
| March ... | Florentiner ... J. Fucik |
| Overture ... | Flotte Bursche ... Suppe |
| (On German University Songs). | |
| Intermezzo ... | Liebestraum ... F. von Blon |
| Grand Selection ... | Il Trovatore ... Verdi |
| Valse ... | Viennoise ... Czibulka |
| Selection ... | Ma Mie Rosette ... Caryll |
| Polacca (Tubaphone Solo) ... | La Juana ... Hewgill |

## PRESENTATION.

### To Sir Hormusjee N. Mody.

The members of the small Parsee community in Hongkong met at their Club-house on July 6 to do honour to the President of the Parsee Trust Funds in Hongkong and Canton on the occasion of his recent elevation to the dignity of a Knighthood. The ceremony was modestly confined to the Parsee community exclusively and no invitation to the foreign community was issued. Among these present we noticed:—Messrs. B. L. Battliwalla (secretary) D. K. Sethna, M. P. Talati (Trustees of the Zoroastrian Fund of which Sir Hormusjee has been the president now for more than 25 years.) Messrs A. B. Avasia, H. Ruttonjee, J. H. Ruttonjee, B. K. Mehta, R. Pestonjee, J. K. Chinoy, R. A. Dastur, F. K. Tata, D. K. Mistry and many others. There were a few ladies present also.

Mr. Sethna presented to Sir Hormusjee an address from the Parsee community of Hongkong and Canton, which stated. The catholicity of your gifts, designed for the benefit and advancement of no particular race or religious denomination services to remind us that in making these gifts to the public you have been actuated by this same spirit of several of our bygone worthies, who by their princely philanthropy have kept the flame of a small community shining brightly before the world.

## DEPARTURES.

### Per s.s. "City of Glasgow," July 20.

The following passengers left Karachi on the 20th instant by the Ellerman Line s.s. "City of Glasgow," for Marseilles and Liverpool.

Adolphus, Master
Agelasso, Mr T
Appleford, Mrs W P
Appleford Mrs
Bennett, Lt W T
Butcher, Miss
Chaney, Mr
Chaney, Mrs
Duncan, Mr N
Duggan, Mr E M
DaCosta, Mrs
Eyers, Mr C
Eyers Mrs and infant,
Fane, Col F B
Jackson, Mr
Kelly, Capt C R
Lenham, Mr P D
Lees, Major C H B
Massey, Mr W A
Porteous, Lt D G
Pressey, Lt Col A
Pressey Mrs and infant,
Pressey, Miss.
Rimington, Lt M E
Webb, The Hon'ble Mr M de P C I E

BOULTER'S Lock is in danger of passing away. The building of a new lock is threatened by the Thames Conservancy in their report for 1909. They say that as Boulter's has been in a defective condition for some time, and is inadequate to cope with the river traffic, they purchased Ray Mill Island, Maidenhead. Nothing has been definitely settled yet. "The Conservators will probably build a new lock on the site of the mill, but as they do not enter into possession of the property until the expiration of the lease in September next a definite scheme has not yet been decided on."

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes as bright as a button. It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by medicine dealers everywhere.

## TEMPERANCE IN POONA.

THE following memorial has been sent to the Bombay Government by the Poona Temperance Association :—

Sir,—I am instructed by the Committee of the Poona Temperance Association to respectfully present to Government the following statement of the views of the Association regarding the working of the Local Excise Committees. My Committee will be obliged if you will kindly place this statement before His Excellency the Governor in Council.

The Poona Temperance Association expresses its sincere appreciation of the great reform which has been introduced into the administration of the Excise Department by the creation of Local Excise Committees. This marks an advance towards the general policy which has already been manifest in other departments of Government, of associating representatives of the people with the officials in the work of practical administration. This Association hopes that the appointment of these Committees marks the beginning of an era of reform in the system of Abkari administration which is absolutely essential to the material and moral well-being of the people of this Presidency.

Those Local Committees have been in existence for a period of only eighteen months, yet their work has been so satisfactory that the principle underlying their creation has been completely vindicated as Government has itself declared in a recent resolution.

The working of these Committees suggests certain lines of reform which, if pursued, cannot fail, in the opinion of this Association, to increase the utility of the Committees. In the first place the present Committees are somewhat too small for their purpose, and this Association would suggest an enlargement of them in the direction of greater representativeness. The present constitution of the Committees shows that as a rule they consist of from five to seven members, a clear majority of whom are officials. The non-official representation is confined to Municipalities. Now apart from the fact this clear preponderance of official opinion may render the successful assertion of popular opinion very difficult, no room is left for the representation upon the Committees of bodies other than Municipalities which are interested in excise reform.

Further an increase in the number of local committees is desirable; for nearly half the number of liquorshops in the Presidency: are situated in rural areas whose population is absolutely unrepresented on the present committees: Abkari administration of rural areas, if it is to be efficient and popular obviously requires as careful and extensive consideration as is necessary in urban centres. The association of official with no-official opinion in this department of Government has borne good fruit during the past eighteen months: and it seems desirable to multiply this fruit still further by the extension of the same principle to rural districts.

This Association is of opinion that the local committees would better attain their end if they met more frequently than they do at present. It is a fact of direct observation that in certain areas the committees have not met more than twice since their formation in 1908; and not even once during the last fourteen months, though the business of the annual allocation of country spirit shops had to be arranged within this period. The Resolution dated 15th August 1907 the Government of India distinctly lay down that they would be glad to have the Local Committees consulted as to location, etc., of shops before each periodical auction of the licenses. The Association would, therefore, beg to request that Government should pass special orders directing that the Presidents of Local Committees should convene at least two meetings of these bodies in the course of every six months. The Local Committees have already succeeded, to some extent, in reducing the number of liquor-shops in the Presidency; and as for the reform of closing hours they have brought about a distinct advance and the Association has reason to believe that the proposed reform in the constitution of the Committees is bound to produce further results in the same direction.

As regards the powers of the Committee the need of reform is, in the opinion of this Association, still more urgent and more important. The Local Committees as at present constituted are merely advisory and in no sense executive committees. But in the opinion of the Association the time has come when some of the executive powers of the Revenue Collector of the district with regard to the Abkari administration may be transferred with advantage to these local Abkari Committees, consistently, of course, with the retention by Government of the ultimate responsibility in the matter. This transference of executive powers is, for the moment, even more important than the enlargement of the local committees and the Association would be to suggest than the following among the powers of the Collector should be transferred to the Committees subject to the final approval of Government, namely :—

(a) The fixing of the number of liquor shops in the area under their control;
(b) The fixing of the hours during which the shop should be kept open;
(c) The determination of the location of shops;
(d) The fixing of the licensing fee;
(e) The inspection of liquor-shops;
(f) The fixing of the conditions under which the licenses should be disposed of.

In case Government do not think it advisable to give these powers to the local Committees in all areas at once, then the Association would beg to suggest that these powers should be given as an experimental measure for two years at least to the local Committees in the Poona District; so that during the course of the next two years the necessary data may become available for judging the usefulness or otherwise of the proposed transfer of executive powers. Our Association conceives that Government have no unsurmountable objection to the making of these local Committees executive in function as long as there is an official majority of members of Committee.—I beg, &c.,

(SD.) ALEXANDER ROBERTSON,
Vice-President and Chairman, Poona Temperance Association.

## HIGH COURT.—JULY 26.

(Before the Hon Mr Justice DAVAR).

After the Chamber Matter is over.

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Long Causes.

392-09 Tyabji D and Co R D Sethna vs The National Bank of India Ltd Little and Co Part heard.
435-09 Tyabji D and Co D Balchand and another vs G Girdharlal and D Part heard.
276-09 Mulla and M Aishabai vs Haji Umer Haji A Little and Co Matubhoy J and M Part heard.
259-09 Madhowji K and Co Modhibai vs G Damoder and another Jamshedji R and D
1074-09 Raghavawa B and N Bhimabai widow vs G Veeram Wadia G and Co.
18-09 Raghavaya B and N Nairvahu alias Gungabai widow vs Shamcooverbai widow and another Shamrao M and H.
979-09 Raghavaya B and N Nairvahu alias Gangabai widow vs Shamcooverbai widow and another Shamrao M and H.
38-10 Gamanlal H Motichand Manchhasa a firm vs Kunjbehari Ravinarayen and others Captain V.
770-06 Jamshedji R and D Ishvardas Gorakhram the firm vs S Dharmrajmal and others Craigie B and Co.
1144-09 Wadia G and Co M Gordhandas vs B Jamnadass Narandass Madhowji and Bicknell M and R.
236-10 Payne and Co N M Marshall

# SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

## MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

DOCKYARD.

H M S Redbreast .....Comdr Shuter.....H M S
H M S Perseus .....Comdr Beaty Powell.....H M S
R I M S Lapwing ...Lt Comdr MacLean....Royal Navy
R I M S Hardinge .....Comdr Farewell.....R I M
R I M S Northbrook ...Comdr J Marsack .....R I M S
R I M S Dufferin.....Comdr A J Marsack.....R I M
R I M S Investigator...Comdr W Y Beauchamp.....
Survey Street
R I M S Palinurus...Comdr Tayl r .....R I M S

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—July 25.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Ariel | 2298 | Race | W & A Graham & Co |
| Bullmouth | 2607 | Powell | W & A Graham & Co |
| Clematis | 2368 | Robinson | Andrew Zoel & Co |
| Cowno | 3155 | Falla | W&A Graham & Co |
| Dwarka | 759 | Moxon | M M & Co |
| Delta | 4780 | Snow | P & O S N & Co |
| E F Ferdinand | 3942 | Cabol | A L S N & Co |
| Glenchening | 3007 | Craig | W & A Graham & Co |
| Hindoo | 3156 | Groves | James Finlay & Co |
| Indiana | 2608 | Parkar | W & A Graham & Co |
| Islami | 1604 | Grees | B & P S N & Co |
| Itinda | 3398 | Goss | M M & Co |
| Kamara | 505 | Elton | M M & Co |
| Mutra | 2985 | Seddon | M M & Co |
| Najmi | 2522 | Hallet | E & A M Jeewanji |
| Nowshera | 1961 | Rose | M M & Co |
| Nonsuch | 2414 | Weston | W & A Graham & Co |
| Nadir | 2041 | Atkin | T Morrison and Co |
| Orissa | 3525 | Kedslie | M M & Co |
| Persiana | 2616 | Gartsch | T Morrison & Co |
| Rahmania | 1872 | Coats | B & P S N & Co |
| Shah Jehan | 2566 | Bora | B & H S N & Co |
| Saifi | 502 | Willoughley | B & H S N & Co |
| Springburn | 3173 | Crosthwaite | W & A Graham & Co |
| Silvertale | 2440 | McLeod | T Morrison & Co |
| Viswa | 2176 | Emmett | M M & Co |
| Wardha | 2552 | Archdeacon | M M & Co |

VESSELS IN DOCK.—July [25.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

| Vessel. | Ton. | Capt. | Dest. | Date. | Agents |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| D & E Culms | 3693 | Farquherson | Antwerp | 4-8 | M M & Co |
| G Mohammadi | 1251 | Geddis | Persian Gulf | 6 8 | B & P S N & Co |

VICTORIA DOCK.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 Tosa Maru | 3160 | Nomura | Kobe | 29 7 | M Y Kaisha |
| 2 Scindia | 3253 | Kelso | Liverpool | 29-7 | W & A Graham & Co |
| 3 Kalibia | 3149 | Stewart | Dunkirk | 4-8 | W & A Graham & Co |
| 4 M Bacquehem | 2752 | Gallowich | Trieste | N F | A L S N Co |
| 7 Neidenfels | 3885 | Frisins | Karachi | 26-7 | W & A Graham & Co |
| 12&13 Caledonia | 3529 | Hayward | London | 30 7 | P & O S N & Co |
| 15 Trieste | 3203 | Witsche | Trieste | 1 8 | A L S N Co |

M W D D

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Umballa | 3426 | Rait | Calcutta | 26-7 | M M & Co |

H W P D

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Bahaduris | 829 | Fakan | Karachi | 26 7 | Bo S N Co Ld |
| Mahanadi | 547 | Ahmed | Marmagoa | 23 7 | Bo S N Co Ld |
| Sabarmati | 524 | Mahomed | Marmagoa | | B S N Co |

## ARRIVALS.

| July | Vessels. | Commanders. | From |
|---|---|---|---|
| 25 | Hindoo | Groves | Hull, June 23 |
| | Viruwa | Emmett | Moulmein, July 9 |
| | Kasara | Elton | Buschrs, July 16 |
| | Itinda | Goss | Rangoon, July 9 |
| | Builmouth | Fowell | Salik Papan, July |
| | Delta | Snow | Shanghai, July 5 |
| | Islami | Green | Sodeida, July 15 |
| | E F Ferdinand | Cabol | Kobe, June 13 |

The following vessels began to load on Monday:—
Steamer Hindoo for Hull
" Afghanistan for Havre, etc
" Kasara for Persian Gulf
" Delta for China

## MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

| July | Vessel | From |
|---|---|---|
| 18 | Peter Jebsen | Calcutta |
| 18 | Clan Chattan | Coast |
| 18 | Kilkeman | Bunbury |
| 22 | Rajah | Java |
| 22 | Twingone | Rangoon |

## STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Florio and Rubattino S N Company's s s "Capri" from Hongkong left singapore on the 24th instant for Bombay.

## BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LT.-COL. R. W. L. DUNLOP, V. D.

Bombay, 26th July.

553 Parades "G" Company—Parade on Wednesday 27th instant. Time and place will be notified hereafter.

556. Signalling.—Members desirous of attending a Class of Instruction in Signalling will please submit their names to Head-Quarters by the 27th instant. Semaphore signalling will commence on the 1st proximo.

557. Enrolments—The undermentioned having joined are taken on the strength of Corps and posted to "E" (Cyclist) Company.

No. 6959 Cyclist E Bersam.
No. 6260 Cyclist E H Priestley.

A. L. CARTWRIGHT, Capt.,
Adjt., B. V. R.

## BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

SQUADRON ORDERS.

BY CAPTAIN H.E.E. PROCTER, A. D. C., COMMANDING.

Bombay, 26th July.

School of Arms in conjunction with "G" Company B V Rifles.

The above Class will be held at the Town Hall, this evening, Tuesday, the 26th instant, from 6 p.m.

D. W. WILSON, Lieut.,
Actg. Adjt., Bombay Light Horse.

## BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR J. W. HAWES, COMMANDING B. V. A.

Bombay, 26th July.

120 LECTURE

A lecture will be delivered by Captain H C Richmond (Gloucestershire Regiment in the R G A Lecture Room Colaba on the 2nd August 1910, at 12 noon,

Subject—Battle of Quebec

All members are invited to attend.

E. P. CUDLIP, Lieut., R A.,
Adjutant, B. V. A

NOTICE.

CRICKET.

The following match has been arranged. B.V.A. vs. the Commercial Gymkhana. On the Oval on 31st July at 2-15 p.m.

Cricket nets will be available for practice on Mondays and Thursdays except when the B V A are engaged in Harwood League matches on these days.

DUKE ADOLF FRIEDRICH of Mecklenburg's Central African expedition sailed from Hamburg for the German Camerons on July 9. The region bounded by the equator and 10deg. north latitude and 15deg. and 25deg. east longitude will be the expedition's field of exploration. A journey to Lake Chad is also contemplated.

CAPTAIN H. E. PUREY-CUST, the Hydrographer of the Admiralty, states that during last year as many as 497 rocks and shoals, dangerous to navigation, were reported, and 32 previously reported as dangerous were expunged from the charts. The surveying vessels charted a length of 932 miles of coast-line and an area of 13,928 square miles was sounded over.


D. H. DAVISON, D. D. S.,
AMERICAN DENTAL SURGEON.
LANSDOWNE HOUSE,
Apollo Bunder, Bombay.

Poona Office: 6, LOTHIAN ROAD.

GENERAL FAMILY PENSION FUND.
ESTABLISHED 1870.
ACCUMULATED FUNDS, FIFTY-THREE LAKHS.

THE objects presented to all Europeans and Anglo-Indians by this Fund are much more suited to the wants of a husband and father than those presented by Insurance Companies securing capital sums payable at death.

12, Dalhousie Square, East, Calcutta.

J. V. NAVLAKHI & Co.,
Cheapest Dealers in
STATIONERY, DRAWING
AND
PAINTING MATERIALS
for Art Students, Artists, Engineers, etc.
RUBBER STAMP MAKERS,
KALKADEVI ROAD, BOMBAY.

STANDARD OIL CO. OF NEW YORK,
MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

| BRAND | Price. Rs. a. p. | |
|---|---|---|
| Snowflake, 150 deg. | 6 8 2 | per case. |
| White Rose, 150 deg. | 6 8 2 | " " |
| Chester, 125 deg. | 5 0 2 | " " |
| Devoe's Brilliant, 125 deg. | 4 12 2 | " " |
| Monkey, 125 deg. | 4 8 2 | " " |
| Elephant, 125 deg. | 4 3 0 | per two tins. |
| " 125 deg. (in Bulk) | 3 9 0 | per 8 gallons |

The Company's Local Agents sell all or any of the above oils at the prices stated. Deliveries of bulk oil on Malabar Hill and Cumballa Hill are made at half an anna extra charge for coolie hire to cover the increased cost of haulage.

All case oil sold by Standard Oil Co. of New York IS IMPORTED IN CASES.

Bandra Agent adds one anna to the above prices excepting for bulk.

Coorla and Andheri Agents add one anna and Thana Agent adds 2 1-2 annas to the above prices.

Order books supplied gratis on application.

NEW TEAS, NEW TEAS.
TRY THE
MAY BLOSSOM.
THE
MAY BLOSSOM
TEAS
Are the Best in the Market, having been picked and blended by an Expert.

A CHOICE CUP OF TEA
BE PUT OFF WITH NO OTHER.
SOLD EVERYWHERE.

APPLY EARLY TO
CROFT, MODY & CO.,
BOMBAY.
WHOLESALE AGENTS:
RETAIL SUPPLIERS:—Messrs. BRANDON & CO.,
Victoria Terminus, and Messrs. DENISON & CO.
Hummum Street, Fort.

MALARIA.
NEMESIS AGUE SPECIFIC,
is a rational Remedy for Ague, Malarial, Bilious, Plague and other Fevers. A General Bitter Tonic, and Heart Stimulent. Per bottle, Re. 1.

CHOLERA.
"ZAM-ZAM."
A wonder of the Age. The Family Remedy. Instantaneous cure for Cholera, Colic, Cramp, Dyspepsia, Griping.
☞ See the Trade-mark of a Wading Bird. Per bottle—Ans. 8 and Ans. 14.
F. S. MADON & CO.,
170, SHAIKH MEMON STREET,
BOMBAY.

TO PARENTS.
COMFORTABLE HOME for CHILDREN of Anglo-Indians. Every care and attention. Best Schools near. Terms Moderate. References kindly permitted to Mr. D. M. INGLIS, of Messrs. James Finlay & Co., Ltd., Bombay, and Mr. R. KENNEDY, 35, Marine Lines, Bombay.

BOOKS FOR SALE.
ROUND ABOUT BOMBAY.
By James Douglas. Rs. 5.
THROUGH ASIATIC TURKEY.
(Bombay to the Bosphorous)
By Grattan Geary (2 Vols.) Rs. 10.
BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.
By Grattan Geary. Rs. 5.
LAYS OF THE LAW,
(A Selection of Leading Cases.)
By W. E. H. Re. 1.
GIRAS AND GUARANTEE.
Being a Compilation of Decisions, etc. on Questions regarding Giras, Wanta, and other Guaranteed Rights.
By L. P. Parikh, Rs. 6.
Apply "The Bombay Gazette" Office.

DEWJEE CANJEE & Co., Chuckla No. 6. First Class Furniture on sale or hire. Inspection respectfully invited.

PIANOS
FOR SALE
FOR HIRE
On terms to suit purchasers or easy monthly payments for one or two years.
BROADWOOD.
BLUTHNER.
SCHIEDMAYER.
RICHD. LIPP.
GROTRIAN.
STEINWEG NACHF
PAUL WERNER.
MARCKS & CO.
SLIGHTLY USED PIANOS.—A few of the above celebrated pianos for SALE as bargains, condition perfect and fully warranted for same period as new instruments.
WORN PIANOS.—We employ expert renovators, hammers refelted, toned, regulated and pianos tuned.

MARCKS & Co., LTD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.


## NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*. All communications of a literary character should be addressed to THE EDITOR, and all communications regarding Advertisements and Business matters generally should be addressed to the GENERAL MANAGER. Communications should no be addressed to any individual member of the staff.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box 209, GENERAL POST OFFICE, BOMBAY.


# The Bombay Gazette.

Tuesday, 26th July, 1910.


## THE UNION OF SOUTH AFRICA.

GENERAL BOTHA, the first Premier of the Union of South Africa, made an excellent speech at Pretoria, the other day, in English by the way, declaring the policy of his party as regards the future of the united colonies. His opponents described it as a party programme, only entitled to party support. They deny his right to style his followers the Nationalist party, and pronounce his speeches a string of pious platitudes, meaning nothing. But to us, at a distance, there seems to be no reason for believing that the General was insincere in all he said and that he is not only willing but anxious to labour shoulder to shoulder with his former enemies in working out the destinies of the country. Before the Government was formed, as General Botha explained, he had to consider whether it should be one of a coalition or from the party which previously had the majority. Not only his own, but the experience of history generally, shows that coalition Governments are neither successful nor satisfactory, and the conclusion the new Premier arrived at was that a coalition was only practicable when all other methods were impracticable. Therefore he followed the fundamental principle obtaining in England—that the Government must be formed from the majority. His great opponent, Dr. Jameson, with whom he consulted, agreed, and though, of course, the latter will take the earliest opportunity of ousting the whole party, he certainly rendered his rival all the assistance in his power in the initiation of his Cabinet. Still General Botha claims to have introduced so fair and harmless a policy that it may be supported without compunction by the most moderate of Moderates. General Botha entertains the hope that the old parties will cease to exist and that they will weld into one. But that is utterly impossible, for when once parties have existed they will remain more or less actively alive for ever. Doubtless the unification of South Africa will mean permanent peace. But there cannot but be parties and splits when the Government undertakes the responsibilities and difficulties associated with railways, finance, fiscal policy, white settlement and education. The task of welding all races into one great people is one which is easier of contemplation than of solution; but it is safe and prudent, in general terms, to express a hope that whatever their differences may be, all will unite in the endeavour to promote the spirit of union—to make the greatest possible success of union under the British flag.

General Botha would have preferred—and fought for—a United South Africa under the combined flags of the Transvaal and Orange Free State; but he has long since recognised that that scheme is forever past. And now there is union it must be union in very much more than name. The past has shown that the country possesses the very best material, English and Dutch, so in the organisation of defence when that comes to be undertaken we may see, as General Botha expresses himself anxious to see, commandoes of both races with Dutch and English officers next each other. That is undoubtedly what we shall see in the course of time, but in conformity with the existing system we shall not call them commandoes. Both General Botha and his party mean to be progressive. They have in course of formulation schemes for the material development of the country and for the attainment of a stability hitherto unknown. They wish for a South Africa which shall be self-supporting and self-contained. They aim at ensuring scientific methods in all professions, at placing the financial system on a sound basis with a view to economical administration, at making the burden of taxation as light and equitable as possible, at placing agriculture on a higher basis so as to obviate the tendency of the people to migrate to the towns. The new Government proclaims its willingness to learn all of good that other Governments can teach them and to adopt an educational policy on non-party lines; in short, a policy which will ensure the utmost liberty of every subject in which they will acknowledge each other's history, traditions and language, and which will prevent South Africa falling back into the way of intolerance and narrow-mindedness.

With the exception of a declared opposition to Asiatic immigration the general policy is one of such principles as all parties may approve. But whether General Botha will be able to reduce them to practice is another question. His opponents say no. If they wish to help him it is within their power. But the other side, "the Unionists," as they have styled themselves, have another programme—one, however, which strongly resembles the Nationalists' in the main points, though it is more lucidly and concisely expressed. What they seek to do, when returned to power, is to make South Africa strong within her own borders and within the Empire by the adoption of a comprehensive scheme of national defence, including practical support of the Imperial Navy and by following all movements calculated to unite the peoples of the Union and to draw closer, ties which bind the various portions of the Empire. They would secure an efficient and impartial public service and its freedom for all political influence; improve the social conditions of the people by a vigorous education policy, restricting the sale of intoxicants, the supervision of the conditions of labour, the introduction of Conciliation Boards. They would promote closer settlement and increase the productivity of the land; encourage industrial development, railways, ports and harbours. The platform of the Unionists is a better piece of Parliamentary construction than that of the Nationalists and its framers have apparently a wider experience of political strategy than the other side. But whatever may be said in support of either, it is unfortunate both should suffer from the same defect which, in the point of view of India, is condemnable. Both set forth in the plainest and most unmistakable terms their intention of improving the social condition of the people by opposing the immigration of Asiatics into South Africa; the propaganda of the Unionists, however, specifically declaring that they will secure fair treatment for those who are now lawfully settled in the country. On the other hand the Nationalists offer them fair and sympathetic treatment—which is even vaguer than the promise of the Unionists. Asiatics lawfully settled would do well to obtain something more specific before throwing their influence into the scale on either side and thus they may, with care, become in the near future anything but a negligible quantity.

SAVARKAR. WE trust very sincerely that the vapourings of journals such as the "Matin" and the "Debats" will neither induce the French Government to demand the surrender of Savarkar nor the English Government to surrender him. This agitation has not its origin in the desire of any honest man to see upheld the "noble tradition of the right of asylum for political offenders which Britain has always honourably upheld," but in the machinations of the Socialist Jaures and the unconvicted rascal, Krishnavarma, and his associates. We should imagine, too, that the French Government, having through its officers in Marseilles, made the mistake of returning him to our police escort, will prefer to let well alone. In their own interests it is best that they should not press the remarkably small point of whether once on French soil he is entitled to their protection. Expediency is deserving of consideration. Granting that Savarkar was merely a political refugee and not under a charge of abetment of murder, the French Government should never for a moment forget that any revolution against the British Government in India is a revolution against the French Government in India, and though their possessions in this country are not what they were, their interests are as great and if anarchical subjects of the Indian Government may make their escape at Marseilles and be at liberty, Chandernagore, Pondicherry, Mahe, Karikal and Yanaon may become sanctuaries for hundreds of others to the serious perturbation of the French administration; besides in the process of driving the Mlechha into the sea the French subject will march side by side with the British. France should support us in every possible way at the present juncture. But for us she could not hold the few possessions in the East she still retains. The fact seems to be forgotten by our Paris contemporaries. In the interests of British justice, Savarkar should remain in our hands; in the interests of the French, it would have been provident if Savarkar had postponed his attempt at escape until the "Morea" had been half way through the Red Sea.

INDIAN LABOUR AND MALAYA. IT is rather a moot point just at present whether there will be an increased or decreased demand for Indian Labour in future to work the Malay rubber plantations. It is regarded as likely that the Dutch Government will prohibit the emigration to the Malay States of indentured labour, but it does not follow that the rubber companies will have to turn to India for a new supply, seeing that at present they seem to find it necessary to employ a certain amount of labour outside local Indian and Javan resources and are turning to China for it. Should these coolies prove to be satisfactory, there seems a distinct probability that no more labour need be recruited in India. However, at present, it is impossible to form any idea as it is not long since the first batch of Chinese coolies was landed. Only about sixty coolies came on that occasion, but it is stated that there are plenty more available as in many parts of Southern China, the population experiences scarcity of food. The *South China Morning Post* suggests that the Government of Hongkong should take an interest in procuring the 1,000,000 coolies who will be required, it estimates, for the Malayan rubber estates, and in directing a constant stream of others to make up for vacancies. It is also stated that when arrangements are made for Chinese coolies to be repatriated at the end of their contract, a better class of labourer can be obtained, and, in accordance with this dictum the Planters Association of Malaya recently passed a Resolution favouring the principle of repatriating Chinese coolies, provided the indenture entered into makes the importer and not the employer liable for the cost thereof. The labour problem in Malaya is one of considerable importance to the rubber industry, as it is not unlikely that the annual production of the Malay plantations may be the principal consideration deciding the rubber prices of the future.

BURMA HOSPITALS. A GOVERNMENT return shows that during last year there was another notable increase of hospital accommodation in Burma. The number of hospitals was increased by nineteen to a total of 252 and the additional provision of beds in this way amounted to 120, the total now being 4,489. The hospitals were increasingly used during the year, the average daily attendance being 6,512 as against 5,883 in 1908 and the total number of patients treated by the Medical Department of the Province was 14,20,473 compared with 13,20,929. During the last five years a great deal has been done in the province towards providing the hospitals with thoroughly modern operation rooms and up-to-date surgical instruments, although last year it is true much could not be done in this direction. In 1909 the effect of this policy is seen in the returns and it is with gratification that the Inspector-General reports that the number of surgical operations advanced from 31,076 in 1908 to 37,670 in 1909. The total expenditure on hospitals and dispensaries was Rs.13,39,188 compared with Rs. 20,64,964 in 1909, the saving of seven lakhs being due to a much smaller expenditure on buildings and repairs, which was principally accounted for by the fact that the New General Hospital, Rangoon, was nearing completion. This building, which is intended for the accommodation of 518 patients, was placed in use before the close of the year as far as funds available for equipment would permit, but the officer-in-charge still presses for the establishment of Ophthalmic and Maternity Hospitals as well. Another report mentions the necessity also of enlarging the Government Medical School. This is already becoming overcrowded and increasing hospital accommodation must occasion even greater demands on it.

THE P. and O. Company's s. s. "Egypt" with the outward mails of the 15th instant, left Aden at 3 p.m. on Sunday, and is expected to arrive in Bombay at 5 a. m. on Friday next.

THE next meeting of the Punjab Legislative Council takes place at Simla on 20th August next.

H. M. S. "PROSERPINE, cruiser, Captain H. S. T. Marshall, will leave Bombay this evening for Colombo, where she will undergo an extensive refit, probably lasting over three months. The crew will go in watches to the hills at Diyatalawa camp during their stay, and when the ship is ready for sea, she will again proceed to the Persian Gulf, to check the gun-running traffic. H. M. ships, "Hyacinth" and "Philomel," are also at Colombo at present.

SANCTION has been accorded to an estimate for carrying out certain additions and alterations to the station yard at Bandra.

COLONEL LONGE, R. E., Surveyor General, who is touring in Southern India, will arrive at Mussoorie on 5th proximo.

MAJOR LENOX CONYNGHAM, R. E. officiates as superintendent of the Map Publication Office, Calcutta, vice Colonel Fleming on leave.

THE death is reported of Colonel A. C. O'Donnell, Assistant Adjutant General at Pachmarhi, on the 24th July, from pyrexia.

H. H. THE MAHARAJAH OF MHOUBAIG has been paying a visit to Japan and has been entertained by the Indo-Japaness Association and Indian merchants at Tokio. His Highness has now left for England via America.

COMMUNICATIONS are passing between the Government of India and the Secretary of State regarding the proposed amalgamation of the superior service of Berar with the Central Provinces Commission. The amalgamation has been decided upon and questions relating to the scale of salaries are under discussions.

THE question of amalgamating the offices of the Administrator-General and the Official Trustee of Bengal has advanced considerably. Mr. Sanders Slater, Administrator General and Official Trustee, of Bombay, now on leave will be placed, it has been rumoured on special duty to work out the Calcutta reorganisation, and to suggest modifications in the existing Acts.

FOR survey purposes the Government of India have approved of the division of the country into three circles, the areas apportioned to each circle being as follows:—The Northern Circle, includes North-West Frontier Provinces, the Punjab, Kashmir and Jammu, Baluchistan, Sind, United Provinces, and Rajputana Agency and Central India Agency; the Southern Circle will include:—The Bombay Presidency, excluding Sind, Baroda, Central Provinces, the Madras Presidency, Hyderabad, Mysore and Coorg. The Eastern Circle will include:—Bengal, Eastern Bengal and Assam, Burma, and the Andaman and Nicobar Islands.

THE Bandra fishing-rights dispute has been raised again by the presentation to Government by the non-stake holding fishermen of a petition for an inquiry. Certain fishermen have planted stakes at the west of Mahim causeway, and others at the west of the Railway Bridge, and claim to do so by immemorial right. The other fishermen contend that by so doing they contravene the terms of the settlement which was made by Government in 1848, and that by regularly occupying positions at the places, where fish enter the creek and where large catches are made, they are robbing others of their livelihood. The petitioners also draw attention to the practice of selling or leasing fishing-rights, which they allege to be illegal. This is an old standing dispute and the last occasion on which it came before the public was in August last, when the stakeholders sought in the Bandra Magistrate's Court to restrain certain of the present petitioners from fishing in the creek between Sion and Mahim.

SIR ROBERT BREDON, late Acting Inspector-General of the Chinese Imperial Maritime Customs, has arrived in London. He will probably return to China in October.

# UNDER THE SOUTHERN CROSS.

## AUSTRALIAN AND HER POPULATION.

### Closer Settlement.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

MELBOURNE, JULY 11.

IT is generally admitted that the chief problem requiring adequate solution in Australia is as to how the vast territory of this continent is to be made to carry the enormous population it is so well capable of supporting. To rely merely upon an increasing birthrate is too slow a method apparently, to enable Australia to take its proper rank as the leading overseas dominion of the British Empire. And whilst immigration agents are hard at work in the mother country, pointing out the advantages here for suitable agriculturists and artisans, and emphasising the many attractions of life under the Southern Cross, the advent of new arrivals does not appear altogether to suit the policy of the workers already settled here. There is a difference of opinion respecting the actual need for more labour in the country, but this is a matter that must adjust itself as circumstances arise. Whilst there are frequent differences between employers and employes, consequent strikes and settlements by arbitration on the other hand, according to the employers, there is a great difficulty experienced in obtaining efficient labour when it is required, although high remuneration is offered. This is particularly the case with the agricultural settlers, and complaints are frequently made regarding the scarcity of hands at times when they are most wanted. It is a noteworthy fact that a large proportion of the workers who have followed the producing industry with zeal for a few years have now become farmers themselves, and the enormous rushes of applicants for suitable farming land are evidence that if this state of affairs continues the time must come when there will be more owners of the soil than men qualified to assist in its development. This appears to justify the policy of promoting and encouraging a well regulated system of immigration. Young men of good character, who have been trained to various avocations in the old land, and preferably with a little money in hand, should be able to settle themselves in fairly good positions in Australia without any lengthened period of suspense. So far the few immigrants who have reached South Australia have in the main, been successful, although there are always a few exceptional cases in which dissatisfaction is felt. By the Orsova on Sunday last 21 immigrants arrived to seek their fortune in this State, and 16 of these, who were men, obtained remunerative employment at once, chiefly in the country. One of them, an artisan, obtained a situation at £3 12 per week, which surely must be regarded as a satisfactory start for a newcomer. Whatever may be said against the immigration scheme by its opponents, it is obvious that there is plenty of work for millions to do yet in Australia; plenty of land to settle them upon, and the greatest social and political necessity for the influx.

CLOSER SETTLEMENT.

The policy of closer settlement is likely to be developed a stage further in New South Wales, and those on the look out for land for agricultural purposes will watch the progress of the new proposal in that State with interest. The Minister for Lands (Hon. S. W. Moore) introduced into the Assembly the other evening a Bill, the object of which is to facilitate and expedite settlement upon private lands suitable for closer settlement, by assisting small groups of intending settlers to acquire holdings direct from the owners, subject to the conditions of the Closer Settlement Acts. The machinery which will be set in motion under the Bill is intended to work concurrently with and as an auxiliary to the existing resumption policy of the Government. While this policy will be continued to the fullest extent required, the needs of small groups of intending settlers with limited means would be met by the provisions of the measure. It is proposed that where a group of not fewer than five people requiring agricultural land had come to an agreement with the owner as to the price, they might apply for the land to be brought under the Act; the Minister would enquire into the matter. Upon being satisfied as to the applicants' qualifications and eligibility, and that the areas were suitable for the purpose, he might refer it to the Advisory Board and the Commissioners of the Government Savings Bank for joint report as to the value of the land, and the Advisory Board also to report as to the suitability of the land for closer settlement. If the Crown's valuation, arrived at conjointly by the Advisory Board for the district and the Officers of the Government Savings Bank, be less than the price stated in the agreement between the proposed purchasers and the vendor the latter might reduce his price to the level of the Crown's valuation, or the proposed purchaser may pay the difference between the two prices this however being subject to certain restrictions. If the arrangement were satisfactorily carried out the Savings Bank Commissioners might advance to the vendor the whole or part of the purchase-money. The whole principle of the measure, it will be seen, is to allow intending settlers themselves under certain circumstances to take the initiative, and with the backing of the Government purchase land directly from the owners. Under proper supervision, the risk does not appear to be greater than the policy by which the Government buys the land itself, and resells to the settler on extended terms.

THE MURRAY RIVER.

After many years of inaction in South Australia, while Victoria and New South Wales have been pushing on with vigorous irrigation and water conservation policies, it would appear that something definite is to be done in this State to use the River Murray for the purposes for which Nature intended it; and if the present Government fail in this respect the expectations of those having the community's best interests at heart will not be realised. Desiring to let the Government know precisely where they stood in the matter, a large meeting of residents and producers in the Encounter Bay district, strengthened by representatives from all the southern districts between St. Vincent Gulf and the Murray, was held at Victor Harbor on Friday evening. The proceedings were of an enthusiastic nature, and unanimity prevailed as to the immediate necessity of beginning the work of locking the river. In order to cope with the rapidly-increasing traffic from the new hundreds in the Pinnaroo district, which resulted last season in many wheat trains having to be run from Murray Bridge on Sundays, it was resolved that the Government be urged to send the traffic down the river to Goolwa and thence to Victor Harbor. It was claimed that vested interests had deprived the Encounter Bay district of its legitimate trade, and that need should be made of the expensive works at Victor Harbor. Pending the construction of the proposed canal, it was urged, reduced charges should be granted over the wharfs at Goolwa and over the railway to the harbor. Sir Lancelot Stirling remarked that the breakwater and other costly works constructed at Victor Harbor had not been put there for visitors to sit upon and watch the sea breaking. Sir James Boucaut and his Government, who were responsible for the expenditure, were given the credit for being the only Ministers of the Crown who previously had not "shied" at the Murray water problem. One of the speakers a Labor man, said he had sufficient faith in the Verran Government to believe they would do what the meeting wanted without being asked.

PAPUAN RUBBER PLANTATIONS.

Considerable attention is now being devoted to the growing of rubber, and a party of Adelaide gentlemen have become interested in land suitable for that purpose in New Guinea. Mr. A. R. E. Burton, F.E.G.S., of Adelaide, has just returned from the island, where he has selected about 2,000 acres on behalf of the Adelaide investors. In an interview on Friday, Mr. Burton said this has been his first visit to Papua for the last 23 years, and he was greatly struck with the improvement that had taken place during that time. "Twenty years ago," he said, "nothing was known of the possibilities of rubber cultivation in Papua, but as the result of recent developments Port Moresby is a hive of industry and expectancy. When it is considered that there is no telegraphic communication between the mainland and New Guinea, and that you have to wait in Adelaide for ten weeks to get a reply to an ordinary letter sent to New Guinea, you will see the trade with that island is being greatly inconvenienced. Still, notwithstanding that, the value of the land has been realised, and within the next four or five years it may be fairly estimated that between £8,000,000 and £4,000,000 will be spent there in rubber plantations. The latest English company floated has a capital of one and a half millions. Several banks have quite recently opened branches at Port Moresby, and it is evident that those institutions had definite information before they took that step. Many plantations have now been started with Australian capital, and others are on the tapis. The country is entirely suitable for rubber growing. The native rubber (ficus rigo is indigenous, and grows prolifically. Those trees yield rubber of quality equal to the best Para, and I have brought a sample back with me, but, of course, they cannot be tapped as frequently as the cultivated tree. The country is particularly suitable for rubber growing owing to the rainfall and atmospheric conditions being favourable. Rubber is obtained 1 1-2 years sooner than from trees planted in any other part of the world. I saw a Para tree planted 6 1-2 years ago which yield splendid rubber. Labour is plentiful, and I do not anticipate any difficulties. The best plantation in New Guinea is that owned by Sir Rupert Clarke who has 500 acres at Galley Reuh under trees from years to 1 1-2 years old. I was fortunate in selecting 2,000 acres for the Adelaide syndicate adjoining that plantation. The climate, though very hot, is healthy, and the country is fairly from disease. The future of New Guinea does not depend on the growth of rubber, but I fully believe that when it has been thoroughly prospected for minerals there will be good finds in the mountainous country."

INDUSTRIAL LEGISLATION.

The Prime Minister on Monday last dispelled any doubt which may have existed concerning the form of the Government's amendment of the Constitution to give wider powers over proposed industrial legislation to the Federal Parliament. The Government's desire is to give power to parties to go direct to the Arbitration Court. Mr. Fisher explained that it was not the proposal of the Government to substitute the Arbitration Court for wages boards. That impression was not justified. "Our idea," he added, "is not to knock out the States in industrial matters. It is simply to make the prevention and settlement of disputes more effective. I hold that any action we propose to take will not lead to the supplanting of wages boards. No sensible government would put out of commission machinery that is working satisfactorily but I think it well to provide additional machinery to meet disputes which may arise and which the other machinery may not be able to settle effectively. You don't use a steam-hammer, to effect repairs that require only a hand-hammer, but it is useful to have the steam-hammer, on hand. Take the recent Newcastle coal strike as an example. It will enable me to explain the position. With an optional court, or if we had the power to intervene we could have closed that strike in as many days as it took weeks. When you are dealing with facts it does not matter what powers you may have. The miners were prejudiced against the State court. They may have been right or they may have been wrong. That is another matter. But if another tribunal had been available the miners would probably have gone to it straight away and settled the whole thing." Mr. Fisher went on to point out that at present any body of workers by making common cause with the workers in another State could go before the Federal Arbitration Court. "That is a round-about way," he continued. "Our proposal it will make it more simple. The Commonwealth will not stand by and see industry and trade paralysed if it is possible by the provision of an optional court to prevent it." "The aim," he concluded "would be to give either party the optional right to go direct to the Federal Arbitration Court." Mr. Fisher does not deem this an interference with the State courts, but on the contrary he holds that it is right of any man to seek redress where he thinks it is most advantageous for him to do so.

COMMONWEALTH FINANCE.

Again alluding to Mr. Wade's blame of the Federal Government's financial policy, the Prime Minister, Mr. Fisher, said on Saturday that New South Wales had been relieved of the payment for old-age pensions. "Mr. Wade's statement about the delay in paying over the money due to the States," said Mr. Fisher, "is paltry and childlike. The money will be paid during this month. I can only assume that he is exceedingly sorry that we were able to avoid harrowing, hence his bitter attack." Mr. Fisher went on to say that so far from treating Mr. Wade or any of the Premiers with discourtesy, he went out of his way in his public statements to indicate the terms on which the Commonwealth and the States' representatives could meet and discuss the interests of the people of Australia. It was only, after a meeting day for such a discussion has been fixed that the Federal Government could take any further action. "We have a mandate from the people to carry out our policy," added Mr. Fisher. "No Government has ever been more considerate of the rights of the States where they do not come into conflict with the good government of the Commonwealth than this one has."

INQUIRIES BY EX-INDIAN SOLDIERS.

Inquiries are being made by ex-soldiers of the Indian Army as to their prospects of employment in Australia. The Minister for External Affairs (Mr. Batchelor) has received, through the High Commissioner, communications on the subject from the Colonial Office. Sir George Reid suggests to the Secretary of State for the Colonies that the Commonwealth Government might supply the information direct to the Indian Government. Mr. Batchelor has asked the Premiers of the several States if they would furnish the necessary information. The Premier of Victoria has promised to do so and the Premiers of Queensland and New South Wales have replied that their Agents-General will be instructed to furnish the Colonial Office with the information. The State Premiers have also been requested to furnish the Commonwealth weekly with statements as to the openings for agricultural employment land settlement and the state of the labour market, and other particulars. The Premier of Victoria has agreed to do so and the Premier of New South Wales has replied that the Agent-General would continue to supply information to the High Commissioner.

A.

## OUR ARMY IN EGYPT.

We can hardly credit the announcement that Sir Eldon Gorst has chosen the present very inopportune moment of unrest in Egypt to cause it to be notified to the Egyptian Army that its soldiers are not obliged to salute the British officers of the Army of Occupation. Saluting is the first lesson taught in all armies in the matter of discipline and submission an advision that such an act of courtesy and respect from soldiers to the superiors placed over them is unnecessary would, even in ordinary circumstances, be an act of unpardonable folly and wickedness, capable of but one construction. In the present state of feeling in Egypt it is nothing short of a crime, and one which may be fraught with the most dangerous consequences. The whole British Garrison in Egypt does not exceed 5,000 men—one cavalry regiment, four battalions of infantry, and details; while the Egyptian Army numbers sixteen battalions of infantry alone. When we know that the whole responsibility of ensuring the safety of the country rests on our small force of British soldiers, it is incomprehensible that the British representative should, in the present state of unrest, have dealt such a blow at the very root of discipline and order.—"Globe."

LORD GLADSTONE, the Governor-General of South Africa, addressed a gathering at Johannesburg on the 8th instant. He said he would observe the coming political fight as an impartial South African, since none of the issues on which he had formerly fought now constituted a dividing line in the Union politics.

COLONEL W. H. MASON, late Bombay Staff Corps, has died at Malvern at the age of eighty. He joined the East India Company's service in 1846, and was appointed ensign in the 3rd Bombay Native Infantry. He served in the second Sikh war of 1848, and received the medal and two clasps and a General Service medal and clasp for a frontier campaign. Colonel Mason was with his regiment at Sholapore when the Mutiny broke out, and shared the responsibility which the absence of any British force entailed. Later he served with his regiment in the second China war, and did duty garrisoning Canton. In 1864 he was appointed Cantonment Magistr

# POLITICS AT HOME.

## RUMOURED SUCCESS OF THE CONFERENCE.

### "Details and Methods only Remain."

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JULY 23.

Mr. Ure, speaking at Trowbridge, said the Constitutional Conference was a wise step, and would probably be successful. Nothing remained, but to arrange details and methods. He did not predict an early election.

LONDON, JULY 24.

At a Liberal Demonstration at Crewe Hill Park, a letter from Lord Crewe was read, expressing the hope that the meeting would further consolidate the party in the constituency, in view of the important issues which before many months were bound to come up for decision.

LONDON, JULY 25.

To an eagerly awaiting House, Mr. Asquith this afternoon again announced the postponement of his statement with regard to the Conference.

## JAPANESE STEAMER SUNK.

### Over Eighty Passengers Missing.

LONDON, JULY 24.

Tokio telegrams state that the "Tetsurei Maru," bound from Kobe for Dalny with 246 passengers, sank during the night off the Korean Coast. Forty passengers were saved, and the remainder are missing. Warships are searching.

LONDON, JULY 25.

The Reuter wires from Tokio that 164 have been saved from the "Tetsurei Maru." The captain and a majority of the crew were unable to leave the sinking vessel. There was no panic. The disaster was due to fog. Mr. Cunningham, Vice-Consul at Osaka, was among the rescued.

## HURRICANE IN EUROPE.

### Latest Reports.

LONDON, JULY 24.

Latest reports state that fifty persons have been killed and hundreds injured in the Milan district. Great havoc has been wrought in the Monza region and the Memorial Chapel to King Humbert has been damaged.

## ANGLO-GERMAN ENTENTE.

### Advocated in Berlin.

LONDON, JULY 24.

The Berlin "Verwaerts," in announcing that the Government will introduce another Navy Bill in 1912 after the Reichstag elections, urges mighty agitation to induce the Government and the Reichstag to adopt the alternative policy of understanding Great Britain.

## WOMEN'S SUFFRAGE.

### Mr. Asquith's Reply.

LONDON, JULY 25.

At question time to-day, in the House of Commons, Mr. Asquith said the suggestion of a referendum on the question of women's suffrage was a novel proposal and the Government had not yet considered the matter.

## AMERICAN INSURANCE CO.

### Robbed of a Quarter of a Million.

LONDON, JULY 25.

The Fidelity and Trust Company of Louisville, Kentucky, announces a loss of £228,000 as the result of defalcations.

## PASSENGER AIRSHIPS AT LUCERNE.

LONDON, JULY 25.

A regular passenger airship service was commenced at Lucerne yesterday. Trips are being made round Lake Rigi and Mount Pilatus.

## FIRST AUSTRALIAN LINE OF STEAMERS.

LONDON, JULY 25.

A "Merchants and Shippers Steamship Line" has been formed in Australia. It is the first overseas shipping company owned in the Commonwealth. It will run five steamers, with the latest refrigerating equipment. There will be monthly sailings to New Zealand Canada, the United States and Great Britain.

## THE BARCELONA OUTRAGE.

LONDON, JULY 24.

Barcelona telegrams state that Senor Maura's assailant is reported as saying that he shot the ex-Premier entirely on his own initiative. He had no accomplice and does not belong to any secret society.

## PRESIDENT TAFT'S SPRAINED ANKLE.

LONDON, JULY 25.

President Taft has sprained his ankle while

## NEW JAPANESE TARIFF.

### Great Damage to British Trade.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JULY 25.

A statement by the Tariff Commission has been issued directed to showing the injurious effect of the Japanese tariff on British trade, especially in Lancashire. While an increase on goods from other countries only amounts to 5? per-cent. the average of new duties represents an advance of two-thirds on the existing rates on English commodities.

The *Times*, in an article, points out that upon the principles expounded by Mr. Asquith the new tariff must inflict a damaging blow to the commercial prosperity of Japan. It considers it extraordinary that a highly intelligent and progressive Oriental people agrees with Western people in absolutely repudiating the glorious doctrines of free trade and even more extraordinary that both prospar amazingly upon repudiation.

## CAMPDEN TOWN MURDER.

### Reported Arrest of Both Accused.

LONDON, JULY 25.

Intense interest has been excited by the news received by wireless telegraphy that Crippen and his companion, Miss Leneve, are on board the slow-going steamer, "Montrose," bound from Antwerp to Quebec.

Inspector Drew quitted Liverpool on Saturday on board the ocean greyhound "Laurentia," and he will be in wireless communication with the "Montrose" before Thursday.

The latest wireless message intimated that the captain had arrested the fugitives.

Some reports still speak of the fugitives being on board the "Sardinia," but it is now certain that the wireless message came from the "Montrose." Apparently the fugitives escaped on an excursion steamer from Margate to Boulogne.

## NEW EXECUTIVE MEMBERS.

### Announcement Expected To-day.

LONDON, JULY 25.

The *Times* says it is understood that Mr. Montagu will take the opportunity of the Indian Budget to-morrow to announce the appointment of Mr. Clark as Member for Commerce.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 25.

It is confidently expected that an official announcement regarding the Commerce Member and the newly created Education Member will be made to-morrow and Mr. Clark of the Board of Trade is being freely mentioned for the former and Mr. Harcourt Butler, Foreign Secretary to the Government of India, for the latter.

## CATTLE DISEASE IN YORKSHIRE.

### Stringent Measures Adopted.

LONDON, JULY 25.

Much concern is expressed by the farming interest owing to an outbreak of foot and mouth disease on farms in Yorkshire. The whole district has been isolated and 123 cattle slaughtered.

LATER.

Australia has prohibited the importation of British livestock owing to the outbreak of foot and mouth disease in Yorkshire.

## MR. KEIR HARDIE.

### Outrageous Speech on the Civil List.

LONDON, JULY 25.

Mr. Keir Hardie, speaking at Chester-le-street, discussed the scandalous waste of the Civil List. He regarded the existence of a king as proof of lunacy among the people. "Sane people would," he said, "govern themselves. The assumption that the people of Britain were intensely loyal was profoundly a mistaken one."

## BRITISH NAVAL REVIEW.

### Transferred to Torbay.

LONDON, JULY 25.

Gales have necessitated the transfer of the naval review from Mount's Bay to Torbay.

## THE SAVARKAR INCIDENT.

LONDON, JULY 25.

The "Matin" learns that the British Government is disposed to surrender Savarkar.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 25.

The Government of India have received no official information regarding Savarkar and if any communication is passing it must be between the British and French Foreign Offices.

## OBITUARY.

LONDON, JULY 25.

The death is announced of Mr. Money of the India List.

[William James Money, C.S.I., a Haileybury man, entered the Bengal Civil Service in 1853. From Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Monghyr, 1854, he was employed as Civil Officer with the troops in the Santal Insurrection, 1855 56. He was Private Secretary to Sir James Outram throughout the Mutiny and was present at the Relief of Lucknow and the final siege, and at the Alumbagh, and for which he was thanked by the Governor-General in Council, was mentioned in despatches and received the Mutiny Medal with two clasps. When he returned in 1879 he was District and Sessions Judge at Maimansingh. His youngest daughter, Alice Edith Money, is married to Sir Walter John Trevelyan, Bart.]

## IMPERIAL LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 25.

The next meeting of the Imperial Legislative Council will, it is expected, be largely attended both by official and non-official members. Among the officials, Sir Louis Dane and the Hon'ble Mr. Dempster are to attend. Among the non-officials, the Hon'ble Mr. Gokhale will arrive here on the 2nd proximo as the guest of the Hon'ble Sir Fleetwood Wilson. Mr. Basu is expected earlier, and it is not improbable that he will ask several questions regarding the present political situation, and the recent railway outrages. Mr. Mudholkar and the Rajah of Pertabgurh will also be present. Mr. Dadabhoy, only recently returned to Nagpur from Bombay, after undergoing a serious operation, is still very weak, and is unlikely to attend the meeting. The Hon'ble Mr. Chitnavis will also be absent. It is not yet known whether the representatives from Madras, and Eastern Bengal, and Mr. Jinnah from Bombay will attend, but there is still time for them to do so, as the final replies to the official invitations are not expected until the end of this month.

## THE ADABARI ARMS ACT CASE.

### Petition of Retrial.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

DACCA, JULY 25.

The Adabari Arms Act case of which the conviction and sentence of two years' rigorous imprisonment, including two months' solitary imprisonment, passed upon two young boys, Abani Ganguli and Rajendra Barori, by Mr. Ganga Charan Chatterjee, Additional Magistrate, were on appeal set aside by the District Judge as the previous sanction of District Magistrate had not been obtained before starting. The prosecution came up for re-trial this afternoon, one more new accused has been added. On presentation of a petition by the defence Mr. Ganga Charan Chatterjee transferred the case to the file of Rai Bahadur Suresh Sinha. After examination of six prosecution witnesses the Court rose for the day. Cross-examination is reserved.

## THE DEWAN OF BHAVNAGAR.

### Reception on Return Home.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BHAVNAGAR JULY 25.

The Nagarseth, leading merchants and the elite of Bhavnagar thronged at the Railway Station vying with one another to give an ovation to their popular and esteemed Diwan Saheb who returned this evening from Poona where he was invested with the most eminent Order of Companion of the Indian Empire. The Diwan Saheb, on alighting, was conducted to the Darbar Hall and was covered with garlands. The people showed the greatest enthusiasm and the Diwan Saheb was conducted in a State carriage in procession along the Station-road, Danapeth-road, Moti Bazar and Gogo Gate and was repeatedly cheered and richly garlanded en route. The route of the procession was lined along the whole length with closely packed people of the rank and file. The good hearted Diwan Saheb was visibly affected by this public manifestation of the outburst of feeling of grateful subjects.

H. H. the Maharaja Saheb entertained the European and State officers to a State dinner this evening in honor of his faithful friend and devoted guide, Mr. Prabhashanker.

## SIR HARVEY ADAMSON.

### First Official Function in Burma.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, JULY 25.

The Lieut-Governor at the Government House Garden Party, Mandalay, on Friday, took the opportunity of his first official function in Burmato express his and Lady Adamson's appreciation of the warmth of private welcome extended to them; public demonstration was impossible owing to the official mourning. Sir Harvey re-called the recollections of many of his friends of all communities who now passed away. He recalled signs of the trade of Mandalay improving slowly and of not being decadent.

## TEACHERS' COLLEGE ASSOCIATION.

### Mrs. Besant's Address.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, JULY 25.

Before the Teachers' College Association on Saturday, Mrs. Beasant delivered an address on the mischief caused by ill-informed and ignorant writers in the press, and platform orators, in misguiding youths of India to paths of sedition and disloyalty, and also creating hatred towards the Western nation. She gave the teachers wholesome advice, and Sir S. Subramania Iyer, who presided, advised the Indian Chiefs to start education on indigenous lines adapted to modern conditions.

## CHOLERA IN KASHMIR.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, JULY 25.

A Kashmir correspondent says that the outbreak of cholera in Srinagar has created something of a scare. A few people have left the valley altogether and others have decided not to spend their holidays in the valley. Gulmurg is full of people. Prospects are now improving.

## RAILWAY NEWS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 25.

The Secretary of State has sanctioned the construction of the Bhairah Bazar Tangi Railway, a distance of 41·96 miles on 3 feet 3 3-8 inch a gauge at an estimated cost of Rs. 6,59,927. It is not yet known when the construction work will be taken in hand and whether any funds will be available this year. The alternative route to this line was the proposed Bhairah Bazar Dacca Railway.

## KAYASTHAS OF BENARES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JULY 25.

At a meeting of the Kayasthas of Benares, Munsi Vindeshwari Prasad promised Rs. 500 to the Kayastha Pathshala, Allahabad.

## SECOND KHEDDAH CASE.

### Judge's Strictures on Procedure.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, JULY 25.

The second Kheddah case, known as the Anthrax case, against Mr. Dalrymple Clark, with Birch and Gupta as co-accused, was postponed to-day by the Chief Judge to Wednesday. Before the charge was read to accused Sir Charles Fox said he had doubt whether the Court had jurisdiction to try the case and wanted the Government Advocate to satisfy him on this point before proceeding. Among other matters Mr. Gavin Scott, the Committing Magistrate, had, when recording proceedings, given himself various titles and used seals, for instance sometimes of Special Magistrate, Rangoon, elsewhere of District Magistrate, Magwe or Katha. In the opening words of the charge Mr. Gavin Scott called himself Special Magistrate, Burma an unusual designation, and the Chief Judge did not think Mr. Scott could be taken as Special Magistrate, Burma.

LATER.

Sir Charles Fox, in postponing the Anthrax case against Mr. Dalrymple Clark, Birch and Gupta to Wednesday for proof the Court had jurisdiction to try the case, reviewed lengthily the irregularities in Mr. Gavin Scott's committal orders. Among these were the following: (1) Mr. Scott failed to be consistent in regard to his designation in recording the proceedings; (2) the appointment of Mr. Scott as Special Magistrate throughout Burma was inconsistent with the circumscription and localisation of jurisdiction by the Criminal Procedure Code; (3) the place where the offences are said to have been committed were not mentioned in the charge; (4) only the High Court or the Governor General could sanction an enquiry outside the district where an offence was committed, for proof of this sanction is not forthcoming; (5) if Gupta claimed a separate trial the Court would be trying a man over whom it had no jurisdiction unless the Governor-General transferred the case to this Court; (6) the Government of India's orders were indefinite sanctioning prosecution for falsification of accounts in respect of a report of outbreak of anthrax of which 230 elephants are said to have died. The Government did not specify which report it referred to. Mr. Scott put in five reports which mean that the Governor-General sanctioned the prosecution on those five reports; (7) a more serious matter was that accused was prosecuted under Section 378 A and Government would have to prove false entries were made with intent to defraud and cancel the previous defalcation.

## CRUELTY TO ANIMALS.

### Prevention Work in the Punjab.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, JULY 25.

During the month of June, 1910, Inspector N. A Charles, Agent of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, prosecuted owners of 25 animals in Lahore. He also spent five days in Amritsar during the month where he prosecuted and obtained convictions against owners of 53 animals. Out of this, 50 were sent to hospital by the Court for treatment and three were destroyed as incurable. In Mian Mir during this month he prosecuted owners of 27 animals and in all cases conviction was secured. The result is that there is a marked decrease in the number of cases of cruelty to animals.

## FRONTIER RAIDS.

### Two Deserters Caught.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 25.

Two Lakka Khel sepoys of the South Waziristan Militia, who deserted at Wanna on 14th July with rifles and some ammunition, have been caught by the Mahsuds and given over to the British authorities.

## CO-OPERATIVE CREDIT IN BENGAL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 25.

At the Co-operative Credit Conference to-day Mr. Buchan, Director of Agriculture, Bengal, in the course of his speech, said:—"We picture Bengal with village life invigorated with rural credit, with indebtedness reduced to a minor evil, with agriculture and industry revived. In six years 600 societies have been established with a capital of eight lakhs.

## PICTURE POSTCARDS CASE.

### Accused Acquitted.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, JULY 25.

E. M. Fernandez, clerk, Secretariat, who was charged with dishonestly misappropriating three parcels of picture postcards, was discharged to-day, the Magistrate holding he took delivery for all appearance in good faith, the name of addressee being very similar. The complainant has a remedy, for loss sustained, in a Civil Court.

## RAJENDRAPUR DECOITY CASE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 25.

Last evening the Calcutta police arrested Ganendrolal Sircar, who is one of the accused in the Rajendrapur political train dacoity case which is at present being tried by the District Magistrate of Dacca. Accused was searched a fortnight ago. He will be sent up to Dacca to-night under police escort.

## KING EDWARD MEMORIAL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, JULY 25.

A public meeting was held in the Town Hall, Amritsar, to raise subscriptions for the King Edward Memorial Fund. Rs. 16,000 was subscribed on the spot.

## DEATH OF CAPTAIN LENOX.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT).

SIMLA, JULY 25.

Captain James Lenox, for many years employed in the Intelligence Branch of Army Head Quarters, died yesterday. His funeral took place this afternoon and was very largely attended by the staff and men belonging to the Head-quarter staff of the Indian Army.

## SIMLA BOXING TOURNAMENT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONENT.)

LAHORE, JULY 25.

The Maharaja of Patiala has presented a cup of the value of Rs. 500 to be won outright by a Regiment scoring the greatest number of points at the Simla Boxing Tournament.

## THE AHMEDABAD BOMB.

### Alleged Conspiracy to Obtain Reward.

### ARRESTS ON SUPPOSED FALSE EVIDENCE.

A CORRESPONDENT at Ahmedabad confirms the the report of arrests in connection with the bomb-throwing incident during the Viceroy's recent visit there. Simultaneously with five arrests in Baroda, five others have also been made in Ahmedabad. In response to the offer of a reward of Rs. 5,000, three men were recently induced to give information to the District Superintendent of Police, which led him to believe in a conspiracy hatched by men both in Ahmedabad and Baroda. To the latter place, therefore, he despatched Inspector Ross, who arrested the five men who have since been remanded by the District Magistrate, at Ahmedabad. Mr. Thatcher and Inspector Sampson raided a boarding-house, made five other arrests and seized three finished and one half-finished bombs.

However is is now stated that Mr. Barrow, the Commissioner of the Northern Division, was unable definitely to identify any of the prisoners as the bomb-thrower, although he thought one of them appeared to be like him and since the arrests the Police have had reason to believe that they acted upon false information. The three informants therefore whose names are Dahya Bhawan, Chhagun Poonja and Parshottam Javer have been arrested, while the prisoners who were arrested on their information have been allowed bail. It is now alleged that the three informants induced Yeshwant Vaid and Laloo, a goldsmith, both men of Baroda, to come to Ahmedabad by promising them employment in a mill, and found them a room in the same boarding house in which they themselves were living. On the day before the arrests, it is stated, one of the three informants took a basket of fruit to his room and asked to be allowed to leave it there as his friends had gone out and locked their door. The Baroda men agreed and to allay any suspicion which they might have, the man who brought the basket took from it two pomegranates and divided them amongst them. The informants had previously told the police that people were coming from Baroda with bombs and now returned to them, it is alleged, saying that the bombs had been brought in a basket and fruit. The police made their raid, arrested the persons they found in the room and seized the basket, where beneath the fruit they found bombs and materials for making bombs. It is also stated that the informants to give colour to their story implicated two editors of vernacular papers at Baroda.

The three informants have appeared before Mr. A. Master, First Class Magistrate at Ahmedabad, on a charge of concocting false evidence, and have been remanded in custody till the 5th of August. Further arrests are expected on a similar charge.

## INDIANS IN GREAT BRITAIN.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JULY 25.

A private cable, received here, informs that Jawahir Lal Nehru and Dr. Kishenlal Nehru, son and nephew of the Hon'ble Mr. Motilal Nehru of Allahabad, have passed the B. A. (Honours, Cantab.) and B. Sc. (Edin.) degree examination respectively.

The citizens of Mirzapur formed into a Committee to accord a reception to Kashiprasad Jayaswal, B.A. (Oxen), Chinese scholar, Barrister, etc., returning next week.

## THE COTTON EXCISE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 25.

It may be remembered that the Hon'ble Mr. Dadabhoy gave notice some time since, of his intention to move a resolution in the Council for the abolition of the Excise Duty on cotton goods. This would, of course, involve the discussion of the financial policy of the Government of India, which though mainly in the hands of the Administration at Simla, is in fact controlled by the Secretary of State. The question was accordingly referred to Lord Morley, but as nothing further has transpired, evidently the matter is under consideration.

## AMRITSAR GIRL MURDER.

### A Mahomedan Arrested.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, JULY 25.

With regard to the murder of a Mahomedan girl, aged about ten years, at Amritsar, the police have arrested one Yasin Shah Imam of a mosque situated in the same street and who is an ex-convict.

## ILL-TREATING A WIFE.

### Husband Convicted.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, JULY 25.

The Revenue officer of Jhelum has sentenced Ghulam Mohamad, a sepoy in the Punjabis, to seven months' rigorous imprisonment and Rs. 30 fine for committing an assault on his wife and branding her.

## WIDOW RE-MARRIAGE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, JULY 25.

To celebrate the anniversary of the Widow Re-marriage Act a public meeting comes off this afternoon in the Brahmo Samaj Mandir.

## NAND GOPAL'S APPEAL DISMISSED.

### The Judge's Remarks.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, JULY 25.

In the course of judgment in Nund Gopal's appeal who was convicted for sedition Mr. Justice Chevis remarked: "There is a clear policy preached which is, that for the present violence is to be avoided but that the rising generation is to be taught and trained so that the present Government may be overturned in the future. The object aimed at is overthrow of foreign servitude, in other words of the present British Government, which is blamed for calamities of all kinds." His Lordship did not think the sentence passed by the lower court excessive and therefore upheld it.

## PERSONATING A POLICEMAN.

### Charge of Extorting Money.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, JULY 25.

The hearing continued to-day on a charge against Martine who, personated as a policeman, extorted money from milkmen and other natives. Mr. Lucas, Superintendent of Police, said that accused occasionally acted as police informer and witness was under the idea he was a private detective. The case will be resumed to-morrow.

## THE CASE AGAINST HAIDAYET.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

DACCA, JULY 25.

The case of Haidayet Master, a known Swadeshi preacher, charged under 109 C. P. C., came up to-day before the Additional Magistrate, Mr. Ganga Charan Chatterjee. One witness was examined.

## THE POONA SEASON.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, JULY 24.

THE chief event of last week was the Japanese fete and safe chantant at the Gymkhana in aid of the Sassoon Hospital. It was quite the best thing that has been got up in Poona for many a long day and the whole entertainment went with a swing and finish that is rarely obtained in amateur performances. Mrs. J. B. Smith was the chief organiser and exerted herself strenuously on behalf of the hospital in Colonel Smith's charge. Mrs. Roper was responsible for the programme, Mrs. Carmichael superintended the refreshments and Mrs. Dyson and other I. M. S. ladies, the decorations, while H. E. the Governor kindly lent his band which contributed two selections.

The Gymkhana has never looked prettier than it did decorated with great branches of cherry blossom, hanging sprays of yellow and mauve wisteria and huge bunches of gold and brown chrysanthemums and it was universally voted a mistake that so much labour had been expended for only one night's entertainment and that the performance was not repeated.

A great feature was the large and well trained chorus which remained on the stage the whole time in a series of very effective tableaux. All the ladies in the chorus, as also the waitresses amongst the audience, wore Japanese dress; the costume was very becoming to everyone, and perhaps, it is invidious to mention names, but Mrs. Roper, Mrs. Rose and Miss MacIver were certainly among the chief successes and the first two, who sang soles, obtained enthusiastic encores. The men in the chorus wore white naval kit and Mrs. Leahy who sang, "Jolly Young Jacks," brought back by-gone days at Days Theatre and Haydn Coffins impassioned notes and attitudes in that uniform.

Mr. Griffith, wonderfully disguised as a Chinese Soge man with a guard of Geishas, showed a real genius for comic acting and his by-play and pathos raised roars of laughter from the whole audience. Captain Davis, with his six little wives, was a magnificent Yen How in gorgeously embroidered costume, and Mrs. Byatt and Mr. Hudson both maintained the reputation they had won the week before at the Wanowrie theatre.

Mr. Fanshawe made the great hit of the evening with a topical song, "I hear they've introduced it into Poona," topical and up-to-date enough to have an allusion to our batting General's accident that same afternoon in the cricket field, every verse contained some neatly turned reference to the different matters that are amusing and aggravating Poona just now. The programmes were painted by various local artists and depicted different Japanese scenes; some of the comic ones were particularly clever and sold for high prices.

In spite of the continued absence of rain and want of dew, the hounds gave two excellent runs on Thursday morning meeting at the 4th Milestone on the Nagar Road. The first jack, after a long check in a stony nullah near the road, went off at a great pace towards Lohogaon village where he lost his brush in that forest of prickly-pear which seems to have no terrors for the master and his hounds, though most of the field preferred to give it a wide berth. A second jack was found not far off and took an excellent time over good country towards the Sisters, hounds finally rolling him over near Digbi. It was a run that some of the field at any rate hardly deserved, for the hounds had been a good deal hampered by some hard riders early in the proceedings before they could get well away. Accidents to two of the whips seemed at first to be rather bad ones, but their injuries have turned out since to be quite slight and one of them was out again on Sunday when the hounds met at Digbi. The first run was a fast and long one in a somewhat circular course towards Boseri, near which village, hounds run into their quarry. The second jack after a short run took refuge beneath a large boulder where he was perforce allowed to remain and the master brought the hounds home, for the morning was a hot and dry one and bad for scent.

There have been two cricket matches of some importance. One of them somewhat of a social functions as the officers of the Lincolns were "At Home" at the Gymkhana on Thursday when a match was played between that regiment and the 26th Cavalry and 127th Baluchis combined and their band played during the afternoon. This match ended in a victory for the combined teams by one wicket and 2 runs.

The other match, Poona versus Kirkee, resulted in a win for the latter team by 4 wickets and 8 runs, but the Kirkee eleven included Captain Tillard and one or two others who are usually counted on for large contribution to the Gymkhana score. Mr. Drake, Mr. J. D. Wickham and Mr. McCall between them totalled 168 out of the Gymkhana's 248 runs.

The annual levee took place on Tuesday at the Council Hall, a detachment of the Lincolns supplying the guard-of-honour. There was the usual display of uniforms of diverse colours with a sprinkling of those black coats whose cut and fashion are such a never failing points of interest on these occasions.

On Friday afternoon, Mrs. Alderson opened a sale of work at the Panch Howds Mission. The girls there are famous for their beautiful ecclesiastical embroideries and there was a large display of work of all kinds. On Saturday the 16th the Society for the Protection of Children held a large public meeting at the Council Hall over which H. E. Sir George Clarke presided. Dr. Mann, the Honorary Secretary, detailed the work of the Society; and there were several other speakers, including Lady Muir Mackenzie, who emphasized a further point, namely, that Masters and Mistresses might take more interest, chiefly educational, in the children in their compounds.

The weather is still causing a certain amount of anxiety. There has been no rain for over a fortnight and for a greater part of that time there has been a hot sun and a cloudless sky, so far the young crops, though they are somewhat behind hand, seem in other respects none the worse, and it is hoped that the clouds which have lately been coming up will soon bring the much needed rain.

## THE LATE KRISTO DASS PAUL.

### Lessons of his Life.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 25.

A crowded meeting was held this evening to commemorate the anniversary of the late Kristo Dass Paul, the Maharaja of Durbhanga presiding. The chairman paid an eloquent tribute, emphasising the lesson of Kristo Dass Paul's life which was embodied in the motto of "Loyalty to the Crown and Justice to the people." Mr. Sarada Charan Mitter who was the principal speaker of the evening elaborately sketched the life of the late Kristo Dass Paul, dwelling on the many sides of his character as Journalist, Municipal Commissioner, member of Councils and other useful occupations in which he worked. Referring to his habit of fearless criticism, Mr. Mitter said that had Mr. Paul lived to this day his counsel would have prevailed on the Partition question and consequent boycott agitation and prevented the mischief which the Boycott movement had done. Dealing with the present political situation the speaker emphatically asserted that confidence begets confidence and the ruling class should do well to follow the noble example of the late Queen Victoria whose administrative policy was noble, broad and worthy of a great name. Mr. Surendra Nath Banerjee, who followed, made an eloquent appeal for moderation and strongly advocated constitutional agitation. He spoke of Kristo Dass Paul as a public agitator and brought the lessons of his life to bear on the present political crisis.

Mr. Horniman of the "Statesman," who followed Mr. Banerjee, was exceedingly charming when he paid a tribute to the late Kristo Dass Paul on behalf of himself and the English Press. He feelingly touched on moderation, the principal feature of Paul's life. He said that every one should do well to imitate him in this troublous time.

Mr. Shirley Treasearne of the "Capital" was the last speaker. He urged for good will to be established between the European and the Indian communities. He said that the best way to commemorate the life of Kristo Dass Paul would be to bury the hatchet and begin anew. The two communities should try to live in peace and good will and bury all animosity and hatred which had become so prominent in public life in India. The meeting was eminently successful.

## MILITARY MATTERS.

(FROM OUR MILITARY CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, JULY 8.

### REVOLUTION IN SIGNALLING.

THERE is a new book on signalling in course of print which is likely to revolutionise Army signalling. It has been the ingenious idea of a Territorial officer, who prefers to remain anonymous, to apply the principles of shorthand and phonetic spelling to semaphore signalling. On first thoughts such a combination suggests innumerable difficulties, but the author claims that anybody without previous knowledge of shorthand can learn all that there is to learn in an hour, and that a little practice will make him a perfect signaller. The method is so delightfully simple that there appears to be no reason to question the veracity of this proud boast. When in addition to this, it is stated that the author has a trained squad who can send and receive messages at the rate of sixty words a minute, the importance of this new method becomes obvious. So confident, indeed, do the publishers and author feel of the eventual success of the new signalling code that they are offering substantial prizes for competition.

To all interested in the gentle art of signalling, the new method will be very welcome. We most of us have had cause to lament the slowness with which messages in the field can be sent by means of flags, and to be painfully aware of the very long time it takes to train signallers so that they attain even a moderate degree of proficiency and speed. It has always meant many weary hours of real hard work; also it has often meant that after a certain point has been reached certain men find they can get no further. It will be generally admitted that a great step forward in the transmission of intelligence in the field has been achieved, and it is to be hoped that the new code will soon receive the official sanction of the authorities, and that henceforth our signallers will be spared all those weary hours devoted to deciphering the Morse code.

The new method holds out yet another grain of comfort for the Territorial Army in particular. In the past we have always had to lament the difficulty of getting men to specialise in signalling, and the uphill work of maintaining in each unit a competent section of signallers. It has meant that some officer has had to be taken away from his company for training purposes, and that some of the most promising men have had to forego promotion in their companies in order to devote their time to signalling. This state of things should soon become past history, for it will now be possible for every officer, non-commissioned officer, and man to make himself better than an expert signaller with a few hours' work. It only remains to apply the same principles to night lamp work.

### NIGHT OPERATIONS.

During the past week the Oxford University contingent of the Officers' Training Corps devoted a considerable amount of time to this form of exercise. On the principle that the child is father of the man, so it may be said the Officers' Training Corps are fathers of the Territorial Army, for what they practise to-day the Territorial Army will be called upon to execute to-morrow. There will doubtless be many critics of the walk before-you-run order who have many arguments to advance why Territorials should not engage extensively in night operations, but there are many sound reasons why they should. Admittedly the qualities in which this force is most deficient are discipline and power of manœuvre. The essence of successful night operations demands the existence of these same qualities in the very highest degree, and there is no better method of inculcating them than by means of the exercise of night operations. It is possible in daylight to point out to units the lamentable lack of discipline, to criticise their drill, but it seldom that an opportunity arises to run into them the very disastrous results which might follow. During night operations these results become obvious to the meanest understanding and to the least imaginative of men. In the wee sma' hours every lesson that is learnt is learnt well, and is indelibly imprinted upon the memory. Whether it is possible really to teach average Territorials anything useful about night operations, or whether any commander would take the responsibility of leading citizen soldiers into the intricacies of a night attack is totally beside the point.

A good deal may be said for the walk-before-you-run system of training children; but many of these arguments do not apply to the Territorial soldier. If one starts with the hypothesis that it is essential for him to be able to run then surely it is better to teach him to run indifferently well than to attempt the task of teaching him to walk more or less precisely. If our Territorials are to answer the purposes for which they have been created—to deal with raids and incursions of foreign conscript soldiers—no amount of perfect walking will fit them for the job they have no time to spare on preliminaries, they must start in right away and learn how to run. Wherefore it is exceedingly desirable that they should spend the few hours' soldiering they have in learning the more intricate evolutions and exercises, rather than confining themselves to the tedium of barrack-square drill.

### THE DUKE OF YORK'S SCHOOL.

Ever since the County of London Territorial Association acquired possession of the Duke of York's School, thanks to the good officers of Lord Esher, conjecture has been rife amongst metropolitan units as to what is to happen, and who is to go there. It is to be hoped that when the distribution of headquarters is definitely settled, once and for all, due consideration will be paid to old association and ties.

In many respects the acquisition of this fine site will come as a boon. Those units who are at present without either suitable accommodation or local ties will rejoice in the possibilities of the Duke of York's School. In addition to such there are many other corps who whilst unwilling to abandon their present head-quarters for reasons connected with recruiting, will be only too delighted to avail themselves of the ground near Sloane-square for drill purposes. For artillery and Engineer units the new headquarters will be particularly suitable, both for drill purposes and storage. Perhaps in time it may be found possible to get the whole of the divisional troops of the 2nd London Division into the new premises, and also to transfer the divisional headquarters and the County Association offices to the same site. Unless a great deal of mischief is to be done, however, all the infantry units will have to be left where they are—with the possible exception of the London Irish, who have no headquarters worthy of the name or of the battalion. The brigaded battalions are already well rooted in their own grounds, whilst to change the headquarters of the Artists, the Inns of Court, or the Cyclists would be disastrous.

### NEW AMBULANCE SCHEME.

By the scheme now organised by the St. John Ambulance Association for county companies to give aid to the Territorial Army in time of war, two classes of local bodies are to be constituted. There will be called the St. John Ambulance Brigade Companies, to be formed under brigade orders, and the St. John Ambulance County Companies, which will be formed by the Territorial branch of the association. Both will be under the ambulance department of the Order, and in case of war in this country their services will be offered to the War Office. The county companies will be able, if they desire, to join the St. John Ambulance Brigade. The general principle of the formation of the county companies will be that which has been so successful in the past informing St. John Ambulance Association classes of instruction in first-aid home nursing, home hygyene, sanitation, and so on. The association will lay down its requirements and regulations, and any person may anywhere form and maintain a county company, which will be recognised and registered as soon as the regulations are complied with.

### MINIATURE RIFLE CLUBS.

The four days' competitions in connection with the London meeting of the Society of Miniature Rifle Clubs concluded in Saturday, when Earl Roberts (president of the society) attended to distribute the prizes. The meeting took place on the open-air range of the Ham and Petersham Rifle Club, and, although it cannot be said that the weather conditions were favourable, the shooting was of a notable character. Not only were some record scores achieved, but the general standard of marksmanship was really commendable, showing, as it does, the keen interest which is being taken by the members of the clubs in the object for which those clubs were formed.

One of the most interesting event on Saturday was the final stage of the competition for the Queen-Mother's Cup, for which there had been a large number of entries. This was the first year in which the cup had been put up for team competition, and Middlesex proved victorious, with 2,187 out of a possible 2,400, Radnorshire coming second, with 2,163, and Somerset third, with 2,112. Glamorganshire scored 3,125, but were disqualified.

The shoot for the Sir Elliot Lees Challenge Trophy (London Championship) produced a record. It was based on an aggregate of four competitions at 25, 50 and 100 yards, F W.Kemp (Southfields) being the winner, with 391 out of a possible 400, and E F. Coles (Shepstow) second, with 390. The previous record was 388, made by H. Parkar (Buxton) last year. The Sharpshooter contest for the Patriotic Challenge Shield, in which teams of four took part, was won by Southfields, Alexandra Palace being second. At the conclusion of the match Southfields entered into a friendly competition with a team of the Welsh Miniature Rifle Association, and succeeded breaking five 2in discs at 100 yards in 8sec.

EARL ROBERTS AND THE BOY SCOUTS.

All the competition had not been decided when Lord Roberts arrived on the range to distribute the prizes, and a break was made in order that his lordship might present those that had been won up to that point. As was explained by Lord Sudeley, the gallant Field-Marshal had caught a chill, and he was really there contrary to medical advice. Although he could not stay long, Lord Roberts, with characteristic zeal, inspected the guard of honour, composed of the Petersham troop of Boy Scouts who gave him a general salute on arrival. Addressing the boy, he expressed his great regard for the movement, and his astonishment at the improvement which it made in the lads in a short while. He considered everyone ought to be grateful to General Baden-Powell for the fine work he was doing. His lordship also inspected the troop of Australian mounted cadets and a number of Lord Robert's Boys, who were drawn up.

Before the presentation of prizes Lord Sudeley said they welcomed Lord Roberts not only as a brilliant soldier, but as one of the leading citizen riflemen, and one who was determined to get the young men of this country to realise the great necessity of qualifying themselves for the defence of the Empire. Lord Sudeley mentioned that 2,200 clubs were now affiliated to the society.

In handing over the prizes, Lord Roberts had something genial to say to each winning team or individual. In giving away the Queen-Mother's Cup, he said he was sure her Majesty would be proud that Middlesex had won it. He pointed out that Lord Sudeley's trophy—a silver model of a houseboat—was made by the donor himself and was a remarkable piece of workmanship.

LONDON CYCLIST BATTALION.

On Saturday night word was suddenly sent forth to the London Cyclist Battalion to mobilise. Each company commander was at once rung up, and the mobilisation machinery of the battalion, which has been kept well-greased throughout the spring, was set in motion. It must be remembered that ten cyclist battalions are destined to replace the coast guards on mobilisation, and that it is most essential for the cyclists to be able to mobilise and get to their war stations in the shortest possible space of time, since every hour wasted in taking up their positions on the coastline means an unprotected sea-board, and, perhaps, an unopposed landing.

The London battalion has thoroughly realised the importance of this fact, and each company has already practised its own mobilisation independently. The arrangements are simple, but extremely complete. By means of a carefully-worked-out telephone scheme, in which motor-cyclists and Boy Scouts play the predominant parts, provision is made for warning personally every individual man in every company, no matter where he may be at the hour the magic word "mobilise" is spoken from headquarters. Each company has a secret rendezvous, from which it marches direct to its allotted defensive area, reporting its arrival to the headquarters of the coast line. After word was given last night, without a single exception every company had left its alarm post and marched for the coast before the hour was out. Of course, companies were not at full strength. It would be too much to expect the most perfect organisation, to warn and get all men out within an hour, but by that time there were sufficient men to render companies effective units, varying between A 30 and 70 per cent. A man was left behind at each company alarm post to send on those who arrived later. Though it is feasible to march cyclists from London to the Sussex Coast on a Saturday night, and bring them back again on Sunday such an arrangement does not give time for any useful instruction by the way. Wherefore, the ingenious idea of taking the road which runs from Groombridge, via Forest Row, to Whiteley Hill as representing a coastal road, was resorted to. This road, fifteen miles long, corresponds almost exactly with the coastline from Eastbourne to Worthing. It was a terrible night. The rain came down in buckets, and inspite of their waterproof capes, most of the men were soaked to the skin by the time they reached the places allotted for their bivouac. These were mostly in barns, but in one or two instances the troops managed to get accommodated in the schools. The arrival of a company at a bivouac was a revelation of keenness such as one has hardly a right to expect. After fifty miles in the pouring rain, one would expect the drenched soldiery to be fit for nothing but grumbling and food, but there was work yet to be done, and there was no shirking. Despatch riders started off cheerily to report the arrivals of their companies, whilst sentries were posted over the bivouac. The only complaint I heard was that of a man whose food had got so sodden with rain during the march that it had dissolved into a sort of pudding. It was past midnight, and no food was to be had so his comrades collected a meal for him from their store. It is an understood thing that on mobilisation each man turns out with twenty-four hours' food in his haversack. It was amusing to note the selection of provender. Whilst some men put their faith in sandwiches, others swore by the sausage, whilst a few faddists patronised patent foods and biscuits.

This morning a most interesting exercise is being carried out. All along the imaginary coast-line is strung a chain of observation posts, with supports in the rear. Down this line motor cyclists are being despatched at frequent intervals, with picture postcards of all sorts and kinds of shipping, with the letterpress thereof carefully erased. Each observation post keeps a station diary, and sends in reports of all passing shipping. Speaking generally the knowledge of marine matters possessed by some of the observation posts is remarkable. No less than forty photos have been circulated and the majority of posts have been able to identify the west majority of ships stating not only the class to which they belong but in some cases the name of the vessel, the armament and the date of launching This is chiefly due to the seamanship classes which are held throughout the winter for the instruction of all ranks. At eleven o'clock a concentration was ordered, and after an inspection of equipment by the commanding officer and an hour spent in judging distance companies were allowed to march independently back to London. Considering the abominable weather endured by the men last night and the hard work they have been doing ever since their arrival I cannot speak too highly of the cheeriness and keenness of all ranks.

## MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 25.

Lieut. Wilkin, Devonshire Regt., on exchange to the Indian Army, is posted to the 2nd Lancers.

Major Watling, 16th Rajputs, is appointed 2nd-in-command of the 13th Rajputs.

Lieutenant-Colonel Dowell, Royal Garrison Artillery, is selected to succeed Colonel Fendall in command of the Mountain Artillery at Jutogh, in September next.

Captain H. C. Hall, 6th Gurkhas, Lieutenant W. K. Cook, 116th Mahrattas, and Lieutenant Station, 119th Infantry, are selected for appointment to the Supply and Transport Corps.

On return from leave Captain C. A. Elliott, R. E., is posted to the Military Works, Rawalpindi Division.

Major Wilkeley, 18th Cavalry, is appointed recruiting Officer for the Punjabi Mussalmans.


**Sal Hepatica**

As effervescing combination of its Tonic, Alterative and Laxative Salts similar to the celebrated Bitter Waters of Europe, fortified by the addition of Lithia and Sodium Phosphate. It stimulates the liver, tones intestinal glands, purifies the alimentary tract, improves digestion, assimilation and metabolism. Especially valuable in Rheumatism, Gout, Bilious Attacks and Constipation. Most efficient in eliminating toxic products from intestinal tract or blood, and correcting vicious or impaired functions.

For sale by chemists.

KEMP & Co. 7, Elphinstone Circle Bombay
BEYNON & Co. 85 Esplanade Road


## HIGH COURT.

### SANCTION TO PROSECUTE REFUSED.

On the Original Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Dinshaw Davar, Mr. Khandalawalla, who held Mr. R. D. N. Wadia's brief, instructed by Messrs. Mulla and Mulla moved absolute the rule obtained by Khusru Mobed Jamshed Irani calling upon Mirza Mahomed Kasham to show cause why he should not be prosecuted for giving false evidence and using fabricated documents.

Mr. D. N. Bahadurji, instructed by Messrs. Edgelow, Galabchand and Wadia, appeared to show cause.

In answer to the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Dinshaw Davar, Mr. Khandalawalla said that no appeal had been filed against the decision. The principal amount of the decree had been paid by the defendant and the costs were yet to be taxed.

Mr. Justice Davar then asked Mr. Khandalawalla the reason for delaying this matter for so long a time.

Mr. Khandalawalla said that the defendant was ill and asked for time. Besides his attorney, Mr. Galabchand, who had attended the matter throughout was not in Bombay.

Mr. Justice Davar remarked that the petitioner was under no obligation to grant time. Besides if he went on with this prosecution he would be put to very great inconvenience. His Lordship was not inclined to grant sanction when the matter had been delayed for so long a time.

His Lordship, accordingly, discharged the rule, observing that the defendant escaped very lightly and made no order as to costs.

## PARSI PANCHAYET SCHEME.

On the Original Side of the Bombay High Court yesterday, the revised scheme for the management of the Parsi Panchayet Trust funds came on for final sanction before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Dinshaw Davar.

Mr. F. Sorabji Talyarkhan, instructed by Messrs. Ardsher, Hormusji, Dinshaw and Coy., appeared for the plaintiffs and Mr. J. B. Kanga, instructed by Messrs Cragie, Blunt and Carve, for the defendants in the suit filed by Sir Dinshaw M. Petit and others against Sir Jamshedji Jeejeebhoy and others. Mr Kanga, appeared for all the parties in the suit filed by the Advocate-General against Sir Jamshedji Jeejeebhoy and others.

Mr. Talyarkhan said that all the clauses had been amended according to the directions of his Lordship and the following clause, as directed was added:—"The Trustees shall hold at least 24 meetings in each year for the purpose of transacting business in connection with the administration of the funds and immovable properties of the Parsi Panchayet and such meetings shall be held at such times as the Trustees may think fit."

His Lordship remarked that that was not the clause he desired to be inserted. What his Lordship wanted was that in the clause there must be a provision that "the Trustees shall ordinarily hold two meetings every month."

Mr. Kanga informed his Lordship that "Irani Parsees professing the Zoroastrian religion" were included in the definition of the word "Parsees."

His Lordship said that he would go through the amended scheme which will be put on the Board for final sanction on Thursday.

## POLICE NEWS.

### THE VITHALWADI MURDER.

YESTERDAY, at the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. J. W.S. Dracup, Third Presidency Magistrate, Inspector Smith charged one Punamchand Durga in connection with the Vithalwadi murder.

Inspector Smith stated that some of the missing property had been found with the accused, who kept a Marwari's shop, and that the accused would be charged under section 411. The accused stated that he had bought the property from Jagjivan, one of the accused in the murder case.

A remand was granted.

### THEFT OF AN IRON-BAR.

YESTERDAY, at the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. J. W. S. Dracup, Third Presidency Magistrate, Inspector Spiers charged one Bala Imambhai with the theft of an iron-bar belonging to the Bombay Municipality. It appeared from the evidence that on Saturday evening the accused was arrested with the property at Dhobi Talao by a policeman. Subsequently the 'Mall' of the University Gardens identified the property, which had been lying in the Gardens. The accused pleaded guilty, and admitted three previous convictions. He was sentenced to undergo three months' rigorous imprisonment.

### THE CARE OF CHIDREN.

#### Lieut.-Col. Collie's Lecture.

YESTERDAY, in the Hall of the Bombay Young Women's Christian Association, Wodehouse Road, Lieut.-Colonel M. A. T. Collie, I.M.S., delivered an interesting lecture on "The Care of Children."

Dr. Collie, in delivering his lecture, dwelt upon the importance of the subject. He said there were a large number of women who assumed an attitude of one who knew everything about the subject and who thought there was no necessity of learning anything about it from the mere man. The death-rate among children was appalling. He produced statistics to show the large death-rate among children in Bombay. The main fact he wished them to grasp was that a very large number of children in Bombay died before they had completed their first year. And it must also be remembered that ninety out of a hundred children are born perfectly healthy and capable of being reared up. The high mortality was due to ignorance or to wilful neglect of the child on the part of the mother. The majority of children died within the first year and some of the rest died after two or three years. He wishes to impress upon the mothers that it was in their hands to prevent the children fallings prey to diseases. One of the reasons of the child falling sick was improper feeding. He did not mean that Bombay mothers were more blameworthy than their sisters in other countries. It was a subject that was engaging the attention of every civilised country in the world. The death-rate among children was 11 in Sweden 16 1-2 in France, 17 1-2 in England and Wales, 20 in Germany and 29 in Bombay. This enormous death-rate could be reduced if mothers were educated as regarded the rearing of children. There were many kinds of mothers. Dr. Collie next described these—mothers who could not rear their children well even if they would, those who would not even if they could, and so on. Continuing, he said that children should not be overfed, and should not be fed at short, irregular intervals. He then dwelt as some length on the great value of milk as food for children. It was the only food which nature had intended for the rearing of children. He next explained the composition of human and cow's milk. Pure good milk was a vital necessity, which had been recognised by almost all the civilised countries. The Bombay Municipality was unfortunately a slow moving body. He hoped the Government would carry out the suggestion of having a central dairy for all hospitals. He deprecated the use of patent foods. Milk was the most perfect of foods, and they could never have a substitute for it. Clothing was another important matter. He could cite instances where the clothing weighed more than the child. Light and air was essential for children, and he therefore protested against the action of those members of the Bombay University who had consented to the only garden in the Fort being built upon. He asked mothers not to rely on ayahs. He wished some of them went to the places where children went for purposes of recreation. They would see things there which they would find shocking. They would find children playing in dirt and eating filthy food, while the ayahs sat gossiping near by.

A vote of thanks to Lieut. Colonel Collie for his able and interesting lecture terminated the proceedings.

# SPORTING NEWS.

## FOOTBALL.

### Harwood League.

COMMERCIAL GYMKHANA vs. B. V. A.

There was a fair number of spectators on the Oval ground last evening to witness the above match. The start was delayed for about 20 minutes owing to a player on each side being late.

The game itself calls for very little comment, the football displayed being of the very poorest description, in fact, with the exception of two or three players, the remainder played in a most listless sort of fashion. The Gymkhana won by one goal to love, Davis obtaining this ten minutes from the finish of the game.

Result.

Commercial Gymkhana..... 1
B. V. A. ..... 0

TEAMS: COMMERCIAL GYMKHANA.—Goal: Popham; backs: Harwood and Unapman; halves: Barnard, Johnson and Wilkie; forwards: Brown, Calvert Davis, Hepworth and Tweddle.

B. V. A.—Goal: Rose; backs: Vardon and Rowe, halves: Bellamy, Dickson and Oliver; forwards: White, Rogers, Taylor, Woolley and Cudlip.

## CRICKET.

MAHOMEDAN C. C. VS. BOMBAY JEWISH C. C.

A cricket match was played between the above teams on Sunday last at 2-30 p.m. on Marine Lines maidan, which resulted in a win for the Mahomedan C. C. by 52 runs.

The following are the scores:—

BOMBAY JEWISH C. C.

| | |
|---|---|
| R S Jacob, b Ishak ... ... | ... 0 |
| H Solomon, c Ishak, B Sami ... | ... 0 |
| S Judah, b Sami ... ... | ... 14 |
| Isaac Judah, b Isha ... ... | ... 2 |
| M Joseph, c Shumsudin, b Ishak... | ... 5 |
| S E Abraham, not out... ... | ... 4 |
| Moses Abraham, b Sami ... | ... 1 |
| A Moses, b Sami ... ... | ... 7 |
| Solomon Issac, b Issac... ... | ... 0 |
| S S Ezekel, c and b Ishak ... | ... 0 |
| M C Daniel, c Shaikali, b Sami... | ... 11 |
| Extras... | ... 9 |
| Total... | ... 53 |

MAHOMEDAN CRICKET CLUB.

| | |
|---|---|
| M Ishak, l-b-w, b Solomon ... | ... 9 |
| Y Sami, st ... ... ... | ... 17 |
| Shumsuddin, c Daniel, b Solomon | ... 7 |
| Shaik Adam, c Daniel, b Issac ... | ... 10 |
| M A Merchant, st ... ... | ... 16 |
| Shaik Hussain (Capt.) b Abraham | ... 3 |
| E Ebans, run out ... ... | ... 0 |
| Shaik Ali, st ... ... | ... 15 |
| Mahamood, b Abraham ... | ... 9 |
| A Lateef, b Abraham ... | ... 0 |
| S A Hussain, not out ... ... | ... 6 |
| Extras... | ... 13 |
| Total... | ...105 |

B. V. A. vs GLOUCESTERS.

This match was played on the Oval on Sunday and resulted in a win for the Gloucestershire Regiment by 31 runs. Scores:—

B. V. A.
1st Innings.

| | |
|---|---|
| Br Goodsir, run out ... ... | ... 0 |
| Sergt Spilling, b Scafe ... | ... 2 |
| Sapr Rogers, b Holmes ... | ... 1 |
| Sgt Barker, c Hailes, b Scaife ... | ... 2 |
| Lieut Cudlip, b Scaife... ... | ... 1 |
| Cpl Forbes, b Scaife ... ... | ... 9 |
| Gr Longley, b Bennett ... | ... 13 |
| Sapr Rowe, b Bennett... ... | ... 29 |
| Gr Oliver, b Goldsworthy ... | ... 4 |
| Sapr Biggerstaff, not out ... | ... 5 |
| Br Dixon, c and b Bennett ... | ... 1 |
| Extras... | ... 13 |
| Total... | ... 80 |

2nd Innings.

| | |
|---|---|
| Sapr Biggerstaff, run out ... | ... 0 |
| Sergt Spilling, c Wright, b Scott-Tucker... | 20 |
| Br Goodsir, b Bowden... ... | ... 6 |
| Sergt Barker, b Bowden ... | ... 7 |
| Sapr Rowe, c Wright, b Hewitt ... | 10 |
| Lieut Cudlip, not out a ... ... | ... 2 |
| Cpl Forbes, not out a ... ... | ... 9 |
| Gr Longley... ... } | |
| Sapr Rogers ... } Did not bat. | |
| Gr Oliver ... ... } | |
| Br Dixon ... ... } | |
| Extras... | ... 3 |
| Total for (5 wickets)... | ... 57 |

a Stumps drawn 6-30 p.m.

GLOUCESTERSHIRE REGIMENT.
1st Innings.

| | |
|---|---|
| Lc-Cpl Goldsworthy, not out ... | ... 72 |
| Lc-Cpl Ruck, b Rogers ... | ... 15 |
| Lieut Scott-Tucker, c Rowe, b Rogers | ... 5 |
| Cpl Scaife, run out ... ... | ... 4 |
| Lieut Holmes, c Cudlip, b Barker | ... 4 |
| Pte Bennett, b Forbes ... ... | ... 5 |
| Pte Sherwood, b Forbes ... | ... 0 |
| Lieut Hewitt, b Forbes ... | ... 0 |
| Pte Hailes, run out ... ... | ... 3 |
| Pte Bowden, l-b-w, b Spilling ... | ... 1 |
| Pte Wright, run out ... ... | ... 0 |
| Extras ... ... ... | ... 2 |
| Total... | ...111 |

YOUNG HINDU C. C. vs. MAHOMEDAN C. C.

The above match was played on Sunday 24th on Marine Lines Maidan, and resulted in a win by the Young Hindus by 82 runs. Scores:—

YOUNG HINDU C. CLUB.

| | |
|---|---|
| G R Gorakshkar, b Papa ... | ... 9 |
| R V Kirtikar, c Ismail, b Edroos | ... 12 |
| M J Kovarekar, c and b Papa ... | ... 3 |
| W B Kirtikar, c Edroos, b Papa ... | 1 |
| B M Dalvi, b Edroos ... ... | ... 28 |
| S M Dalvi, c Edroos, b Vali Mahomed | ... 18 |
| H N Patit, b Papa ... ... | ... 24 |
| U D Dhairywan, c Muzaffri, b Papa | ... 0 |
| A H Kirtikar, not out... ... | ... 8 |
| M V Kirtikar, run out ... ... | ... 2 |
| M H Kirtikar, b Papa ... ... | ... 6 |
| Extras ... ... | ... 13 |
| Total ... | ...127 |

MAHOMEDAN C. CLUB.

| | |
|---|---|
| M Ismail, c S M Dalvi, b W B Kirtikar ... | 3 |
| M Y Ghausar, run out ... ... | ... 8 |
| M A Contractor, b M H Kirtikar ... | 0 |
| A Shubsaly, c V Kirtikar, b W B Kirtikar | 8 |
| Shaikh Papa, b M H Kirtikar ... | 8 |
| Saaich Edroos, c S M Dalvi, b W B Kirtikar ... ... ... ... | 1 |
| Abba Muja, not out ... ... | ... 8 |
| Vali Ahmed, b M H Kirtikar... ... | 2 |
| A Muzaffri, c S M Dalvi, b W B Kirtikar... | 4 |
| M Shaikhaly, b M H Kirtikar ... ... | 1 |
| M Nensey, at Dhairywan, W B Kirtikar... | 0 |
| Extras ... ... | ... 2 |
| Total ... | ... 45 |

THE CLUB ROAD RECREATION C. C. vs. THE NEW YOUNG MEN'S C. C.

The above match was played on the former's ground and resulted in a win for the home team by 56 runs. The following are the scores:—

THE CLUB ROAD RECREATION C. C.

| | |
|---|---|
| Dostmahomed, c Gunpat, b Madhoo D ... | 1 |
| Abdula, b Gunpat ... ... | ... 37 |
| S Hewett ... ... ... | ... 6 |
| Goolamhussein, b Sitaram ... | ... 8 |
| Ahmed, b Gunpat ... ... | ... 5 |
| Alimahomed, at Ramchander ... | ... 1 |
| Hasanali, c Sitaram, b Madhoo D | ... 0 |
| S Williams, c Sitaram, b Gunpat | ... 10 |
| Syed, b Gunpat ... ... | ... 3 |
| V Conway, b Gunpat ... ... | ... 2 |
| Munshi, not ont ... ... | ... 1 |
| Extras ... ... | ... 4 |
| Total | ... 78 |

THE NEW YOUNG MEN'S C. C.

| | |
|---|---|
| Ramchander, c Abdula, b Goolamhussein... | 0 |
| Sitaram, b Goolamhussein ... | ... 12 |
| Govind, c Conway, b Goolamhussein | ... 2 |
| Luximan, b Munshi ... ... | ... 4 |
| Gunpat, b Munshi ... ... | ... 0 |
| Madhoo, b Munshi ... ... | ... 2 |
| Purshram, b Munshi ... ... | ... 2 |
| Chungoo, b Goolamhussein ... | ... 0 |
| Goona, not out ... ... | ... 0 |
| Kaloo, b Munshi ... ... | ... 0 |
| Madhoo V, b Munshi ... ... | ... 0 |
| Extras ... ... | ... 0 |
| Total ... | ... 22 |

## THE WEATHER.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, JULY 25.

The activity of the monsoon has been greater along the Himalayas and North-East India, but has diminished in the central and north central parts of the country and in Burma. Rainfall has been general and heavy locally in Eastern Bengal and Assam, nearly general in Chota Nagpur, Bihar, the submontane districts of the United Provinces and the Punjab, Central India, east and the extreme south, and local in lower Burma, Bengal Proper, Orissa, Bombay, the Deccan, Hyderabad, Madras. These have been few falls in upper Burma, the South of the United Provinces, Gujarat and the Central Provinces.

The principal amounts are:—Dhubri had five inches; Cherrapoonjee, thirty; Shillong, six; Mymensingh and Jalpaiguri, three; Darjeeling, one; Darbhanga, one and a half; Gorakhpur and Bahraich, two; Sialkot, one and a half; Raichur, Chitaldroog, Negapatam, Mercara and Kodaikanal, one; Salem, three; and Bellary, two.

Forecast:—The rainfall will probably extend into Kashmir.

Indian ocean:—Heavy rainfall at Zanzibar; at Seychelles it has ceased and the winds have been normal. At Mauritius, his pressure has been phenomenally low and the winds light. Conditions have become favourable, but still unsteady.

The following telegram was received by the Port Officer, Bombay, yesterday from the Meteorological Office, Simla:—

Storm signal.—Advance of monsoon persists through less marked at Coast Stations.

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER AND CROP REPORTS, 25TH JULY.

Amritsar.—Bright, no sign of rain. Cotton crop excellent. Crop prospects generally good.

Hansi.—Bright, no sign of rain. Rain much needed generally. Cotton plants want more rain. All crops doing well.

Mooltan.—Bright, no sign of rain. Crop prospects generally good.

Delhi.—Cloudy, but no rain. Cotton plants want more rain.

Agra.—Looks like clearing up. Cotton sowing making good progress.

Cawnpore.—Rain general over district. Crop prospect generally good.

Benwar.—Cloudy, but no rain. Cotton plants flourishing.

Amraoti.—Seasonable rain has fallen. Food-grains sowing has made fair progress.

Khamgaon.—Cloudy, but no rain. More rain wanted generally. Cotton plants healthy and crop making good progress. Food-grains prospects improving.

Dhulia.—Bright, no sign of rain. Rain much needed generally. Cotton plants want more rain. Gingelly requires rain.

Jalgaon.—Cloudy, but no rain. Rain much needed generally. Cotton plants want more rain.

Dholera.—Wet there, but dry in the surround ing districts. Food-grains sowing has been completed

Bhavnagar.—Cloudy, but no rain. Showery. Seasonable. Cotton plants flourishing.

Barsi.—Has every appearance of a continued fall. Unusually hot.

Sholapar.—Cloudy, but no rain. Rain general over district.

Hubli.—Sufficient rain fallen generally to enable agricultural operations getting a fair start. Food-grains sowing has made fair progress.

Bellary.—Sufficient rain fallen generally to enable agricultural operations getting a fair start. Continues cloudy.

RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

| | Santa Cruz. | Colaba. | Byculla made Fort. | Colaba. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | In Cts | In Cts | In Cts | In Cts |
| Previously registered... ..... | 32·47 | 28·39 | 28·21 | 26·78 |
| Monday, 25th July ..... | 0·20 | 0·25 | 0·40 | 0·25 |
| Total..... | 32·67 | 28·64 | 28·61 | 27·03 |
| Same date last year ..... | 53·64 | 50·27 | 59·31 | 44·11 |

MESSRS. KEMP & Co., CUMBALLA HILL.
July 25.
Rainfall up to 8 a.m.

| Station. | Last 24 hours. | Total to date. | Corpdg. Total 1908. | Corpdg Total 1909. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cumballa Hill | In. cts. 0·45 | In. cts. 30·80 | In. cts. 39·37 | In cts. 52·11 |

Appended is Monday's report of the Meteorological Reporter for Western India based on observations taken at 8 o'clock.

| Name of Stations. | Maximum temperature during the past 24 hours. | Minimum temperature during the past 24 hours. | Rainfall past 24 hours. | Rainfall since 1st June to date. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Bushire (24th July) ..... | 94·6 | 80·1 | ... | ... |
| Jask ..... | 92·3 | 86·3 | ... | ... |
| Muskat (24th July) ..... | 91·8 | 85·1 | ... | ... |
| Multan..... | 103·3 | 84·0 | ... | 0·71 |
| Rawalpindi ..... | 97·4 | 74·4 | 0·12 | 9·89 |
| Lahore ..... | 101·4 | 85·2 | 0·01 | 6·68 |
| Sirsa..... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Ambala ..... | 99·5 | 80·0 | 0·01 | 10·56 |
| Delhi ..... | 99·2 | 82·7 | ... | 7·29 |
| Agra..... | 96·5 | 79·5 | ... | 7·32 |
| Mainpuri..... | 97·3 | 82·0 | ... | 4·53 |
| Jhansi ..... | 93·5 | 78·0 | 0·33 | 9·13 |
| Cawnpore ..... | 97·2 | 79·0 | ... | 8·47 |
| Allahabad ..... | 85·6 | 77·0 | 0·09 | 7·43 |
| Jacobabad ..... | 107·1 | 82·3 | ... | 2·00 |
| Karachi ..... | 85·5 | 79·0 | ... | 10·43 |
| Ajmer ..... | 89·4 | 78·2 | ... | 9·18 |
| Jaipur ..... | 96·7 | 77·0 | ... | 2·28 |
| Kotah ..... | 92·5 | 79·1 | ... | 11· |
| Bhuj..... | 89·1 | 76·5 | 0·02 | 12· |
| Dwarka ..... | 87·3 | 80·2 | 0·02 | 8·44 |
| Veraval ..... | 84·1 | 78·3 | 0·01 | 9·72 |
| Rajkot ..... | 89·1 | 74·5 | ... | 16·52 |
| Gnanvagar Para..... | 90·6 | 76·2 | 0·03 | 15·36 |
| Surat ..... | 88·6 | 75·6 | 0·80 | 22·11 |
| Ahmedabad..... | 91·6 | 75·7 | 0·30 | 14·29 |
| Deesa ..... | 90·3 | 76·4 | ... | 13·42 |
| Neemuch..... | 89·0 | 72·8 | ... | 12·57 |
| Indore ..... | 83·6 | 71·6 | ... | 16·48 |
| Jubbulpore ..... | 86·8 | 76·3 | ... | 16·30 |
| Saugor ..... | 84·1 | 73·0 | 0·19 | 9·66 |
| Hoshangabad ..... | 88·6 | 74·4 | ... | 18 98 |
| Khandwa..... | 90 2 | 76·1 | ... | 12·90 |
| Akola ..... | 91 2 | 75·1 | ... | 12·89 |
| Amraoti ..... | 89·3 | 74·8 | 0·03 | 14·60 |
| Nagpur..... | 89·6 | 75·3 | 0 04 | 28·16 |
| Chanda ..... | 89·5 | 78·0 | ... | 17·06 |
| Raipur..... | 89·7 | 77·6 | ... | 20 69 |
| Bombay ..... | 87·5 | 77·4 | 0·25 | 27·03 |
| Ratnagiri..... | 86·3 | 78·4 | ... | 38·46 |
| Mormugao ..... | 86·0 | 77·2 | 0 02 | 50·21 |
| Karwar ..... | 85·8 | 75·5 | 0·03 | 66·40 |
| Malegaon..... | 91·4 | 71·6 | ... | 12·43 |
| Ahamednagar..... | 92·4 | 67·0 | 0 13 | 10·48 |
| Poona ..... | 84·5 | 69·3 | ... | 9·96 |
| Sholapur ..... | 88·3 | 72·9 | 0·18 | 7·79 |
| Bijapur ..... | 88·2 | 71·2 | 0·19 | 4 00 |
| Belgaum ..... | 80·3 | 67·1 | 0·01 | 15·37 |
| Aurangabad..... | 88·2 | 70·2 | ... | 7·22 |
| Nisamabad (Indur) ..... | 90·4 | 74·7 | ... | 11·24 |
| Hyderabad ..... | 92·3 | 73·7 | ... | 7·67 |
| Mangalore ..... | 81·3 | 69·8 | 0·95 | 55·81 |
| Calicut..... | 74·3 | 72·6 | 0·88 | 45·76 |
| Cochin ..... | 80·2 | 74·3 | 0·71 | 49 34 |
| Colombo ..... | 84·0 | 71·5 | 0·17 | 11·72 |
| Manipatam ..... | 89·3 | 79·2 | 0·20 | 12·72 |
| Bellary ..... | 92·0 | 69·3 | 2·08 | 4 62 |
| Cuddapah ..... | 98·2 | 77·6 | ... | 4·77 |
| Madras..... | 93·5 | 75·0 | 0·03 | 2·66 |
| Bangalore ..... | 82·8 | 65·2 | 0·24 | 8·94 |
| Coimbatore ..... | 82·4 | 70·3 | 0·04 | 2·94 |
| Trichinopoly ..... | 87.6 | 74·3 | ... | 5·35 |
| Negapatam ..... | 87·0 | 74·0 | 0·90 | 2·17 |

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT FOR THE 25TH JULY.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Monday, the 25th July, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Rawalpindi records 0·12" of rain. Skies are heavily clouded at this station, moderately clouded in the east Punjab, and clear elsewhere. Humidity is in excess in the extreme north and in defect in the eastern districts. Maximum temperature is in excess at Ambala and Delhi; the minimum is above normal at Lahore.

The United Provinces.—Jhansi reports 0·33" of rain. Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. The air is drier than usual in the west United Provinces. Day temperature is in excess at Agra, Jhansi and Mainpuri, and in defect at the other stations. Night temperature is normal.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are heavily clouded in lower Sind and lightly to moderately clouded elsewhere. Humidity and temperature are generally normal.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Ahmedabad and Surat report 0·30" of rain each. Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. The moisture in the air and temperature are equal to the average.

The Central Provinces.—Saugor records 0·19" of rain. Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. Humidity is normal or in defect. Maximum temperature is in slight excess in the western half of the division; the minimum is everywhere normal.

The Konkan.—Bombay records 0·25" of rain. Skies are generally heavily clouded. The moisture in the air is equal to the average. Day temperature is in slight excess; night temperature is normal.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Ahmednagar records 0·13," Sholapur 0·18," and Bijapur 0·19" of rain. Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. Humidity is normal or in slight defect. Maximum temperature is in slight excess; the minimum is normal.

General Remarks.—Rainfall has been general in Malabar and local elsewhere in the Peninsula. Precipitation has extended to south Gujarat. In the Central and United Provinces, on the other hand there has been a considerable decrease in the rainfall only isolated showers being reported to-day. Rain has fallen also in the extreme north of Upper India.

Nearly general rain is likely on the west coast of the Peninsula, local rain in the Deccan, the central parts of the country, Gujarat and Kathiawar. Isolated showers may occur in the United Provinces, Rajputana and the submontane districts of the Punjab.

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The reading of the barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 32° F. and for Calcutta standard at 8 a.m. (local time) on the 25th July was 29·689 inches. The height of Observatory barometer cistern above zero of the tide gauge at Apollo Bunder is 47 feet. The height of tide in the stream above zero of the tide gauge was 5 feet at 8 a.m. (local time). The temperature correction for a mercurial barometer, supposing the reading to be 30·00 inches and that of the attached thermometer 80° F. will be ·14 inch and this will be higher and lower by ·01 inch for each 4 degrees. In the case of the aneroid no temperature correction is required. Should the height of barometer cistern, either mercurial or aneroid above zero of tide gauge be different from 47 feet, it will read higher or lower by ·01 inch for each 11 feet. The readings given above are distinct in from those given in the daily weather report, to which different corrections have been applied.

H. A. ARMSTRONG,
Meteorologist, Bombay.

## PRAYERS FOR RAIN.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Whilst every one appears much concerned about the disappearance of the monsoon from our midst, we have hitherto read nothing in our local dailies whether any special prayers are to be offered up to the Almighty to avert the impending calamity of famine and drought. However, yesterday, it was announced in the Church of the Holy Name that His Grace the Roman Catholic Archbishop of Bombay had ordered the "Litany of all Saints" to be recited daily throughout this week during the 7-30 o'clock Mass in all the Churches under his jurisdiction as an intercession for rain. It is not as if we were reminding God of His duty towards us as our Caretaker, but rather vice-versa that prayers on such occasions are enjoined on us. As it is the lot of human nature to lax in our duty towards our Maker, the more so when we have passed through cycles of prosperity and expect the future to be likewise, the initiative of His Grace in the matter comes as a timely warning to Christians and others of a calamity in view, but which might be averted by our prayers. It is to be hoped then that the heads of other communities will follow the example of His Grace and enjoin on their followers the need for special prayers for rain.—Yours, etc.,

M. L. DOUGLAS.

Frere Road, July 25.

## NIAGARA SENSATION.

### Tight-Rope Walker's Thrilling Experience.

An ex painter named Williams, now performing as a tight-rope walker under the style of "The Great Houndin," had a terrible experience in mail week during the progress of a big carnival at Niagara Falls. The day was being observed as a civic holiday by the twin cities of Niagara Falls, and Williams had arranged to furnish a thrilling termination to the afternoon's merrymaking by executing a "slide for life" across the gorge from the American to the Canadian shore, hanging by his teeth from the sloping wire which he had had suspended between the cliffs. Through a miscalculation, however, he stopped short in the middle of his slide, and was only rescued after half an hour of agony, shared by the crowds who were watching him.

At half-past five Williams made ready for the daring feat. He was to slide rapidly across the gorge, waving the Stars and Stripes in one hand and the flag of Canada in the other, and amid the acclamations of 100,000 people he swung himself outwards over the abyss. But he had neglected to provide sufficiently against the risk of sagging due to the weight of his body, and his progress, after becoming gradually more rapid as he neared the centre, came suddenly to an end almost immediately above the swirling current from the power tunnel. From the upper steel bridge a couple of hundred feet away the watchers could plainly see the expression of agonised fear which passed over his countenance as he realised his terrible predicament, and in response to his frantic signals for assistance made with the flags he was carrying, encouraging messages were shouted to him through a megaphone while long ropes were fletche and other preparations made for rescue.

Williams clutched the rope grimly, and the crowds waited in silence. At length firemen on the bridge cleverly shot a rope across the cable where it was made fast at one end by Williams. It was sufficiently long for its other end to dangle close to the river and down which seemed from the shore the frailest of thread he lowered himself. The famous little steamer "Maid of the Mist," which makes journeys to the foot of the falls, was now being brought up by a smart commander, and it was not long before the rope, with Williams still a good way up, was seized on board. The danger, however, was not by any means past. To keep the "Mail of the Mist" stationary in such a current required almost phenomenal skill, and once the little steamer whirled rapidly towards the Canadian bank dragging the rope with her in a manner that made everyone gasp. Captain Carter, nevertheless, managed to bring her round again, and at length, amid tumultuous cheering, Williams thoroughly exhausted and shaken nearly senseless, dropped on to her deck. The

## BY THE WAY.

### GOLDEN ADVENTURES.

Nothing like the rush of Bitter Creek has been seen since thirteen years ago, the Klondyke discoveries set the world scurrying. It is inevitable that the two events should have much in common—the one pouring to an overcrowded area, with provisions hopelessly inadequate and of the wrong kind, the approaches to the vein of gold strewn with bones, not only of beasts of burden. A recent writer upon the Klondyke scenes recalls a strip of water eight miles long on which he counted eight hundred vessels. For five-and-forty miles his boat was never more than two hundred yards from another. It certainly seems probable that fortunes will be made in British Columbia, and it is impossible not to admire the spirit which carries a man first into the field. But no European stands much chance of reaching the goldfields till long after every possible claim has been staked out. As each day brings its further reports, it seems that the gold, though actually in existence, is neither so widespread nor so accessible as the first tidings led us to expect. Two miners on the "mountain" estimate that three thousand might possibly find room to work there, but three thousand is a very small part of the army that goes flocking to Bitter Creek. Much hardship and disappointment will be the lot of the vast majority.

### FOREIGN POPULATION.

A high light is thrown on the problem of foreign residents by the position of Switzerland. Switzerland pays for its natural attractions by an inordinate alien population. This population pays its way, no doubt, but not to the full extent. Herr Grenlich, of Zurich, who has brought the question before the National Council, can only compare the situation of his country to that of the Transvaal in the past, and hints a lugubrious moral from the fact that the Transvaal lost its independence. There is no immediate danger of Switzerland suffering in a similar way, and the circumstances are otherwise different; but, as nobody knows what the future may bring forth, the Federal Council is justified in the grave view which, according to the President, it takes of the matter. In some towns—Geneva, Zurich, and Basel are particularly mentioned—foreign residents constitute half the population; in others, 20 to 40 per cent. It is calculated that one-third of the entire population are affected by the resolution of the National Council to invite the Federal Council to report as to how the naturalisation of foreigners can be facilitated, special consideration being given to the question of the obligatory naturalisation of foreigners [born in Swiss territory. A system of naturalisation which should involve compulsory military service would not be at all to the taste of many of the foreign residents. Indeed, it is rather hard to see how such a system could be enforced with advantage to Switzerland. But it seems pretty clear that something must be done to defend the country against its friends the foreign settlers.

### FROM SWITERLAND MOTOR-BOAT.

One of the features of the seaside this year, writes a London Correspondent, is the motor-boat. The smaller kinds show off their paces before the admiring population of the beach, the larger carry parties up the rivers and estuaries or out to sea. The latter variety are not at present very swift, nor so the boatmen say, very remunerative, but improvement under both heads is bound to come. Our English builders, who already turn out excellent craft, may be relied upon to do still better. Meanwhile, a new use has been found for them. Seven Neuchatelians are going to venture on a voyage down the Rhine and across the North Sea to London. It is not everyone who would care to experiment upon the second half of this programme, though our sealoving race will doubtless provide many imitators of the Neuchatelians. The idea, however, should give a zeast to the exploration of Continental rivers by means of motorboats. In spite of a well-known and charming novel on a journey in this wise on the waterways of Holland, too little use is made of an invention which seems specially adapted to summer tours.

### BACK AT WORK.

Although scarcely a month has passed since Mr. Roosevelt declared in favour of "no public political utterances for two months," the ex-President has ratified his friends, delivering himself of a panegyric at Harvard on the policy of Mr. Hughes, and supporting the "Primaries" Bill which the Governor has a special Session of the New York Legislature, had presented. American politicians see a deeper significance in his action. Since his return Mr. Roosevelt has been in touch with every variety of Republican preserving strict silence the while as to his own opinions. Considerable doubt as to their nature has therefore existed, but this is now almost at an end. It is generally believed that the method of Mr. Roosevelt's re-entry into public politics proves his allegiance to the Reform Republicans. Recently he had an interview with Mr. Taft, an interview which will doubtless considerably influence the future actions of both gentlemen. On this side of the Atlantic the names of Mr. Taft, Mr. Roosevelt, and Mr. Hughes are considered to represent American politics. It must be remembered that these gentlemen represent but one side, and even when they work together their success is not invariably assured.

### THE BLACK DEATH.

The public, so eager when roused, writes a London Correspondent, is slow and apathetic in supporting the determined effort a section of the community is making to combat the evils of chimney smoke. A deputation, representing nineteen of the foremost towns in the country, submitted last week a memorial to Mr. John Burns, in which is set forth a series of facts forming cumulatively overwhelming evidence. There are, first of all, the indirect results of a smoky and foggy atmosphere, such as a temperamental depression leading relief in drinking, betting, and other forms of vicious excitement; such as windows permanently closed against permanent smuts. Eighty per cent. of the population lives in this atmosphere of fog and soot. These indirect results are not imaginary scares. A week's fog during a cold spell in Glasgow sent up the death-rate from 13,5 to 32,5 per thousand. The direct results are fog, dirt, and many of the other obvious unpleasantnesses of town life. Now for the remedy. Only London and seven large towns have so far given the matter serious consideration. In the years 1903 and 1904 these seven provincial authorities instituted 2,181 prosecutions for causing smoke-nuisance, whilst the other 102 leading towns instituted 164 between them. Until some uniformity is introduced into the campaign little good will come of it. This campaign should be conducted by means of cumulative fines, already tested in London and Leeds, beginning at £5, doubled at each subsequent offence within three years. It must be forced upon the offenders that "it is more costly to make smoke than not to make it." Then the ordinary domestic fire-places should be examined periodically, as carefully as the drains. The solution of the difficulty will probably be assisted by the employment of cheap gas, and to this end the selling of gas dear to relieve the rates must be suppressed as a piece of very false economy. The matter is not thus discussed haphazard. The London County Council are shortly bringing in a Bill to deal with the nuisance and the memorial endeavours to arrange that the Bill shall be comprehensive in scope and in application to the whole country. The health of a nation should be one of its first considerations. It seldom is.

### GOLF—SCORES PAST AND PRESENT.

To judge from the scoring in the recent open golf championship competition at St. Andrews, the giants of the past would have fared ill with their successors of to-day. In the forties of last ceatury it was thought a wonderful feat when such leviathans of golf as Allan Robertson (said to be the finest player of all time) and "old" Tom Morris holed the round of the St. Andrews links in anything approaching 80, which compares very unfavourably with the recent 71 of G. Duncan and Willie Smith. In fact, the average score of the champions of that time was nearer 90 than 80; although Allan, in a match with Mr. Bethune, of Blebo, once accomplished the round in 79 strokes. Allan's best holes were, however, something marvellous. Selecting only these, he did the nine holes, going out, in 37 (the eighth hole in 1); and, coming in, his score was 29. A total of 56 for the eighteen holes!


### BEAUTY AND HYGIENE.

For health, beauty and luxury, use the "ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP." which, Lady Constance Howard writes, "is pleasant to use and whitens and softens the skin." Also Testimonials from Countess Cathcart, Countess of Westmeath, Lady White, Viscountess Hemath, Lady Dorothy Nevill and many others. Delicately perfumed. Warning:—When buying the Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap see that the name and figure head of Albion are on the wrapper, as it by Chemists Grocers, etc


## MEN AND MATTERS.

### MARLBOROUGH HOUSE.

That King George is shortly to take up his residence at Buckingham Palace brings into question the probable future of his present abode, Marlborough House. It may be let until the Prince of Wales arrives at an age when he will be able to occupy this mansion. Should, as is being advocated in certain directions, a new Royal Palace be erected then Buckingham Palace, if it is allowed to stand, may become the residence of the Heir Apparent. Built in the reign of Queen Anne, Marlborough House has sheltered many Royal heads, although it has passed through many vicissitudes, being in a deplorable condition when King Edward, then Prince of Wales, came to live there shortly after his marriage. Sir Christopher Wren originally designed the house with a centre and two wings, but extensive alterations and additions have been made since its erection in 1709. Malborough House was intended as a tribute to the services the Duke of Malborough had rendered his country, and acted its purpose as the Duke's town residence until he died. The Duchess lived on here, but from the date of her death until 1817 little or nothing is known of the history of the mansion in the Mall. It was then, however, that Prince Leopold and the Princess Charlotte tenanted the building. In 1828 a movement was set on foot to demolish the house, but with the death of William IV., Queen Adelaide moved into it and lived quietly their until her death in 1849. But Malborough House will go down in history as the residence of King Edward VII., whilst Prince of Wales. Undoubtedly he loved the old place and took a great pride in the improvements he had brought about. On one occasions when a fire broke out there, so anxious was he to save his valuable collections of paintings and curious that he personally superintended the operations and acted with characteristic courage, narrowly escaping serious injury, perhaps death, through the falling flooring.

### "ADVANCE, KING GEORGE'S KEYS!"

The Lord Mayor has just received the first password to the Tower issued in the new reign. It bears the King's sign-manual, "George R. I.," and it enables the Lord Mayor at any time of the day or night, even though the guard is set, to pass through the gates to see the constable, or for any other public duty. Every three months a new password is sent to the Mansion House. Its periodical communication is a highly-prized Mayoral usage, although there is no record, in recent times at least, of the Lord Mayor having availed himself of these privileges. Another new note at the Tower is the use of King George's name in the stately and ancient ceremony of locking-up the fortress. On the stroke of eleven the head warder appears before the guard-house, and loudly calls "Escort keys!" The sergeant of the guard, with five or six men then turned out and follow the warder to the outer gate, each sentry challenging as they pass his post: "Who goes there?" "Keys." After the locking of the gates, the procession returns, the challenging process being repeated. Arrived again at the guard-house the sentry there gives a loud stam with his foot. "Who goes there?" he cries. "Keys." "Whose keys?" King George's keys." "Advance, King George's keys, and all's well." "God bless King George," exclaims the head warder. "Amen!" the guard responds. Then the guard presents arms, the officer on duty kisses the hilt of his sword and the warder marches across to the Lieutenant's lodgings to deposit the keys. After this ceremony no one may stir without giving the countersign and ingress and egress are precluded to all save the privileged possessors of the password.

### A PEERAGE ROMANCE.

The marriage of the Duchess of Westminster—to whom a daughter was born recently—to the present Duke was one of the most romantic in the Peerage. Before her wedding, the Duchess was Miss Constance Cornwallis West, and the Duke, as Lord Belgrave, fell in love with her when he was quite a boy. It is a striking proof of the old motto that "coming events cast their shadows before," that the Duke and Miss West went through a playful marriage ceremony when they were both children, the "minister" for the occasion being the Duchess' sister Sheila, who donned a tablecloth for a surplice.

### A PEER AND WOMAN'S SUFFRAGE.

The Women's Suffrage movement have a decided asset in the personality of the Earl of Lytton, who presided last week at the Conciliation Committee. A grandson of Bulwer Lytton, and a son of the distinguished poet "Owen Meredith," his lordship himself is a good patron of art and literature. Beyond a few masterly essays in some of the monthly magazines, however, Lord Lytton had accomplished no practical work in that field in which both his grandfather and father became famous. He, on the other hand, has devoted himself to politics, a talent, no doubt, inherited from Bulwer Lytton, who, besides being a novelist of distinction, was also a politician of discernment and judgment. More than once Lord Lytton has been called the best-looking man in the House of Lords, his romantic face with its clear-cut features well meriting him the title. But his lordship is by no means the dandy of the popular conception. As a matter of fact, in his own circle he has gained considerable fame as an athlete, being an uncommonly fine boxer and fencer.

### PADEREWSKI HORS DE COMBAT.

M. Paderewski will receive a considerable amount from the insurance companies on account of the attack of neuritis in his right arm, which has obliged him to cancel his London engagements. The great pianist's health is always so unreliable that he is heavily insured both for "life" and against loss of business. His hand alone has been "covered" for as much as £10,000. A good deal of Paderewski's ill-health is due to the state of his nerves, for he is an intensely emotional man. Some time ago he said that the secret of music is emotion. "Emotion," he declared, "is the principle of music, the foundation and finishing touch of art." Apart from his chronic neuritis, Paderewski has been extremely unfortunate in the matter of ill-health. Repeatedly, for this reason, he has had to cancel lengthy engagements worth scores of thousand of pounds. An attack of spotted fever five years ago caused him to lose a three months' tour in America at fabulous salary. This was followed by a railway accident, necessitating two operations. One of Paderewski's minor worries is the persistent autograph-hunter, who gets terribly on his nerves. George Grossmith once came to his relief when he was being pestered by the signature-seekers. Grossmith ruffled his hair to make it like the musician's picturesque mane and rushed wildly into the hall of their hotel, screaming: "I can sign no more; I will sign no more." Next day everybody was talking of the sad case of poor Paderewski, whose mind was becoming quite unhinged.

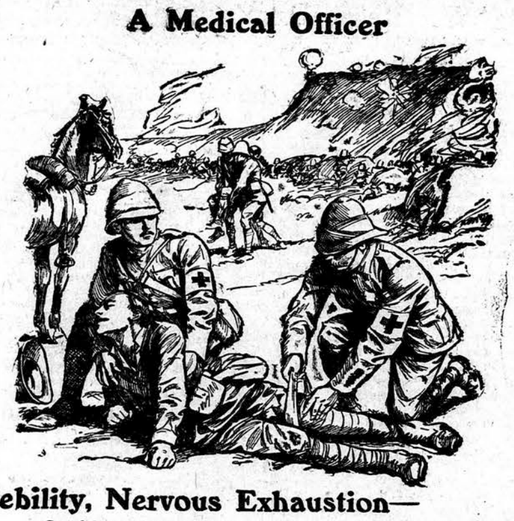
### POLITICS AND MEDICINE.

Sir Walter Foster, who has received a peerage, is one of the few men who have distinguished themselves in the dual roles of politics and medicine. In the best sense he was for several years the honorary physician to the House of Commons and, as goodluck would have it, was always ready on hand whenever any member needed his services. Although born at Cambridge, the new peer was educated in Ireland, but after obtaining his degree, returned again to England, where he soon established a medical practice. He has been Vice-President of the British Medial Association, and has contributed largely to the literature of medicine and sanitary science. In the course of his political career, Sir Walter filled important appointments, under various Liberal Governments notably among which was the office of Parliamentary Secretary to the Local Government Board.

### LOVE ROMANCE OF KAISER'S SISTER-IN-LAW.

There is more than meets the eye in the death from heart-failure of the Kaiserin's youngest sister Princess Feodora of Schleswig-Holstein. Little was known in this country of the Princess, and the announcement of her sudden death received scant attention in the newspapers. Princess Feodora's short life (she was only thirty-six) was blighted by a love tragedy. Some years ago her fiance, Duke Frederick of Mecklenburg-Schwerin, perished in the Baltic while in command of a torpedo boat, the entire crew of which went down with him. This terrible event left a permanent impression on the Princess's mind and character. She never really recovered from the shock, and although she afterwards received many splendid offers of marriage, they were all unhesitatingly refused. Even the throne of Italy was open to her if she had consented to change her religion from Lutheranism to Roman Catholicism.


## A Medical Officer



## Debility, Nervous Exhaustion—

Certainly the absolute confidence of eminent doctors is evidence enough of the exceptional benefits imparted by Phosferine. Even doctors cannot do more to prove their confidence than by *using Phosferine to remedy their own disorders.* Could any proof be more definite, more convincing than the testimony of John Dodd, D.S.M., Medical Officer in the late South African War, who says: "After being shot through both lungs I was dangerously reduced, and I attribute it solely to Phosferine that I regained my usual health. I have *proved* the value of Phosferine in brain, nerve, and muscular exhaustion." This brilliant medical officer found Phosferine particularly serviceable for insufficiency of nerve force, and declares nothing was so suitable in combating fevers, chills, &c.

## Not possible now

John Dodd, D.S.M. (late of the Medical Staff, 5th Imperial Yeomanry, 1st Brigade, South Africa), Ladysmith House, Witton-le-Wear, writes:—"I have had considerable experience in the use of your invaluable remedy Phosferine, and it has proved particularly serviceable where there exists *insufficiency of nerve force.* This condition, often due to primary weakness, lays the system open to influenza, colds, neuralgia, rheumatism, indigestion, fevers, and in remedying this predisposition I have found *nothing so suitable* as your preparation. Phosferine invariably goes to the root of the mischief direct. The *certainty* of its action is moreover an estimable feature. In debility and kindred ailments, caused by a reduced system, *it has unprecedented power*, and in my own case I can bear evidence to its exceptional value, and am indeed greatly indebted to its wonderful restorative properties. During the late war in South Africa, I was shot through both lungs and pericardium and that reduced me most dangerously; after taking Phosferine for about two months it brought me back to my usual health. *I attribute this solely to the use of Phosferine.* I have advised Phosferine in several cases, and *proved* its value in brain, nerve, and muscular exhaustion."—March 11, 1910.

# PHOSFERINE

**THE GREATEST OF ALL TONICS**

**A PROVEN REMEDY FOR**

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Nervous Debility | Neuralgia | Lassitude | Backache |
| Influenza | Maternity Weakness | Neuritis | Rheumatism |
| Indigestion | Premature Decay | Faintness | Headache |
| Sleeplessness | Mental Exhaustion | Brain-Fag | Hysteria |

**and all disorders consequent upon a reduced state of the nervous system.**

## The Remedy of Kings

Phosferine has been supplied by Royal Commands

| | |
|---|---|
| To the Royal Family | The Imperial Family of China |
| H.I.M. the Empress of Russia | H.M. the Queen of Roumania |
| H.M. the King of Spain | H.I.M. the Dowager Empress of Russia |
| H.M. the King of Greece | H.R.H. The Grand Duchess of Hesse |

And the Principal Royalty and Aristocracy throughout the World.

Proprietors: Ashton & Parsons, Ltd., La Belle Sauvage, Ludgate Hill, London, England.
Price in Great Britain, bottles, 1/1½, 2/9 and 4/6 Sold by all Chemists, Stores, &c.
The 2/9 size contains nearly four times the 1/1½ size.

*Wholesale Agents:—*

**Messrs. J. A. KIRKBRIDE & Co., 60, Tamarind Lane, BOMBAY.**

# ICY COLD DRINKS

You can to-day keep any liquid ice cold for 24 hours.

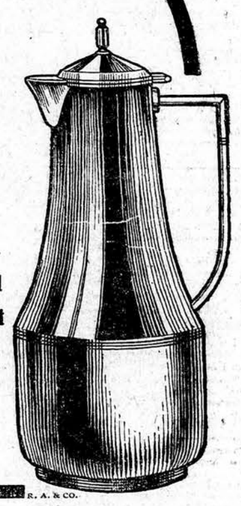
All you want is a

## THERMOS TABLE JUG

The temperature of its contents is unaffected by outside circumstances.

**Cold Drinks remain Cold**

**Hot Drinks remain Hot**



**Invaluable to Mothers, Nurses, Invalids and Housewives.**

Of all Chemists, Ironmongers, Jewellers and Stores.

Wholesale only: A. E. GUTMANN & Co., 8, Long Lane, London, E.C.

*Beware of worthless, imitations. Infringers of Thermos Patents are being prosecuted.*

R. A. & CO.

# SAINT-RAPHAËL

**TONIC, RESTORATIVE, DIGESTIVE WINE**

**Very palatable.**

*Known throughout the world and prescribed in all cases of **Anæmia, Debility** and **Convalescence**, to **young women, children** and the **aged.** Invaluable in hot climates.*

DOSE: One wine-glass after the two principal meals.

*Each bottle of genuine* **VIN SAINT-RAPHAËL** *bears, in addition to the registered trade-mark:*

(1) The **WARRANTY STAMP** of the **UNION DES FABRICANTS.**
(2) A **METAL SEAL** advertising **CLETEAS.**

**CLETEAS** *is a* **MELISSA** *and* **MINT** *cordial which surpasses all others by its purity and faultless preparation. To be taken on a lump of sugar.*

**COMPAGNIE du VIN SAINT-RAPHAEL, Valence** (Drôme-France).
**SPENCER & C°,** Sole Agents for *Madras.* — **PHILLIPS & C°,** Agents in *Bombay.*
**DUMOULIN & C°,** Agents in *Pondichéry.*

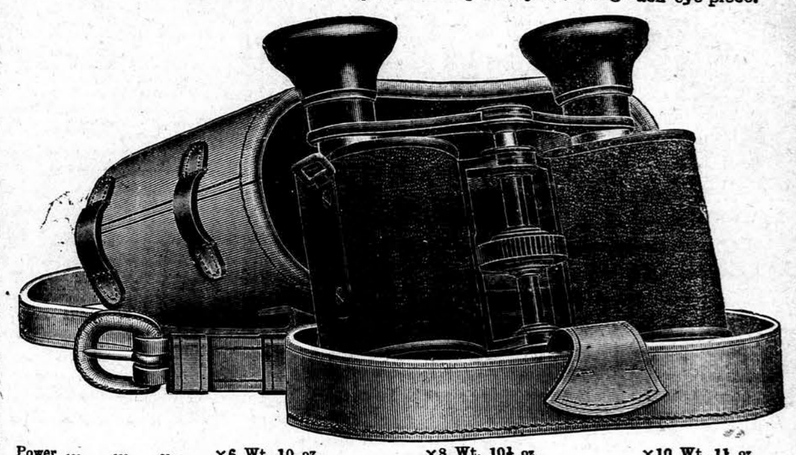
THE LATEST MARVEL

**GOERZ** **PAGOR**

**A TELESCOPE IN OPERA GLASS SIZE. ARMY AND SPORTING MODELS.**

The Goerz "Pagor" Binocular has all the properties expected in the finest type of prismatic field glass, though smallar in size than the present Trieder Binoculars, or indeed, any other Prism glass. The "Pagors" are hand telescopes which are no larger than the ordinary opera glass. Small, handy, and convenient in form, the "Pagor" may be easily carried in a poeket or in a lady's wrist bag without its weight or its size proving inconvenient. Small as the glass is, it is optically perfect. Its definition is particularly sharp and clear, and is equal from edge to edge of the picture. It has a large field of view nine times greater than that of the ordinary type of field glass while the power is the greatest that has yet been obtained in the glasses of the same size.

The Goerz "Pagor" Binoculars are focussed in the same manner as the ordinary opera glass by the rotation of a small wheel, a method much more accurate and convenient than the troublesome system of separately adjusting each eye-piece.



| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Power ... ... ... | ×6 Wt. 10 oz. | ×8 Wt. 10½ oz. | ×10 Wt. 11 oz. |
| Price ... ... ... | Rs. 110, Cash Rs. 100 | Rs. 122-8, Cash Rs. 110 | Rs. 133, Cash Rs. 120 |

**Complete with solid leather case.**

**MARCKS & CO., LTD.,** SOLE AGENTS, BOMBAY AND POONA.

# ELLIMAN'S EMBROCATION

*Pain arising* FROM *Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sore Throat from Cold, Cold at the Chest, Neuralgia from Cold, Chronic Bronchitis, Sprain, Backache, Bruises, Slight Cuts, Cramp, Soreness of the Limbs after exercise,* is best treated by using ELLIMAN'S *according to the information* given in the Elliman R.E.P. booklet 96 pages, (illustrated) which is placed inside cartons with all bottles of Elliman's price 1/1½, 2/9 & 4/-. The R.E.P. booklet also contains other information of such practical value as to cause it to be in demand for First Aid and other purposes; also for its recipes in respect of Sick Room requisites. *Elliman's added to the Bath is beneficial.*

*Animals*

Ailments may in many instances be relieved or cured by following the instructions (illustrated) given in the Elliman E. F. A. Booklet 64 pages, found enclosed in the wrappers of all bottles of ELLIMAN'S price 1/-, 2/- & 3/6.

Elliman, Sons & Co., Slough, England.

ROYAL for ANIMALS *See the Elliman E.F.A. Booklet*
UNIVERSAL for HUMAN USE *See the Elliman R.E.P. Booklet*
*found enclosed with bottles of* ELLIMAN'S
THE *NAME* IS ELLIMAN

# DUSART'S SYRUP

ROBUST YOUTH LEADS TO VIGOROUS MUSCULAR MANHOOD

**DUSART'S Syrup of Lactophosphate of Lime is Nature's Tonic Restorative** for Rickety, Scrofulous Children, sufferers from general and Nervous Debility, Poor Blood, Pale Complexions, Flabby Muscles and Excesses. It helps children teething, furnishes the bone-forming material during the growing period, developes contracted narrow chests, weak lungs, feeble constitutions and crooked legs.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS!!!

*DUSART, 8, rue Vivienne, Paris.*

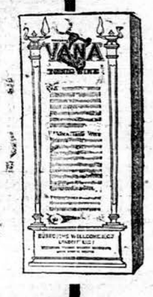
## Resist Malaria

# 'VANA' TONIC WINE

(TRADE MARK)

'Vana' Tonic Wine is a pure, wholesome, yet powerful vitalising tonic. It enriches the blood, increases and maintains the strength and vitality, thus fortifying the system against malaria.

As an invigorator for overworked bodies and brains and exhausted nerves it is ideal; its action is swift and its effect permanent.



*Of all Chemists*

BURROUGHS WELLCOME & CO.
LONDON (ENG.)
NEW YORK MONTREAL SYDNEY CAPE TOWN MILAN SHANGHAI

XX 135

# PIANOS

We hold the finest Selection in India, by Bechstein, Erard, Knake, Collard, Brinsmead, Allison and other first class makers, and sell on special terms for cash or monthly payments.

FORT, BOMBAY,

**S. ROSE & CO.**

**ALL STOREKEEPERS SHOULD STOCK**

# ROWAT'S MANUFACTURES.

**SPLENDID VALUE.** **LOW PRICES.**

**PICKLES**
**WORCESTER SAUCES**
— AND —
**VINEGARS**

LARGEST MANUFACTURERS. SOLD EVERYWHERE.

Lowest C.I.F. Prices by applying to—

**ROWAT & CO., GLASGOW.**

**WARRANTED TEN YEAR**

We despatch direct from our Coventry factory to you, on ten days' approval, our highest grade **Mead Coventry Flyers** at less than lowest manufacturers' prices. Absolutely British-made throughout, and guaranteed longer than any other cycle.

LATEST MODELS **£3 .10 to £9**

Coaster Hubs, Variable Gears, Best Makes of Tyres, Cradle Inverted Rim Brakes and all latest improvements.

***Packed and Delivered Free*** to any port in the World. We guarantee safe delivery.

ACTIVE AGENTS wanted in each district. Large profits and sufficient pleasure for free Art Catalogue and our Special Offer on Sample machine.

MEAD CYCLE CO., DEPT 329 LIVERPOOL.


Digitized by Arya Samaj Foundation Chennai and eGangotri
Government of Maharashtra
on 29 June, 2017

The clean, wholesome smell of

# WRIGHT'S COAL TAR SOAP

is, in itself, a recommendation and the freshness felt after using is really Exhilarating.

Good for Prickly Heat and wards off Insect Bites.

6d. per Tablet.

To be obtained from:—
KATRAK & Co.,
KATRAK'S BUILDINGS, KARACHI.

## J. C. VICKERY,

Their Majesties' Jeweller, Silversmith, Dressing Case & Leather Goods Manufacturer
179-181-183, REGENT STREET, :: :: LONDON, W.

GREAT NOVELTY.

EXPANDING FINGER RING WATCHES.

VICKERY'S Finger Ring Watches can be worn outside the glove, or in the ordinary way.

| | |
|---|---|
| Gold, Enamel and Diamonds | £21 0 0 |
| Ditto, Brilliants | 32 10 0 |
| Gold, Enamel and Pearls | 17 12 6 |
| All Gold | 15 15 0 |

The Largest Stock — of — Novelties in Europe.

Illustrations and prices for any requirement sent by return mail in JEWELLERY, GOLD and SILVER NOVELTIES, LEATHER GOODS of every kind, FITTED DRESSING CASES and BAGS, SILVER and ELECTRO PLATE, WATCHES, CLOCKS, &c., &c.

5 PER CENT. DISCOUNT CASH WITH ORDER.

LOVELY CABOCHON RINGS.

VICKERY'S Cabochon AMETHYST, BLUE CHALCEDONY, Chrysoprase or Green Jade and 18-ct. Gold Rings ..... Only £2 15 0.

## DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA

The Universal Remedy for Acidity of the Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Sour Eructations, Bilious Affections.

The Physician's Cure for Gout, Rheumatic Gout and Gravel.

Safest and most Effective Aperient for Regular Use.

DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA — MAGNESIA

## DR. DE JONGH'S

KNIGHT OF THE ORDER OF LEOPOLD OF BELGIUM
KNIGHT OF THE LEGION OF HONOUR

LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL

THE PUREST. THE MOST PALATABLE. THE MOST DIGESTIBLE. THE MOST EFFICACIOUS.

Incontestably proved by Forty Years' Medical Experience to be *The only Cod Liver Oil which produces the full curative effects in*

CONSUMPTION AND DISEASES OF THE CHEST, THROAT AFFECTIONS, GENERAL DEBILITY, DISEASES OF THE SKIN, WASTING DISEASES OF CHILDREN, RICKETS, AND ALL SCROFULOUS DISORDERS.

SELECT MEDICAL OPINIONS.

SIR G. DUNCAN GIBB, Bart., M.D.,
*Physician to the Westminster Hospital.*

"The Value of DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL as a therapeutic agent in a number of diseases, chiefly of an exhaustive character, has been admitted by the world of medicine; but, in addition, I have found it a remedy of great power in the treatment of many Affections of the Throat and Larynx, especially in Consumption of the latter, where it will sustain life when everything else fails."

DR. SINCLAIR COGHILL,
*Physician to the Royal National Hospital for Consumption, Ventnor.*

"I have convinced myself that in Tubercular and the various forms of Strumous Disease, Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL possesses greater therapeutic efficacy than any other Cod Liver Oil with which I am acquainted. It was especially noted in a large number of cases in which the patients protested they had never been able to retain or digest other Cod Liver Oil, that DR. DE JONGH'S OIL was not only tolerated, but taken readily, and with marked benefit."

JOSEPH J. POPE Esq., M.R.C.S.,
*Late Staff Surgeon, Army, Professor of Hygiene, Birkbeck Institution, London.*

"I found during my Indian experience that the worth and character of DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL remained unchanged by tropical heat or foreign climate, and it was, from its uniformity of character, particularly adapted for long-continued administration. The value of 'hydro-carbons' in all debilitated states of the system is now becoming thoroughly recognized; and it is, without doubt, from the animal oils, and fats, rather than from their vegetable substitutes, that we may hope to derive the surest benefit. The Oil of DR. DE JONGH places in everyone's reach a reliable and valuable remedy, one that cannot be too widely recognized."

DR. R. C. CROFT,
*Author of "Handbook for the Nursery."*

"DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL is almost a specific in many of the Diseases peculiar to Infancy and Childhood, and I have seen marked benefit produced by its use. Patients prefer it to the Pale Oils, and are able to retain it more comfortably."

DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL is Supplied ONLY in IMPERIAL Half-Pints, Pints and Quarts, sealed with Better Patent Capsule impressed on the top with DR. DE JONGH'S Stamp, and on the side with his Signature, and the Signature of ANSAR, HARFORD & Co.; and bearing under the wrapper a Label with the same Stamp and Signatures.

WITHOUT THESE MARKS NONE CAN POSSIBLY BE GENUINE.

Sold by all respectable Chemists, Druggists, and Storekeepers throughout the World.

SOLE CONSIGNEES:
ANSAR, HARFORD & CO., Ltd., 182, GRAY'S INN RD., LONDON.

## PLAGUE PREVENTION

DISINFECT WITH SULPHUR DI-OXIDE GAS

CLAYTON SYSTEM

MACHINES SUPPLIED TO THE INDIAN GOVERNMENT
CROWN AGENTS FOR THE COLONIES, ETC., ETC.

THE CLAYTON DISINFECTING CO., 22 CRAVEN ST., LONDON, W.C.

## LALKALA

Is by far The most effective Remedy for

ASTHMA HAYFEVER & CROUP.

GIVES IMMEDIATE RELIEF!
INDUCES REFRESHING SLEEP!
IS QUITE HARMLESS!
Recommended by the Medical Profession.
Sold in Cigarettes or Papers. Price, Re. 1-2-0 per box net.
Obtainable from:—KEMP & Co., Chemists, BOMBAY.
Sole Proprietors and Manufacturers—
LUNDY, WILSON & Co., 110, CANNON STREET, LONDON, E.C.

A FACT WORTH NOTING.

## PAGE & SANDEMAN'S

Celebrated

# INVALID'S PORT

Gold Capsule, is

SECOND TO NONE.

Insist on having it.

BEWARE OF IMITATION

PAGE & SANDEMAN, LONDON, ENGLAND.

## HORLICK'S

MALTED MILK (In Powder form.)
The Ideal Food for all ages.

Your Doctor has a high opinion of HORLICK'S. Ask him.

Take HORLICK'S from birth and live to a vigorous old age.

SUSTAINS—NOURISHES—BUILDS UP.

HORLICK'S feeds and sustains during fevers, and Medical experience ascribes a very large increase in the percentage of recoveries from Enteric and other fevers to the marvellous power of HORLICK'S in giving the necessary strength and stamina to enable the patient to recuperate and build up the strength so necessary to recovery.

NO COOKING—ADD WATER ONLY—READY IN AN INSTANT.
*Sold in three sizes by all Stores, Bazaars, &c.*
KEEPS IN ANY CLIMATE—ALWAYS SWEET AND PURE.
UNTOUCHED BY HAND.
HORLICK'S MALTED MILK CO., SLOUGH, BUCKS, ENGLAND.

## ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT'

A HOUSEHOLD REMEDY FOR

All Functional Derangements of the Liver, Temporary Congestion arising from Alcoholic Beverages, Errors in Diet, (Eating or Drinking,) Biliousness, Sick Headache, Giddiness, Oppression or Feeling of Melancholy, Vomiting, Heartburn, Sourness of the Stomach, or Constipation. It is a Refreshing and Invigorating Beverage, most Invaluable to Travellers, Emigrants, Sailors, and Residents in Tropical Climates.

ENO'S "FRUIT SALT" assists the Functions of the Liver, Bowels, Skin, and Kidneys by Natural Means; thus the blood is freed from poisonous or other hurtful matters, the foundation and great danger of Chills, Fever, Worry, Blood Poisons, &c. There is no doubt that where it has been taken in the earliest stages of a disease, it has, in innumerable instances, prevented a serious illness.

CAUTION.—*Examine the Capsule and see that it is marked ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT', otherwise you have the sincerest form of flattery—IMITATION.*

Prepared only by J. C. ENO, Ltd., 'FRUIT SALT' WORKS, London, S.E., Eng., by J. C. ENO'S Patent.

Sold by Chemists and Stores everywhere.

## YOUNGS,

RYLAND STREET WORKS.
BIRMINGHAM, ENGLAND.
MANUFACTURERS OF

HYDRAULIC LIFTING JACKS

Ship, Bridge, Traversing Locomotive, Pulling, Carriages Lifter and other Types, Pulley Block,

WRITE FOR CATALOGUE NO 72

DR. DE ROOS' MEDICINES HAVE AN UNRIVALLED REPUTATION OF OVER FIFTY YEARS.

## DR. DE ROOS'

WORLD-FAMED

# GUTTÆ VITÆ

Or, LIFE DROPS.

*The Great European Remedy for Nervous and Functional Exhaustion.*

This extraordinary rejuvenating essence strengthens the vitality of the whole system, gives energy to the muscles, and speedily restores the impaired powers of life, imparting strength and manly vigour to the most debilitated and worn out constitution. Those who suffer from Premature Decay, or deficiency or the Vital Forces, owing to dissipation, worry, overwork, excesses, or any other cause, will find this medicine just what they require. Equally adapted for the studious and sedentary; the aged and infirm; the nervous and debilitated; as also for delicate females and weakly children. All sufferers from loss of appetite, nervous headache, lassitude, and despondency—too often accompanied with suicidal thoughts—should make immediate and fair unprejudiced trial of this wonderful medicine, which is daily effecting the most remarkable cures in patients who had been given up by the Faculty as incurable, and left to drag out the remainder of their existence a misery to themselves, and a continual anxiety to their friends. In all cases of nervous and functional debility, epilepsy, impurity and poorness of the blood, aversion to and incapacity for society, study, or business, giddiness, disturbed sleep, harassing dreams, loss of memory, and other symptoms, the result of self-acquired ailments that embitter and shorten life, it is truly unrivalled. To married persons especially, this preparation will prove invaluable, giving strength and vigour in place of lassitude and incompetency. Price 11s. or four times that quantity, 33s. per Bottle.

Dr. DE ROOS' COMPOUND RENAL PILLS for pains in the Back, Gravel, Lumbago, Gout, Rheumatism, Diabetes, and all Kidney Affections; weakness of the loins, Sandy or other Deposits, Discharges and Diseases of the Urinary Organs generally. Price 2s. 9d.

Dr. DE ROOS' VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS, for Indigestion, Biliousness, and all disorders of the Liver, Stomach, and Bowels; whilst as a universal family medicine for both sexes, and all ages, they are unequalled. 1½d. and 2s. 9d. per Box.

Dr. DE ROOS' PILE AND FISTULA PILLS, the only reliable remedy for these annoying and painful ailments. The first dose gives relief, and in all ordinary cases a few days only are necessary to effect a cure. Price 2s. 9d. per Box.

Purchasers are particularly requested to see that every package of Dr. DE ROOS' Medicines bears the British Government Stamp, with the words, "WALTER DE ROOS, LONDON," impressed thereon in white letters on a red ground, and refuse worthless imitations frequently put forward by unscrupulous vendors for the sake of extra profit.

DEBILITATED and NERVOUS SUFFERERS should read the "Medical Adviser," by Dr. DE ROOS, on the secret causes of nervous debility, impotency, depression of spirits, and confirmed melancholy. Price 1s., post free from Mr. LAWES, Medical Publisher, 3 Hand Court, Holborn, London, W.C., or obtainable of the Agents for Dr. DE ROOS' Medicines.

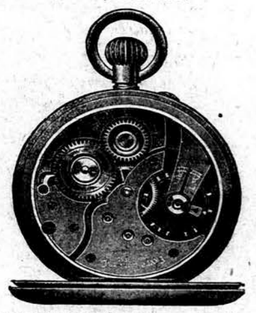
NEW PATTERN NICKEL LEVER WATCH.

# The Sandow Lever

BEST VALUE IN INDIA.

Rs. 10.

Only Manufactured and Sold by
FAVRE LEUBA & CO.,
Watch and Clock Specialists.
31, Hornby Road, BOMBAY.



This Watch has been specially designed for rough wear. It keeps good time, and will run on well for years.
Nickel Silver case.

Rs. 10.

Illustrations of dial and movement are shewn exact size. Supplied in Box with spare glass and spring and guaranteed for 12 months.

## ROWLAND'S KALYDOR FOR THE SKIN

COOLING, REFRESHING, SOOTHING

To the FACE and ARMS in hot weather; prevents Freckles, Tan, Sunburn, Redness, Roughness; heals insect bites, Irritation, etc., and produces SOFT, FAIR, DELICATE SKIN. Warranted Harmless; its genuineness ensured by the official stamp. Bottles, 2s. 3d. & 4s. 6d., of Stores, Chemists and

ROWLAND'S, 67, HATTON GARDEN, LONDON.

INVALUABLE For the COMPLEXION In HOT CLIMATES

BEETHAM'S LAIT Reg'd Larola

Is Unequalled for THE SKIN & COMPLEXION

It removes all SUNBURN, TAN, HEAT, and IRRITATION. Keeps the SKIN SMOOTH and WHITE. Prevents the attack of Mosquitoes.

It removes all REDNESS, ROUGHNESS, and CHAPS. Keeps the SKIN SOFT as VELVET. Cool and Refreshing at all seasons of the year.

M. BEETHAM & SON, CHELTENHAM, ENGLAND.

## Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE.

Acts like a Charm in DIARRHŒA and is the only Specific in CHOLERA and DYSENTERY.

Checks and arrests those too often fatal diseases—FEVER, CROUP, AGUE.

The best Remedy known for COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS. Effectually cuts short all attacks of SPASMS. It is the only palliative in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, TOOTHACHE.

Chlorodyne is a liquid taken in drops, graduated according to the malady. It invariably relieves pain of whatever kind; creates a calm refreshing sleep; allays irritation of the nervous system when all other remedies fail; leaves no bad effects; and can be taken when no other medicine can be tolerated.

INSIST ON HAVING Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.

The immense success of this Remedy has given rise to many imitations.

N.B.—Every bottle of genuine Chlorodyne bears on the stamp the name of the inventor, Dr. J. Collis Browne.

CONVINCING MEDICAL TESTIMONY WITH EACH BOTTLE.

Sold by all Chemists.

Prices in England: 1/1½, 2/9, 4/6.

Sole Manufacturers: J. T. DAVENPORT, Ltd., LONDON, S.E.

"CAUTION—The name of "PHOSPHODYNE is protected "under the Trade Marks Protection Act for the whole of India and "proceedings will be taken against the vendors of any colorable or other "imitation thereof.

*The only Medicine of the kind awarded a Certificate at the Calcutta Exhibition, 1883-4, open to all.*

REGISTERED. DR. LALOR'S TRADE MARK.

# PHOSPHODYNE

HAS THE LARGEST SALE OF ANY PHOSPHORIC MEDICINE IN THE WORLD.

For forty years has maintained its world-wide reputation as the Best and only safe reliable Phosphoric Cure for ALL WRECKAGE, PARALYSIS, SLEEPLESSNESS, Dyspepsia, Nerve, Kidney, and Liver Complaints, Harassing Dreams, Premature Decay of Vital Power, General Debility, all Blood Disorders, and all Functional and Diseased Conditions of the System, caused by the deficiency of the Vital Forces.

The effect of this Standard Phosphoric Remedy in Nervous Debility and its kindred Evils is immediate and permanent, all the Miserable Feelings and Distressing Symptoms disappearing with a rapidity that is really marvellous.

Directions for Self-Treatment of the above Diseases with each Bottle.

Its energising effects are shewn from the first day of its administration by a Remarkable Increase of Nerve and Intellectual Power, with a feeling of Courage, Strength, and Comfort. Digestion is Invigorated. The Appetite Increases wonderfully, Sleep becomes calm and refreshing. The Face becomes fuller, the Lips red, the Eyes brighter, and Skin clear and healthy.

Beware of vile imitations!—None genuine without the British Government Stamp with "Dr. Lalor's Phosphodyne, London, England," engraved thereon, by order of Her Majesty's Honourable Commissioners.

Thousands of unimpeachable testimonials from all parts of the World, and from the highest Medical Authorities. No other Phosphoric Preparation has received such distinguished recognition.

HEALTH, STRENGTH & ENERGY.

Sold in Bottles at 4s. 6d. and 11s. each, by all Chemists throughout the World.

MANUFACTURED ONLY AT DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE LABORATORY, HAMPSTEAD, LONDON, ENGLAND.

## CHAPOTEAUT'S MORRHUOL

MORRHUOL

Is superior to Emulsions or Oil, it cures Incipient Consumption, Coughs, Bronchitis and Scrofula.

Each tiny Morrhuol capsule is extracted from a teaspoonful of cod liver oil.

Recommended at the Paris Academy of Medicine, for loss of appetite and flesh, to patients with consumptive tendencies.

Sold everywhere in bottles of 100 Capsules.

PARIS, 8, rue Vivienne.—Sold by all Chemists

Don't Turn Up Your Nose Aside.
IT IS
KESHRANJAN!

-The world's Best Hair Grower and Restorer.

This is the greatest Indian Hair-Food, decidedly superior to all other Foreign Brands.

Most persistent flavour, immensely Cooling medicinal properties. Your Hair will grow abundantly if you use KESHRANJAN daily.

Re. 1 per Bottle.

Post free Rs. 1-5

OUR LIVER MIXTURE.

A good Liver makes life enjoyable while a bad Liver is the source of endless misery. When you have such symptoms—viz.—bad taste in the mouth, irregularity of the bowels, heart-burn, costive ness or looseness, indigestion, pains in the head and burning of the palm of hands and feet, Mind, Your Liver is out of order. Our JAKRIDARI KASHAYA is the best and surest remedy for all such complaints.

Price per phial... ... ... Re. 1
Packing and postage ... ... As. 7

OUR SONITA SODHAK (The great Indian remedy) cures Black and White Leprosy, cures swelling of nose, ears and tips of fingers, loss of sensation & heaviness of the body, black spots over the skin, &c.

Price for a fortnight ... ... Rs. 4
Packing and Postage ... ... As. 11

Kaviraj Nagendra Nath Sen's,
GOVT. MEDICAL DIPLOMA-HOLDER,
M. C. S. (Paris), S. C. I. (London), M. S. A. S., London, Chemical Society (U.S.A.), &c., &c.
Nos. 18-1 & 19, Lower Chitpur Road, Calcutta.
Our Agent at Bombay—
V. VALABHDAS & Co.,
Commission Agents,
Paydhoni, Bombay.

The "British Medical Journal" says—"Benger's Food has, *by its excellence*, established a reputation of its own."

## BENGER'S

Benger's Food is soothing and satisfying. It contains all the elements of a natural food in a condition suitable for immediate absorption.

When milk alone is heavy and unsatisfying, Benger's Food, *made with milk*, is appetising and nutritive.

Benger's Food should be used
*For INFANTS, INVALIDS, AND THE AGED,*
for healthy development in infancy, for rebuilding strength in weakened systems, and for the preservation of old age in usefulness and vigour.

Readers can obtain a 48-page booklet, "Benger's Food and How to Use it," which contains a "Concise Guide to the Rearing of Infants," and practical information on the care of Invalids, etc., on application to Benger's Food Ltd. Otter Works, Manchester, England.

*Benger's Food is sold in tins by Druggists, etc., everywhere.*

## MARTIN'S APIOL & STEEL PILLS for Ladies.

A French Remedy for all Irregularities.

Sufferers or Ladies always keep a box of Martin's Pills in case (should I fail on the first days of any) irregularities of the System a speedy cure may be administered. Those who find them recommend them to their acquaintance. 1-2-3 Wks Cures, and should not be used during pregnancy. MARVIN, Pharm. Chemist, 43 NEW ST., BIRMINGHAM.

WE ARE MANUFACTURERS OF MEN'S AND BOYS'

## TAN AND BLACK BOOTS AND SHOES

SPECIALLY MADE FOR THE

INDIAN, BURMESE & CEYLON MARKETS.

THE TRADE ONLY SUPPLIED.

WEARERS SHOULD ASK FOR OUR MAKE.

SUPERIOR TO ALL.

PLEASE WRITE FOR PRICE LIST AND TERMS.

HINDE & MANN
WHOLESALE MANUFACTURERS
OLNEY (Nr NORTHAMPTON) ENGLAND.

Printed and Published for the Proprietors. "The Bombay Gazette, Limited, by N. D'MELLO, at the Bombay Gazette Electric Printing Works, No. 2 Green Street, Fort, Bombay.
Sole Advertisements Agents in the United Kingdom Messrs. WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co. 65, Fleetwood Street, London, E.C.